Attachment B – Summary of MUSIC Input Parameters 10



Element	Factor	Input	Source
Setup	Climate File	Climate file (mlh file) from Nowra RAN from 26/11/1992 -	ВОМ
	Node Type	The existing site will be a mixture of agricultual and forested nodes, depending on location across the site. Proposed will be a mixture of roof, road and residential nodes plus forest for undeveloped forest areas.	As per WBM (2010) and development layout
	Roof Area	As per proposed site coverage (ranges from 40% - 60%)	As per development layout
Source Nodes Bioretention Basin	Road Area	Area per lot layout. Area to be summed for each subcatchment.	As per development layout
	Residential	Remaining lot area (catchment area less road and roof area). Given driveways are not considered 'effective impervious areas' and laybacks are, residential nodes are generally 99% pervious	Assumed based on 'typical' lot layouts
	Rainfall Threshold	Based on land use type or surface type as specified in Table 3.6 of WBM (2010)	WBM (2010) guidelines
	Pervious Area Parameters		Soil properties based on WBM (2010) Table 3-7 and 3-8 and site geotechnical testing by Martens (2010) of 24 boreholes.
	EMC's	As per WBM (2010) for Urban and Forest landuse	WBM (2010) guidelines
	Estimation Method	Stochastically generated	WBM (2010) guidelines
	Low Flow By-Pass	0 m ³ /s	WBM (2010) guidelines
	High Flow Bypass	100 m ³ /s	Online so no bypass (excluding Catchment C15a basin = 50% 1yr ARI)
	Extended Detention depth	Typically 0.5m	By design
	Surface area	Surface area at half the detention depth	WBM (2010) guidelines
	Filter area	By design.	Design of proposed basin
	Unlined filter media	Equal to square root of surface area (actual) multiplied by 4	WBM (2010) guidelines
	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity	90 mm/hr	MUSIC model help guidelines (ewater) recommend a hydraulic conductibity of 180 mm/hr be used for sands. 50% of this value has been used in modelling as a conservative estimate of realistic long-term hydraulic conductivity of system (ewater).
	Fiter Depth	0.4 - 0.6m	Design of proposed basin
Bioretention Basin	TN content of filter media	IS()() mg/kg	Based on previous discussions with T. Weber (WBM) for other sites (Riverside development September 7, 2012).
	Orthophosphate content of filter media	40 mg/kg	Based on previous discussions with T. Weber (WBM) for other sites (Riverside development September 7, 2012) and product data sheet from RiverSands P/L for typical sand filter media (attached)
	Exfiltration rate	3.6 mm/hr	Based on medium clay subsoils
	Is based lined?	No	Basins shall not be lined
	Vegetation Properties	With effective nutrient removal plants	Landscaping of basins will include deep rooted vegetation.
	Oveflow weir width	varies	Basin design
	Underdrain present	Yes	Basin design
	Submerged zone with carbon	Yes; 0.0 - 0.2m	Basin design
	present		
	Low Flow By-Pass High Flow Bypass	0 m ³ /s 100 m ³ /s	WBM (2010) guidelines No Bypass
	Extended Detention depth	0.25m	By design
	Surface area	Surface area at half the detention depth	WBM (2010) guidelines
	Filter area	By design.	Design of proposed basin
	Unlined filter media		WBM (2010) guidelines
	The state of the s	The state of the s	
	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity	90 mm/hr	MUSIC model help guidelines (ewater) recommend a hydraulic conductibity of 180 mm/hr be used for sands. 50% of this value has been used in modelling as a conservative estimate of realistic long-term hydraulic conductivity of system (ewater).
	Fiter Depth	0.6m	Design of proposed basin

Fine Part of P	Piorotantian Complex			<u></u>	
March Control		TN content of filter media	500 mg/kg		
			40 mg/kg	development September 7, 2012) and product data sheet from RiverSands P/L for typical	
Page Alter Program Page		Exfiltration rate	3.6 mm/hr	Based on medium clay subsoils	
Combinement		Is based lined?	No	Swales shall not be lined	
		Vegetation Properties	With effective nutrient removal plants	Landscaping of basins will include deep rooted vegetation.	
Althorised for eith active Process Proce		Oveflow weir width	varies	Basin design	
		Underdrain present	Yes	Basin design	
Non-Fiber Person			Yes; 0.2m	Basin design	
Part			0 m ³ /s	WBM (2010) guidelines	
heteriors (south of the content of the content of depth of the content of the con		High Flow Bypass	100 m ³ /s	Online so no bypass (excluding Catchment C15a basin = 50% 1yr ARI)	
Part		Inlet Pond Volume	Varies	By design	
Permanent host volume vanes Design of proported wetsands Edit ration rate S. 6 mm/hr Sead on medium clay subsists		Surface area	Surface area at half the detention depth	WBM (2010) guidelines	
Part		Extended Detention depth	0.4 - 0.5m	Design of proposed wetlands	
Equivalent Pipe Diameter Varies Adjusted to acitieve detendion time of 40 - 48 ins		Permanent Pool Volume	Varies	Design of proposed wetlands	
Weir width Varies Design of proposed wetlands		Exfiltration rate	3.6 mm/hr	Based on medium clay subsoils	
Heuse Where used based on EML/hal/yr Typical impation rate for golf course grade landscaping Jow Flow 8p Pars		Equivalent Pipe Diameter	Varies	Adjusted to achieve detention time of 40 - 48 hrs	
Cow Flow By-Pass O m3/s W6M (2010) guidelines		Weir width	Varies	Design of proposed wetlands	
High Flow Bypass Varies - Q. (Smonth) As per manufactures specification (Rocia) and catchment area Fig. (mg/L) Imput 1075 Ouput 376.7 No (mg/L) Imput 10 Ouput 74.7 No (mg/L) Imput 100 Ouput 74.7 No (mg/L) Imput 100 Ouput 74.7 No (mg/L) Imput 100 Ouput 75.7 No (mg/L) Imput 100 Ouput 75.7 No (mg/L) Imput 1000 Ouput 75.7 No (mg/L) Imput 1000 Ouput 75.7 Ouput 75.		Reuse	Where used based on 6ML/ha/yr	Typical irrigation rate for golf course grade landscaping	
TSC (mg/L) Dopt 1975 As per manufactures specification (Rocia)		Low Flow By-Pass	0 m3/s	WBM (2010) guidelines	
State County Stat		High Flow Bypass		As per manufactures specification (Rocla) and catchment area	
To Implication To Implic			Ouput 376.7	As per manufactures specification (Rocla)	
Profession Pro		IN (mg/L)	Ouput 50	As per manufactures specification (Rocla)	
Company Comp	GPT (CDS GPT)	TP (mg/L)	Ouput 7	As per manufactures specification (Rocla)	
High Flow Bypass Varies As per manufactures specification (SPEL) 90% of daily maxima inflow As per manufactures specification (SPEL) TSS (mg/L) Imput 5 Ouput 35 As per manufactures specification (SPEL) TP (mg/L) Imput 5 Ouput 3.5 As per manufactures specification (SPEL) P(mg/L) Imput 5 Ouput 3.5 As per manufactures specification (SPEL) As per manufactures specification (SPEL) As per manufactures specification (SPEL) Ouput 3.5 As per manufactures specification (SPEL) Ouput 3.5 As per manufactures specification (SPEL) Ouput 0 As per manufactures specification (SPEL) WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines Development design. As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines Tank volume is assumed Depth above overflow Outure of sex per wBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines Strace area Umulative surface area WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines.		[(¬P (kg/ \/)		As per manufactures specification (Rocla)	
TSS (mg/L) Input 1000 Ouput 30 As per manufactures specification (SPEL)		Low Flow By-Pass	0 m3/s	WBM (2010) guidelines	
Signature Sign		High Flow Bypass	Varies	As per manufactures specification (SPEL) 90% of daily maxima inflow	
TN (mg/L) Input 5 Ouput 35 TP (mg/L) Input 5 Ouput 3.5 GP (kg/ML) Input 15 Ouput 0 Ouput 3 Ouput 3.5 FP (mg/L) Input 15 Ouput 0 Ouput		155 (mg/L)		As per manufactures specification (SPEL)	
P (mg/L)		TN (mg/L)		As per manufactures specification (SPEL)	
Rainwater Tank Rain		IIP (mg/I)		As per manufactures specification (SPEL)	
Low Flow By-Pass 0 m3/s WBM (2010) guidelines High Flow Bypass Per diverling (for free standing houses, townhouses, retirement and tourist accomodation). 100mm/hr for unit blocks by assumed roof perimeter Volume below overflow Based on 3KL/dwelling or 3KL/tenement. A volume of 80% of total tank volume is assumed Depth above overflow 0.2m By design Surface area Cumulative surface area By design Overflow pipe diameter 100mm WBM (2010) guidelines Reuse 274L/day/ET Shoalhaven Water % upstream area buffered 100 WBM (2010) guidelines Buffer Area (%) 50 WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines. A maximum of 50% can be entered. Buffer area is greater than upstream impervious area		[(¬P (KØ/IVII)		As per manufactures specification (SPEL)	
High Flow Bypass retirement and tourist accomodation). 100mm/hr for unit blocks by assumed roof perimeter Volume below overflow Depth above overflow Depth above overflow Surface area Cumulative surface area Buffer Powerflow pipe diameter Down Down Down Down Down Down Down Down				WBM (2010) guidelines	
Rainwater Tank Depth above overflow Depth above overflow Depth above overflow Surface area Cumulative surface area Development design. As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines By design WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines Shoalhaven Water WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines Buffer Area (%) So As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines. A maximum of 50% can be entered. Buffer area is greater than upstream impervious area		High Flow Bypass	retirement and tourist accomodation). 100mm/hr for unit blocks by assumed roof perimeter	WBM (2010) guidelines	
Rainwater Tank Surface area Cumulative surface area By design WBM (2010) guidelines Reuse 274L/day/ET Shoalhaven Water % upstream area buffered 100 WBM (2010) guidelines WBM (2010) guidelines As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines. A maximum of 50% can be entered. Buffer Area (%) Surface area Cumulative surface area By design WBM (2010) guidelines As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines. A maximum of 50% can be entered. Buffer area is greater than upstream impervious area		Volume below overtiow		Development design. As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines	
Overflow pipe diameter 100mm WBM (2010) guidelines Reuse 274L/day/ET Shoalhaven Water **Supstream area buffered 100 WBM (2010) guidelines Buffer Area (%) 50 As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines. A maximum of 50% can be entered. Buffer area is greater than upstream impervious area	Rainwater Tank	-			
Buffer Area (%) 8 upstream area buffered 100 WBM (2010) guidelines As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines. A maximum of 50% can be entered. Buffer area is greater than upstream impervious area					
Buffer Area (%) 8 Buffer Area (%) As per WBM (2010) MUSIC modelling guidelines. A maximum of 50% can be entered. Buffer area is greater than upstream impervious area		Reuse	274L/day/ET	Shoalhaven Water	
Buffer Area (%) Buffer area is greater than upstream impervious area		% upstream area buffered	100	WBM (2010) guidelines	
	Buffer	Buffer Area (%)	50		
		Exfiltration rate	0.1 mm/hr		



ACN 009 919 215 ABN 41 009 919 215

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PRODUCT DATA SHEET

This is a typical analysis of material produced and does not constitute as a Product Certification for material supply.

<u>Product:</u> Bioretention Filter Media Manufactured to:

- The Facility for Advance Water Biofiltration Guidelines
 (Version 3.01, June 2009)
- (Version 3.01 June 2009)
- The Healthy Waterways / Water By Design Specifications (November 2010)

A Blend of Sands, Soils, Loams and Organic Materials

<u>Application:</u> Bioretention Filter Media Basin

Technical Information:

Analysis	FAWB Specification	Result
Organic Matter (%)	>3-10	8.1
Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Ksat) (mm/hr)	100-500	321
Electrical Conductivity (1:5) (dS/m)	<1.2	0.23
pH (1:5) in H2O (pH units)	5.5-7.5	5.8
Total Nitrogen (LECO) (%)	<0.1	<0.05
Phosphate as PO4 (mg/kg)	<80	2.2
Total Phosphorus (%)	≤0.01	0.01
	(need to test for potential leaching if >0.01)	

The below attached Particle Size Distribution (PSD) is a recommended range and is of secondary importance compared with saturated hydraulic conductivity.

Size (mm)	FAWB Indicative PSD	Result
<0.05	<3.0%	2.9%
0.05-0.15	5-30%	6.0%
0.15-0.25	10-30%	21.7%
0.25-1.0	40-60%	68.7%
1.0-2.0	7-10%	0.6%
2.0-3.35	<3.0%	0.0%
>3.35		0.1%

River Sands operates and maintains a Quality Certified system in accordance with AS/NZS ISO 9001:2008 The quality system is third party certified by NCSI – Registration #6898 River Sands operates a NATA accredited laboratory – Registration #10470 Testing results achieved at time of manufacture

07.08.2012:3AHS,8.23348/LWR6409

Better Products, Outstanding Results











 Geebung
 Phone 07 3865 6888
 Fax 07 3865 8777

 Gold Coast
 Phone 07 5596 2399
 Fax 07 5596 2799

 Sydney
 Phone 02 9677 1056
 Fax 02 9677 1352

 Melbourne
 Phone 03 9311 9225
 Fax 03 9311 9445

11 Attachment C - Figures



13 Attachment E – Bioretention Basin and Wetland MUSIC Input Parameters



WETLAND INPUT PARAMETERS

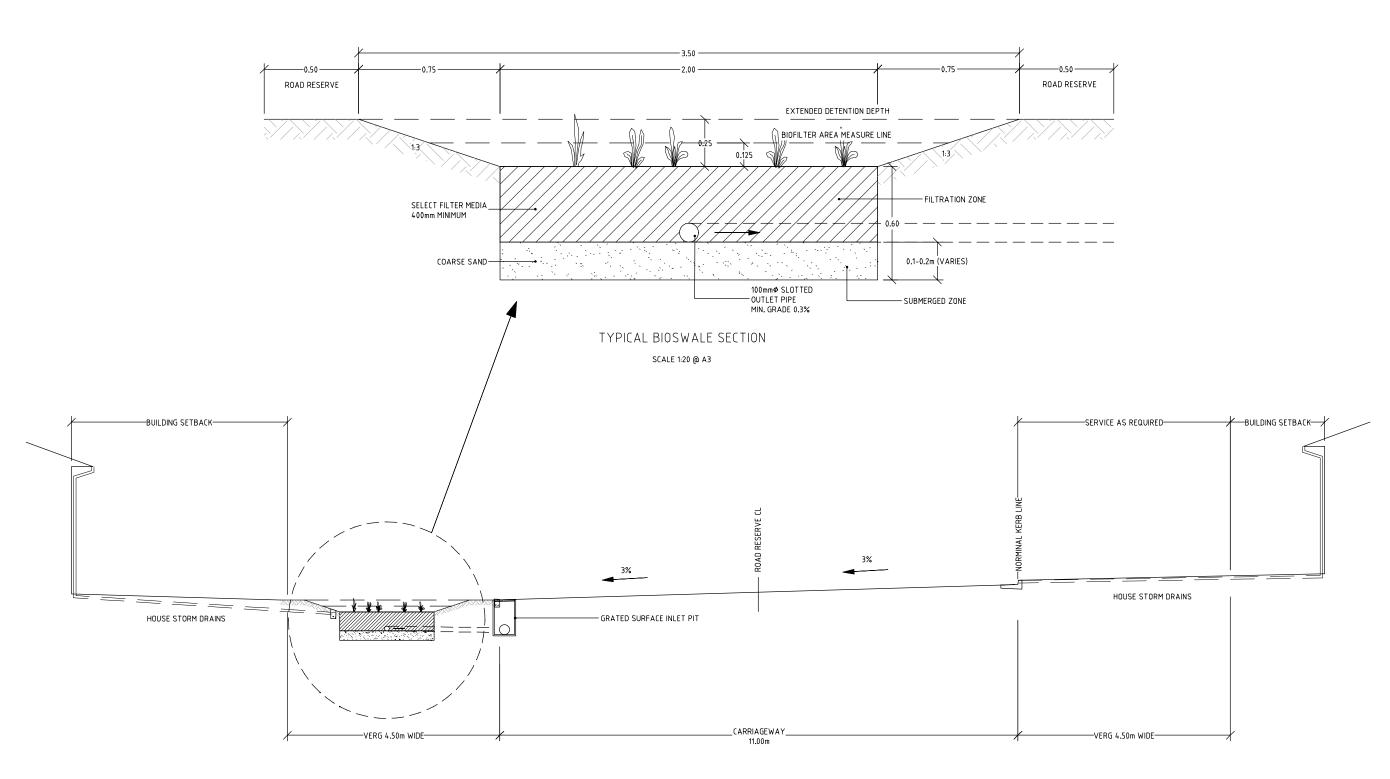
	Wetland 3	Wetland 4	Wetland 5	Units
Stormwater Re-use		27.9		{ML/yr}
Inlet Properties - Low Flow By-pass (cubic metres per sec)	0	0	0	{cubic metres per sec}
Inlet Properties - High Flow By-pass (cubic metres per sec)	100	100	100	{cubic metres per sec}
Inlet Properties - Inlet Pond Volume (cubic metres)	0	25	0	{cubic metres}
Storage Properties - Surface Area (square metres)	9042	1806.1	6066	{square metres}
Storage Properties - Extended Detention Depth (metres)	0.4	0.5	0.4	{metres}
Storage Properties - Permanent Pool Volume (cubic metres)	730	150	500	{cubic metres}
Storage Properties - Exfiltration Rate (mm/hr)	3.6	3.6	3.6	{mm/hr}
Storage Properties - Evaporative Loss as % of PET	125	125	125	
Outlet Properties - Equivalent Pipe Diameter (mm)	130	60	100	{mm}
Outlet Properties - Overflow Weir Width (metres)	650	20	650	{metres}
Outlet Properties - Notional Detention Time (hrs)	40	42	46	{hrs}

BIORETENTION BASIN INPUT PARAMETERS

	B1 BASIN	B7 BASIN	B15A BASIN	B20 BASIN	B5 BASIN	B8 BASINS	Units
Node ID	68	75	102	108	109	111	
Inlet Properties - Low Flow By-pass (cubic metres per sec)	0	0	0	0	0	0	{cubic metres per sec}
Inlet Properties - High Flow By-pass (cubic metres per sec)	100	100	0.4	100	100	100	{cubic metres per sec}
Storage Properties - Extended Detention Depth (metres)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	{metres}
Storage Properties - Surface Area (square metres)	2875	1320	4189	1132.3	1765	7202	{square metres}
Filter and Media Properties - Filter Area (square metres)	2712	1113.5	4066	1049.1	1649	7202	{square metres}
Filter and Media Properties - Unlined Filter Media Perimeter (metres)	215	140	260	135	169	340	{metres}
Filter and Media Properties - Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (mm/hr)	90	90	90	90	90	90	{mm/hr}
Filter and Media Properties - Filter Depth (metres)	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	{metres}
Filter and Media Properties - TN Content of Filter Media (mg/kg)	500	500	500	500	500	500	{mg/kg}
Filter and Media Properties - Orthophosphate Content of Filter Media (mg/kg)	40	40	40	40	40	40	{mg/kg}
Infiltration Properties - Exfiltration Rate (mm/hr)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	{mm/hr}
Lining Properties - Base Lined	No						
Vegetation Properties - Vegetation Properties		Vegeta	ted with Effecti	ve Nutrient Removal Plan	ts		
Outlet Properties - Overflow Weir Width (metres)	65	35	40	30	15	50	{metres}
Outlet Properties - Underdrain Present		•		Yes		•	
Outlet Properties - Submerged Zone With Carbon Present		Yes		1	Υ	⁄es	
Outlet Properties - Submerged Zone Depth (metres)	0.1	0.2	0.2	0	0.2	0.3	{metres}

14 Attachment F - Typical Bioretention Swale, Basin and Wetland Design

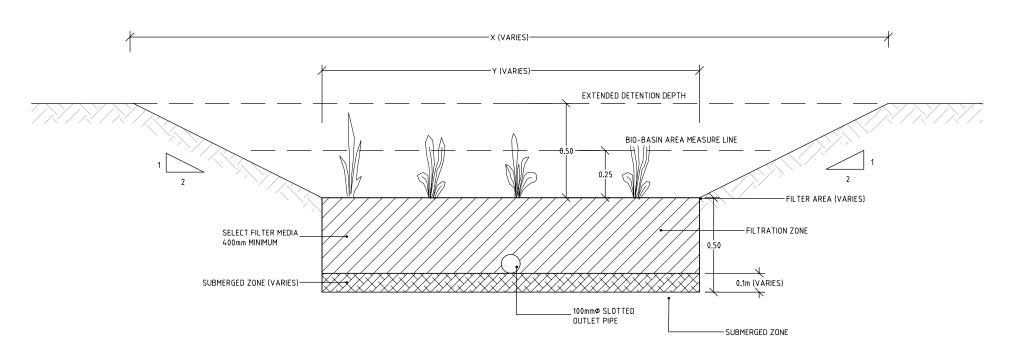




TYPICAL SECTION ROAD 20m WIDE

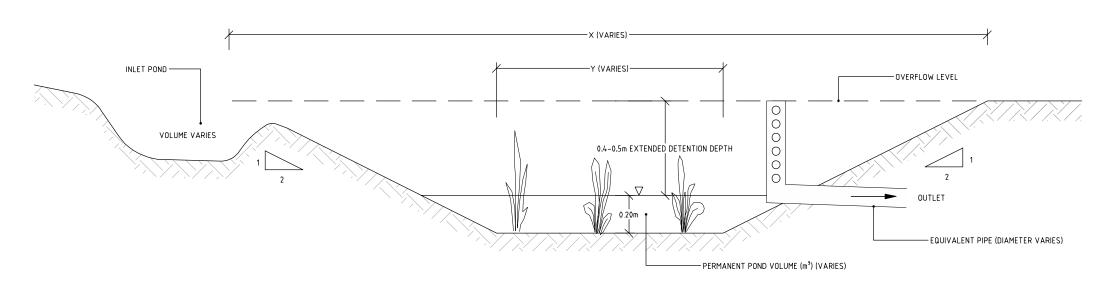
SCALE 1:80 @ A3

0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 UNITS - METRES	Martens & Associates P	Pty Ltd ABN 85 070 240 890	Environment Water Wastewater Geotechnical Civil Management			
	Drawn:	кт		Drawing No./ID:		
	Approved:	AN	TYPICAL BIOSWALE SECTION CULBURRA WEST, NSW	SK001		
	Date:	20/11/12	MIXED USE SUBDIVISION			
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TYPICAL BIOREMEDIATION BASIN SECTION

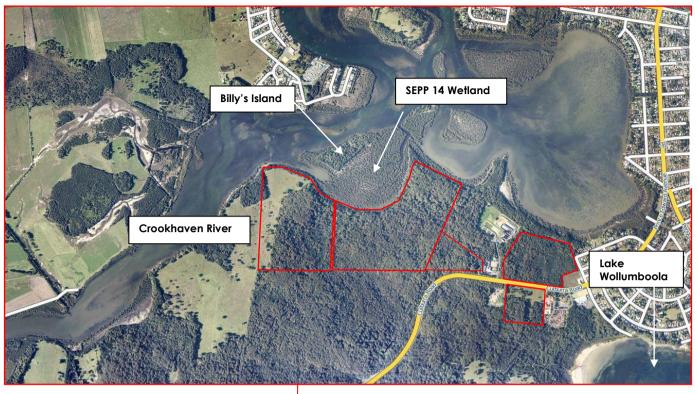
SCALE 1:20 @ A3



TYPICAL WETLAND SECTION

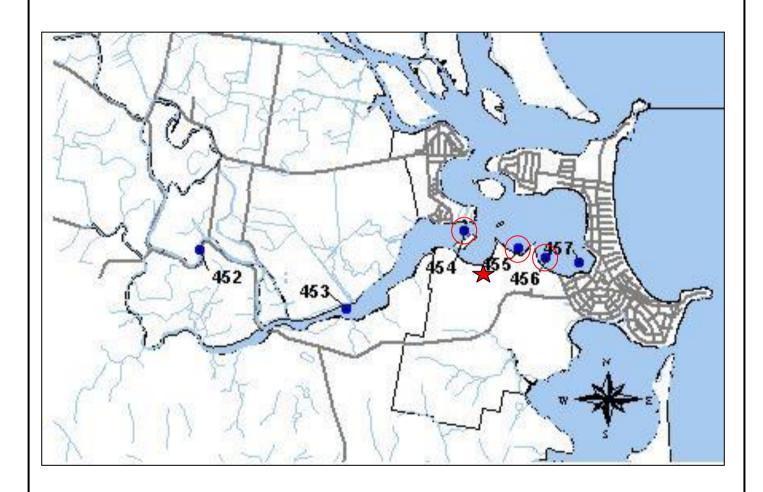
SCALE 1:20 @ A3

	Martens & Associates Pty Ltd ABN 85 070 240 890		Environment Water Wastewater Geotechnical Civil Management		
0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0	Drawn:	КТ	TYPICAL BIOREMEDIATION BASIN SECTION AND	Drawing No./ID:	
UNITS - METRES	Approved:	AN	TYPICAL WETLAND SECTION CULBURRA WEST, NSW	SK002	
	Date:	20/11/12	MIXED USE SUBDIVISION		
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Martens & Associates Pty	Ltd ABN 85 070 240 890	Environment Water Wastewater Geotechnical Civil Management				
Drawn:	MLK					
Approved:	AN	Site Locality and Regional Context	Figure 1			
Date:	21.11.2012					
Scale:	NA		Job No: P1203365			



Martens & Associates Pty	Ltd ABN 85 070 240 890	Environment Water Wastewater Geotechnical Civil Management					
Drawn:	MLK						
Approved:	AN	Crookhaven River: Shoalhaven City Council Monitoring Locations	Figure 2				
Date:	21.12.2012						
Scale:	NA		Job No: P1203365				

12	Attachment D – MUSIC Model Catchment Areas
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SOIL TYPES

Soil Types in top 0.5m - Real Data							Inputs for MUSIC						
Layer 1	Depth	SSC (MUSIC guidelines)	FC (MUSIC Guidelines)	Layer 2	Depth	SSC (MUSIC guidelines)	FC (MUSIC Guidelines)	Weighted average SSC	Weighted average FC	Inf a	Inf b	DRR (%)	DBR (%)
LOAMY SAND	0.3	139	69	CLAY	0.2	93	68	120.6	68.6	270	1.9	64	34

PRE DEVELOPMENT CATCHMENT AREAS

RECEIVING NODE	CATCHMENT ID	TOTAL AREA (HA)	IMPERVIOUS AREA (HA)	%	PERVIOUS AREA (HA)	%	EMC CATEGORY
	C1 AG	10.54	0	0%	10.54	100%	AGRICULTURAL
01	C1 FOREST	4.384	0	0%	4.384	100%	FOREST
	C2 AG	3.38	0	0%	3.38	100%	AGRICULTURAL
	C2 FOREST	16.733	0	0%	16.733	100%	FOREST
02	C3	6.54	0	0%	6.54	100%	FOREST
UZ	C5	11.21	0	0%	11.21	100%	FOREST
	C6	11.52	0	0%	11.52	100%	FOREST
07	C4	8.46	0	0%	8.46	100%	FOREST
	C7	8.88	0	0%	8.88	100%	FOREST
03	C8	10.5	0	0%	10.5	100%	FOREST
03	C14	4	0	0%	4	100%	FOREST
	C15	3.45	0	0%	3.45	100%	FOREST
	C9	4.38	0	0%	4.38	100%	FOREST
	C10	18.283	0	0%	18.283	100%	FOREST
04	C10ag	3.167	0	0%	3.167	100%	AGRICULTURAL
04	C10comm	1.47	0.588	40%	0.882	60%	COMMERCIAL
	C11	1.72	1.72	100%	0	0%	INDUSTRIAL
	C12	1.78	1.78	100%	0	0%	ROAD
05	C13	6.62	0	0%	6.62	100%	FOREST
	TOTAL	137.0					<u> </u>

POST DEVELOPMENT CATCHMENT AREAS

NB: Roads are 50% Pervious 50% Pervious based on DCP100 pg 24 Table 3 and using a 'local street'

RECEIVING NODE	CATCHMENT	Total Area	Bioswale Area	Road Area	%Pervious Road*	House Area	Residential Node	% Impervious (Res)	%Pervious (Res)	NODE
	C1 FOREST	1.30	0.0925	0		0	0	0%	100%	FOREST
	C1	12.43	0.3852	3.84	41%	3.44	4.77	1%	99%	RESIDENTIAL
	C1 Tourist	0.63					0.63	90%		
01	C2 FOREST A	2.18	0.2116	0		0	0	0%	100%	FOREST
	C2 Tourist	0.32					0.32	90%		
	C2	12.57	0.4379	3.36	38%	3.69	5.09	1%	99%	RESIDENTIAL
	C1 UPSLOPE	0.70								
	TOTAL	30.43								
	C2 Forest b	2.79								
	C3 FOREST	3.90		0		0	0	0%	100%	FOREST
	C3	17.24	0.51705	5.0389	41%	4.88	6.80	1%	99%	RESIDENTIAL
	C3 WETLAND	0.7476								
02	C5 FOREST A	2.63								
	C5 WETLAND3(b)	0.22								
	C5 WETLAND5(a)	0.31								
	C5 A	3.76	0.1307	1.69	43%	0.83	1.11	1%	99%	
	C7	3.04	0.131	0		1.82	1.09	0%	100%	RESIDENTIAL
	TOTAL	34.33								
07	C4	5.12	0.1887	0.34		0	4.59	0%	100%	RESIDENTIAL
	C5 FOREST B	5.41	0.19	0		0	0	0%	100%	FOREST
О3	Wetland 5	0.63								
US	C5 B	13.78	0.3992	4.05	44%	3.89	5.44	1%	99%	RESIDENTIAL
	C6	0.1131		0		0.05	0.07	0%	100%	RESIDENTIAL
	TOTAL	19.94								
04	C9	2.73		0		0	0	0%	100%	FOREST
04	C8	9.23	0.8426	1.91	44%	0	6.4815	100%	0%	INDUSTRIAL
	TOTAL	11.96								
	C10	2.45		0		0.000	0.000	5%	95%	FOREST
	C11	1.72		0		0.0	1.7	100%	0%	INDUSTRIAL
	C15a	2.7787	0.4313	0		0.0	2.8	0%	100%	RESIDENTIAL
	C15b	4.52		0		0.0	0.0	0%	100%	FOREST
	C12	1.272		0		0.0	1.3	95%	5%	INDUSTRIAL
05	C13	2.804	0.046	0.57	43%	0.9	1.3	0%	100%	RESIDENTIAL
	C14	1.78		1.78		0.0	0.0	100%	0%	ROAD
	C16	3.97	0.1085	1.449	38%	1.0	1.5	2%	98%	RESIDENTIAL
	C17	1.89	0.0518	0		1.1	0.8	0%	100%	RESIDENTIAL
	C18	1.287	0.03544	0		0.0	1.3	100%	0%	COMMERCIAL
	C19	3.25	0.03465	0		2.0	1.3	100%	0%	RESIDENTIAL
	C22	1.47					1.5	40%	60%	COMMERCIAL
	TOTAL	29.62								
	C20	4.85	0.09492	1.464	42%	0.847	2.54	2%	98%	RESIDENTIAL
	C21	0.73		0		0	0	0%	100%	FOREST
	TOTAL	5.58	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	·			

TOTAL 137.0

^{*} where bioswales are on road then pervious area cannot be 50%

15 Attachment G – Sediment Detention Basin Sizing



1. Erosion Hazard and Sediment Basins

Site Name: NA

Site Location: West Culburra Mixed Use Subdivision

Precinct/Stage: NA

Other Details: NA

Site area	Sub-	catchm	ent or	Name (Notes		
Site area	Α	В	С	D	Е		Notes
Total catchment area (ha)	28.1	25.7	12.1	18.6	6.5		
Disturbed catchment area (ha)	27	24.5	10.1	15	6.5		

Soil analysis (enter sediment type if known, or laboratory particle size data)

Sediment Type (C, F or D) if known:	F	F	F	F	F	From Appendix C (if known)	
% sand (fraction 0.02 to 2.00 mm)	45	45	45	45	45	Cotoo the generations of each cell	
% silt (fraction 0.002 to 0.02 mm)	19	19	19	19	19	Enter the percentage of each soil fraction. E.g. enter 10 for 10%	
% clay (fraction finer than 0.002 mm)	25	25	25	25	25	naction. E.g. enter 10 for 10 %	
Dispersion percentage	27.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	E.g. enter 10 for dispersion of 10%	
% of whole soil dispersible	9.315	9.315	9.315	9.315	9.315	See Section 6.3.3(e). Auto-calculated	
Soil Texture Group	F	F	F	F	F	Automatic calculation from above	

Rainfall data

Design rainfall depth (no of days)	5	5	5	5	5	Can Continue 6.2.4 and monticularly		
Design rainfall depth (percentile)	85	85	85	85	85	See Section 6.3.4 and, particularly, Table 6.3 on pages 6-24 and 6-25.		
x-day, y-percentile rainfall event (mm)	42.1	42.1	42.1	42.1	42.1	Table 0.3 off pages 0-24 and 0-23.		
Rainfall R-factor (if known)	3300	3300	3300	3300	3300	Only need to enter one or the other here		
IFD: 2-year, 6-hour storm (if known)		Ī				Only fleed to effect one of the other flere		

RUSLE Factors

Rainfall erosivity (R -factor)	3300	3300	3300	3300	3300		Auto-filled from above
Soil erodibility (K-factor)	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042		
Slope length (m)	300	300	300	300	300		
Slope gradient (%)	5.5	5.7	3.7	3	2.5		RUSLE LS factor calculated for a high
Length/gradient (LS -factor)	2.89	3.04	1.65	1.22	0.94		rill/interrill ratio.
Erosion control practice (P -factor)	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	
Ground cover (C -factor)	1	1	1	1	1	1	

Sediment Basin Design Criteria (for Type D/F basins only. Leave blank for Type C basins)

Storage (soil) zone design (no of months)	2	2	2	2	2	Minimum is generally 2 months
Cv (Volumetric runoff coefficient)	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	See Table F2, page F-4 in Appendix F

Calculations and Type D/F Sediment Basin Volumes

Soil loss (t/ha/yr)	521	548	297	220	169	
Soil Loss Class	5	5	3	2	2	See Table 4.2, page 4-13
Soil loss (m ³ /ha/yr)	401	422	228	169	130	Conversion to cubic metres
Sediment basin storage (soil) volume (m³)	1804	1721	384	422	141	See Sections 6.3.4(i) for calculations
Sediment basin settling (water) volume (m ³)	6861	6275	2955	4542	1587	See Sections 6.3.4(i) for calculations
Sediment basin total volume (m ³)	8665	7996	3339	4964	1728	