

Meriton Tower L11, 528 Kent St Sydney NSW 2000 Tel: (02) 9287 2888 Fax: (02) 9287 2777 meriton.com.au

12 February 2014

Mr Chris Wilson Executive Director – Major Projects NSW Department of Planning and Infrastructure 23-33 Bridge Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

Dear Mr Wilson

#### 78-90 OLD CANTERNBURY ROAD, LEWISHAM SECTION 75W – AMENDMENT TO CONDITON 11 OF CONCEPT APPROVAL MP08-0195 (MOD6)

I refer to Council's letter dated 11 December 2013 in response to our request to modify the Concept Plan to make allowances for a drainage area to collect both upstream and localised flooding in a 1 in 20 year rainfall event, and allow pedestrian pathways through the approved open space area.

As we understand, Council is concerned with the following summarised issues raised in their letter of the 11 December 2013. A response to their issues is also provided below.

- the amenity of the park will be diminished by introducing a drainage area and formal pathways through the open space.
- "Landscape plans integrating the drainage overland flow structure has not been provided to Council as part of the S75W application and in the absence of these details, the urban design implications of a combined open space/drainage reserve design are unknown."
- "Council is unclear as to the applicant's intent for the Central Open Space. The potential cumulative impacts of the two modifications will result in an open space area with limited amenity due to overshadowing impacts and potential conflicts between different functions within the space."
- "Council is concerned that the design requirements of the drainage reserves may impede the ability of the open space to provide good amenity to all users. The drainage design drawings show that the overland flow path design requires a channel to be created in the middle of the open space that is approximately 700mm below the levels of the surrounding pathways/landscaping."
- "The proposed S75W amendment introduces uncertainty about the integration of Water Sensitive Urban Design with active and passive landscaping opportunities, and this could significantly impact on the functionality of the open space and limit accessibility.

#### Response

The introduction of the drainage area and formal pathways through the site has been designed to be consistent with Council's Water Sensitive Urban Design policy, which supports an integrated approach to sharing drainage with open space. I bring to your attention the policy objectives, which is attached to **Annexure 1**, which promote the integration of "stormwater treatment into the landscape". The idea of using stormwater retention in open space is standard practice throughout the Sydney metropolitan where open space areas are provided for community use. We are seeking no different approach than currently prevails.

We have prepared an integrated plan that consolidates the drainage requirements and open space uses. This plan is attached to *Annexure 2*. Importantly, the cross section shows the integration of seating, passive areas and paths to accommodate mixed uses within the open space that is typical of any open space area in Sydney. The maximum overland flow depth in will be approximately 400mm which is less than the 700mm estimated by Council. The amenity of the park is in no way compromised from this design.

A major underlying function of the open space is to facilitate access to the light rail station to comply with Condition 16 of the Concept Plan, which is provided below.

"Future Development Applications shall provide for new and/or upgraded pedestrian connections between the site and Lewisham railway station and the Lewisham West light rail stop in consultation with Council and RailCorp in accordance with the terms of the VPA".

The pathways shown on the integrated landscape plan provide clear access ways from the Light Rail Station to towards the existing community towards the east. Therefore, as a primary function of the open space, the through-site links should be allowed in the calculation of the 3,000m2.

The use of the open space will barely be compromised by stormwater. Cardno Engineering has calculated that on average, water will only fill a section of the open space for 80 minutes once every 5 years and that the flows only represent a low risk (refer to *Annexure 3*).

Based on this calculation, the open space cannot be used for 0.003% of total minutes every 5 years, which, sensibly is considered reasonable. In addition, it is realistic to assume that the community will not use the open space in any rainy conditions regardless of the drainage surcharge requirements. Outside of the 80 minutes every 5 years, the community will have high quality use of grassed areas, playground, barbeque facilities, seating and tables.

Importantly, Council's Engineer, Sydney Water and RailCorp have agreed in-principle to this stormwater system with Railcorp providing owners consent to carry out early works including the drainage system. Written correspondence supporting this statement can be found at (*Annexures 4, 5 and 6*).

#### Impact on the amenity of the proposed Central Open Space

Further to the above, the urban design implications of the pedestrian pathways and drainage reserve are only positive, which are detailed in the following list.

• Pedestrian pathways will provide formal access across the open space rather than creating a haphazard approach where people create their own travel paths over grassed

areas. This will only create future maintenance upgrades to the open space by Council, which is an unnecessary cost to rate payers.

- Formalised pedestrian paths will provide suitable access through the open space for elderly people and people with a disability.
- Pedestrian pathways through the open space are now placed in a way that is suitable to access the passive lawn area, playground, barbeque, seating and tables that takes into account relevant levels for the drainage system to work without comprising community safety.
- A slender gradient over the entire length of the open space area will be negligible in terms of open space useability. Relevant cross sections of the drainage swale are shown in *Annexure 2* and show depths of only 40cm of water remaining in a 1 in 5 year event for only 80 minutes.
- The flows are infrequent, of a low velocity and depth and are wholly contained within the landscape design. This is a much better than the existing situation which directs upstream local stormwater flows into other private land.
- Without any paths in open space, Council will become liable for any personal injuries from people trying to walk across.

#### Cumulative Impact of Drainage and Pathways of Condition 11

We recognise that Part B – Modification conditions of the Concept Approval reduces the maximum number of units and gross floor area that can be achieve on the site as stated in Conditions A6 and A8. However, Condition 11 that states through site links and drainage will have a dramatic impact on gross floor area and number of units, yet does not fall under Part B conditions.

The degree of impact on the extent of the open space is significant if the proposed amendment is not supported. If the area of overland flow and footpaths cannot be considered in calculating the 3,000m2 of open space, it would have to be located elsewhere which continues to erode the development capacity of the site that is already substantially reduced from the requirement to provide 2 hours of sunlight on 50% of the open space.

We are of the opinion that Condition 11 being outside of the Part B conditions was never envisaged as a mechanism to further reduce density. By taking out the drainage reserves and site links from the calculation of public open space, the developable land area must be reduced by 2,065sqm (*Annexure 7*), which is equivalent to approximately 50 units being lost in addition to the 35 already lost through the determination of MOD 4.

Condition 11 is therefore requested to be varied as follows:-

#### "Public Open Space

11. Future Development Applications shall provide a minimum of 3,000m<sup>2</sup> of publicly accessible open space. Through site links and drainage reserves should not **shall** be included as open space provision. All public and private open spaces shall be clearly defined and functions identified."

G/townplan/town planuing projects - current/lewisham/main dashpart 3a concept plan/s75w applications/mod6 - links and overland flow in open space/response to couchil plus delete pmf from condition 7/c wilson - dop - mod 6 add info - 12 feb 14 matt.docx

#### Flooding Levels

As a consequence of the flood modelling for the open space, we have also identified that Condition 7 must also be amended. Condition 7 of the Concept Approval requires buildings to be set above two different flood levels. The condition states that buildings are to be above the 1:100 year flood level (plus 0.5m freeboard) that is stated in Council / State Government policies and be above the "probable maximum flood" (PMF) levels. The buildings cannot be set at both these levels as one is higher than the other.

Council's LEP 2011, DCP, Sydney Water and the Cardno Flood Management Report all refer to a flood planning level for the 1:100 year event plus a 0.5m freeboard. We are seeking to be consistent with the 1:100 year policy. In support of this statement, I refer to the following documents.

- Annexure 8 Cardno Advice.
- Annexure 4 Council email correspondence and drainage plans.
- Annexure 9 Sydney Water Advice.
- Annexure 10 Marrickville LEP 2011 flood level extract.
- Annexure 11 Marrickville DCP flood level extract.

To remove the inconsistency of flood levels in Condition 7, the following amendment is sought.

7. Future Development Applications shall comply with the Cardno Flood Management Report dated 30.11.11 and future flood studies by the applicant endorsed by Council and consider and any recommendations in any adopted Flood Study and relevant state policies at the time of lodgement of the application to demonstrate the finished floor levels of the buildings will be not less than 0.5 m above the 100 year ARI flood level above the probable maximum flood levels for the site and that the development will not adversely impact on any surrounding property (including the light rail corridor) by the redirection of flood waters or loss of flood storage.

The modified condition will remove the duplicated flood management policies that will link in with the proposed drainage system to be integrated into the proposed open space.

#### **Conclusion**

The proposed amendment to Condition 11 is rational and aligns with Council's policies for an integrated approach to WSUD in open space areas.

Pedestrian links are a fundamental component of the function of the open space and the integrated approach does not reduce the size, functionality or amenity of the open space for the local community. Given the additional information with regard to the degree of impact the condition has on calculating the 3,000m2, we are confident that the proposed modifications are reasonable and will not undermine the amenity or function of the space to deliver a substantial public asset for the local community in a location of historic deficiency.

With regarding to the flooding condition, this is merely a correction to apply the correct policy of Council and the State Government.

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact me in the first instance.

Yours faithfully MERITON GROUP

Gordon

Walter Gordon
Director of Planning and Development





#### In your home

In your community Community programs Events and workshops

> Green Living Centre

Cooks River

Biodiversity

Water and subcatchments Our urban catchments Subcatchment planning Protecting our waterways Water management for husiness Sustainable Irrigation Plan Water sensitive urban design Sustainable water demonstration sites Getting involved Stormwater Charge

Tree management Working with schools Rebates and support

Volunteering

Sustainable husiness

Sustainable Council

Recycling and waste

> Water and subcatchments > Water sensitive urban design You are here: Environment > In your community

### Water sensitive urban design

Marrickville Council encourages residents to learn about and apply water sensitive urban design in the management of their properties.

#### What is water sensitive urban design?

In the past, urban stormwater drainage systems have been designed primarily to prevent flooding with the view that rainwater should be transported as quickly as possible into the nearest natural waterway.

Unfortunately this water carries with it a range of pollutants including litter, sewer overflows, vehicle emissions, garden fertilizers, animal faeces, silt and vegetation. This puts great stress on the waterway resulting in algal blooms, ecosystem breakdown and polluted rivers and beaches. In addition, a vast quantity of potentially usable water is wasted.

Water sensitive urban design (WSUD) is most simply defined as the sustainable management of water within urban areas through intelligent and integrated design. It looks at the urban water cycle as a whole, taking into account all three urban water sources: potable water, wastewater, and stormwater.

The aims of water sensitive urban design are to:

- Reduce runoff flows while minimising on-site flood risk
- Reduce potable water use through the use of efficient fixtures and appliances and through rainwater, stormwater and greywater reuse
- Minimise wastewater generation, treating wastewater to a standard suitable for reuse and/or discharge to receiving waters
- Protect natural systems by treating stormwater before discharge to receiving waters
- Integrate stormwater treatment into the landscape to enhance the recreational and aesthetic quality of the urban environment

#### What can I do on my property?

- Capture water before it leaves your property from rooftops and hard surfaces using rainwater tanks, swales and rain gardens
- Slow the flow of stormwater through smart landscape design, placing garden beds on contour for passive irrigation
- Implement landscaping and drainage elements that ensure sediments, leaves, grass clippings and nutrients no longer leave your property. Barrier plantings are one way of achieving this
- Reduce or eliminate the use of water soluble fertilisers on your property as these cause algal blooms in waterways
- Plumb rainwater into toilet and laundry to reduce potable water use

Where paving is necessary choose permeable options

For more information on water sensitive urban design contact Council's Water and Catchments Coordinator or phone 9335 2104

### **Related Sites**

- Water sensitive homes
- Site planning

н.

- Landscape measures
- Melbourne Water:
- The basics of WSUD
- CSIRO:



Lynbrook, Victoria



Chullora. NSW



Hornsby, NSW

Detailed information on WSUD including great diagrams

- Australian Greenhouse Office: <u>Stormwater fact sheet</u>
- <u>Your Home</u> Federal Government initiative providing advice, manuals and guides for environmentally sustainable homes.
- <u>Your Development</u> Online resource for developers and urban planners to achieve environmentally sustainable neighbourhoods.

About Council	Council online	Have your say	Translations	Stay in touch
Contact Council	Online services	Your Say Marrickville	العربية	Facebook
A-Z list of services	Accessibility	Council feedback	中文	Twitter
Council meetings	Website help	Website feedback	Tiếng Việt	Twitter
Job vacancies	Disclaimer	Community Panel	Português	E-new sletters
Rates	Copyright		ελληνικά	Report an issue
Privacy statement				·







100Year ARI Peak Depth - 0.350 ----- 20Year ARI Peak Depth - 0.227

## **SECTION A-A**



----- 20Year ARI Peak Depth - 0.257

## **SECTION B-B**

## **INDICATIVE MATERIALS**



### RAIN GARDEN EXAMPLES

Banksia robur Carex appressa Crinum pedunculatum Helmholtzia glaberrima Hymenocallis speciosa Isolepis nodosa Juncus usitatus

Alpinia caerulea Aphanopetalum resinosum Blechnum 'Silver Lady' Calathea zebrina Cordyline petiolaris Cyathea cooperi Dianella 'Silver Streak' Hibbertia scandens Kennedia prostrata Lomandra 'Nyalla' Macrozamia communis Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Purple Lea' Poa labillardieri var. labillardieri Syzygium 'Tiny Trev' Westringia fruticosa 'Zena'

GARDEN BED EXAMPLES

## NOTES

- 1. Roundabout planted with dense low endemic plant species and a stand of advanced 9. After the entry plaza a series of lawn areas and a play area are defined to provide a variety of destinations. All areas are serviced with seating elements and cross site access. native palms
- 2. Entry plaza acts as pedestrian commuter hub. A paved area with seating, public art, 10. Terraced beds within in situ concrete walls define areas and provide planting beds with stormwater bicycle parking, shade tree and garden bed planting and access to Hudson Park and detention capacity from adjoining paved areas. café and main pedestrian cross site thoroughfare.
- 3. Pedestrian stairway, seating stairs and 1:20 ramps lead to café landing overlooking park and corner activity. These elements are interplanted with native ground cover and trees providing summer shade.
- 4. Pedestrian bicycle share-way forms a link across the site in conjunction with other pedestrian site links.
- 5. Southern 1:20 ramp or stair access to Hudson street and parking areas.
- 6. Raised lawn and garden areas provide seating and passive recreation opportunities and define primary path access.
- 7. Seating ledge as extensive raised passive recreational element overlooking central lawn 15. Primary open lawn area and eastern access to Hudson Park with a single grove of small to medium sized native trees. areas.
- to mitigate stormwater flows and generate interest and interactive play opportunities. WSUD beds capture surface flow from the park and low flows from Hudson Street and Old 17. Darker paving defines route of pedestrian bicycle share-way. Canterbury Road. While also being laid out to carry overland flow and divert to pit intakes.

## LEGEND



Lawn



Contrast paving



Concrete wall art

Play structure

- 11. Primary north south through site link terminates at hardwood sleeper deck and seating area overlooking park and WSUD beds. Equal access is provided from here to Hudson Street parking via and raised platform and ramp.
- 12. In situ concrete walls are located to mitigate falls and avoid hand rails. These walls retain extensive linier planting of native ground covers and street trees defining the southern edge of the park. 13. In situ concrete wall faces are utilised for public art display, such as imprinting/ relief works, embedded coloured glazed or recycled brick.
- 14. Dedicated play area naturally bounded by planted terraces and accessed from multiple points including 1: 20 all access ramp. Includes dedicated play equipment and adventure/ nature play facilities
- 8. Set down stormwater detention garden beds connected through the length of the park 16. Dedicated BBQ and shelter facility adjoining nature play, planted terraces and main eastern lawn.

  - 18. Potential locations for independent public art installation are indicated across the site.
  - Timber decking
  - Feature paving
  - Unit paving to courtyards Refer to architects DWG
  - Seating wall



Stepping blocks

Playground

Public art installation

Proposed lights, refer to lighting plan 5085-ES-1 / Shelmerdines



### **CLIENT: MERITON APARTMENTS PTY LTD**

## **78-90 OLD CANTERBURY ROAD** LEWISHAM **DETAIL CONCEPT PLAN**

### **STURT ASSOCIATES** landscape architecture, urban design & environmental design

SUITE 91, 330 WATTLE STREET ULTIMO NSW 2007 PH. (02) 9211 3744 FX. (02) 9211 9449

DATE: **DRAWING**: SCALE:

**23 JAN 2014** DA-1220-06 A 1:**200@**A1



Our Ref: 59914017[14-0002] Contact: Matthew Zollinger

7 January 2014

Meriton Group Level 11, Meriton Tower, 528 Kent Street, SYDNEY NSW 2000

Attention: Matthew Lennartz

#### LEWISHAM ESTATE OVERLAND FLOW BEHAVIOUR

This letter discusses the behaviour of overland flows through Lewisham Estate. The results discussed here have been extracted from the modelling presented in Cardno's letter dated 5 December 2013 (*Ref 59914007 [13-0310]*). Detailed description of the scheme that was modelled is presented in the above mentioned letter and should be referenced if further details are required.

#### **Overland flow behaviour**

The existing drainage network across the site consists of a covered Sydney Water channel with no formal provision for overland flow. Presently flows exceed the capacity of the conduit in approximately a 1 - 2 year ARI storm event, pond on Old Canterbury Road before overtopping and flowing through the site as shown in Figure 1 and 2. Buildings were constructed across the natural overland flow path resulting in potential damage to buildings and risk to life from high hazard flow through the site during larger flood events. Downstream of the site, flows cross the Light Rail corridor before entering Hawthorne Canal.



Figure 1 - Existing Overland Flow

Figure 2 - Existing Overland Flow (WMAwater, 2013)

The proposed Lewisham Estate upgrades the trunk drainage system and provides a formalised overland flow path through the Estate (Figure 3).

Cardno (NSW/ACT) Pty Ltd ABN 95 001 145 035

Level 9 The Forum 203 Pacific Highway St. Leonards NSW 2065

P.O. Box 19 St Leonards NSW 1590 Australia

Phone: +61 2 9496 7700 Fax: +61 2 9439 5170

www.cardno.com.au

#### 7 January 2014





Figure 3 – Formalised Overland Flow Path (landscaping details subject to change)

The formalised overland flow path will carry water around Lewisham Estate during events larger than a 5 year ARI. Flood waters will reach a maximum depth of 0.5m at the roundabout on Hudson Street (Location 2 in Figure 3). The flow path will remain active for approximately 80 minutes during the 100 year ARI event (Figure 4 shows the depth and duration of flooding within the Park Section of the Overland Flow Path (location 1 on Figure 3). It is noted that the design storms used in our assessment produce the maximum flows for the specific ARI, there will be other storms which cause a longer duration of flooding (to a lesser depth and hazard).

Flows within the park section of the formalised overland flow path will be low hazard and have a VxD less than 0.4 as defined in the Floodplain Risk Management Manual (2005). Parts of the road section of the overland flow path develop a VxD greater than 0.4 during the 100 year ARI, however the hazard remains low.

Attachment A reproduces figures showing depth, hazard and VxD of flooding during the 20yr and 100yr ARI's as presented in the modelling report (5 Dec 2013).

2



Figure 4 – Depth and Duration of Overland Flows

#### Conclusion

The formalised overland flow path for Lewisham Estate will be used to convey flood water from Old Canterbury Road around the Estate, discharging into the Light Rail Corridor approximately every 5 years. The duration of flooding will be for approximately 80 minutes during the critical design storm duration with the hazard will remain low through the shared park section of the floodway.

Should you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact myself or Dr Brett C Phillips.

Yours faithfully,

Matthew Zollinger Senior Project Manager For Cardno 9024 7133 matthew.zollinger@cardno.com.au

Attachment A – Extracted Modelling Figures

3

Cardno

Shaping the Future



## Attachment A – Extracted Modelling Figures

www.cardno.com

4





FIGURE B14 20 YEAR ARI PEAK DEPTH SCHEME D1(Pit Blockage)





20 YEAR ARI PROVISIONAL HAZARD SCHEME D1





### **FIGURE B17** FLOOD VELOCITY x DEPTH -20 YEAR ARI SCHEME D1(Pit Blockage)







WV-

FIGURE B9 100 YEAR ARI PEAK DEPTH SCHEME D1(Pit Blockage)









**FIGURE B12** FLOOD VELOCITY x DEPTH -100 YEAR ARI SCHEME D1(Pit Blockage)

#### Shener Dursun

From:	Joe Bertacco <joe.bertacco@marrickville.nsw.gov.au></joe.bertacco@marrickville.nsw.gov.au>
Sent:	Wednesday, 30 October 2013 3:36 PM
То:	shenerd@meriton.com.au
Subject:	Lewisham Estate Drainage Works

Hi Shener,

The proposed Lewisham Estate Drainage Works (report dated 18/10/13 and plans SK22, SK23 and SK25) are acceptable to Council in concept.

With any proposed future DA please ensure that a Flood Report is submitted including the following items;

- For background the discussion paper and addendum dated 14 August 2013 should be discussed and included in an appendix;
- For Clarity please ensure that Table 1 (from the discussion report dated 14 August 2013) or similar is reproduced with the final scheme included in the table;
- Check to see if there is a change in flood risk to surrounding properties
- Assess the overland flow paths for safety i.e. VxD relationship; and
- Tabulated HGL calculation which detail the pit loss coefficients used at each pit and the down tail water level used.

Regards

### Joseph Bertacco Development Engineer Ph: 9335 2225 Fax: 9335 2029 Email: <u>endc@marrickville.nsw.gov.au</u>

message and any attachment are confidential and may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure. If you are not the intended recipient of this message you must not copy, reproduce, disseminate or distribute this message or any attachment. If you are not the intended recipient please email the sender or notify Marrickville Council and delete this message and any attachment from your system. Any views expressed in this email transmission may represent those of the individual sender and may include information that has not been approved by Marrickville Council. The Council will not be responsible for any reliance upon personal views or information not approved by Marrickville Council. Marrickville Council advises that this email and any attachments should be scanned to detect viruses and accepts no liability for loss or damage resulting from the use of any attached files. For further information about Marrickville Council please visit our website at <u>www.marrickville.nsw.gov.au</u>

This email has been scanned for all viruses by the MessageLabs SkyScan service on behalf of Marrickville Council.

This email has been scanned by the Symantec Email Security.cloud service.





F:\12-100 Lewisham\Drgs\Civil\Sketches\SKC23-Siteworks & Stormwater Plan-Sheet 2.dwg



100mm on Original

		E328389.495	E328369.774 ۵.14 م	LUNCTION LINE 'C' (ح) E328356.711 N6248070.84		E328386.612 (당) N6248115.145	)	E328410.801	
076         4.098         4.102         4.218         4.199           23         2.25         2.25         2.31         142           6506         [2x](6508         (2x)(6516)         16506         22.00(5906)         2           72         2.25         2.31         142         2           6506         [2x](6508         (2x)(6516)         16506         22.00(5906)         2           72         11%         1%         11%									T
076         4.098         4.102         4.218         4.199           23         2.25         2.25         2.31         142           6506         [2x](6508         (2x)(6516)         16506         22.00(5906)         2           72         2.25         2.31         142         2           6506         [2x](6508         (2x)(6516)         16506         22.00(5906)         2           72         11%         1%         11%									
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		JUNCTION PIT 3.8m x 1.8m WITH A 1.2m x 1.2m GRATED SURFACE INLET	JUNCTION PIT 3.8m x 1.8m WITH A 1.2m x 1.2m GRATED SURFACE INLET	JUNCTION PIT 3.15m × 4.15m WITH A 1.2m × 1.2m GRATED SURFACE INLET		JUNCTION PIT 2.7m x 0.9m WITH A 0.9m x 0.9m GRATED	SURFACE INLET	JUNCTION PIT 3.15m x 2.2m	WITH A 0.9m × 0.9m GRATED
3212     11500     11500     11500     11430     5440       514     11300     11328     5440     11430     5440       742     11100     5630     11128     5430     11430       742     11100     5630     11128     5430     1113       742     11100     5630     11138     5430     1113       742     1000     10060     10060     100641     5430     1116       742     1000     10060     100641     5132     1116     1128       742     1000     10060     100641     5132     1116     1128       742     1000     100641     5133     100641     5133       7400     10060     100641     5133     10060     100641       7433     7604     10433     7604     10433     7604	.23 1650ø	(2:	2.25 x)1650ø (	2.25	2.31 1650ø		1.42 2400×900¢		24
5.212     11.500     11.500       5.212     11.500     11.500       5.194     11.300     11.300       0.766     11.100     11.300       1.4.218     10.600     10.600       1.4.218     10.500     10.600       1.7.842     9.324     12.200		11.430 5.440 V 11.328 5.470 V	1.1% // 11.284 // 11.284 // 11.286 // 11.280 // 11.280 // 11.156 /	11.116 11.120 10.647 5.470 5.470		10.510 10.464	1.1%	10.442 10.440	10.433
	1.003	5.212 11.500 11.500	5.194 11.300 11.300	0.766 11.100 11.100	L=53.452	10.600 10.600		9.324 12.200	ا   4.596

LINE B

THIS DRAWING CANNOT BE COPIED OR REPRODUCED IN ANY FORM OR USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE OTHER THAN THAT ORIGINALLY INTENDED WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF AT&L	Scales 1 : 100 (V) 1 : 500 (H) Grid Height Datum AHD	Drawn Designed Checked Approved	TS GB AT	Title



F:\12-100 Lewisham\Drgs\Civil\Sketches\SKC25-SW Long-Sections - Sheet 1.dwg1

12-100

P4

SKC25

SHEET 1





18 December 2013

Shener Dursun Meriton Group Level 11 Meriton Tower 528 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000

Cardno Reference: 59914017[13-0310]

#### LEWISHAM ESTATE - PROPOSED DRAINAGE WORKS

Dear Shener

Thank you for sending through Cardno's letter dated 5 December 2013 referencing the flood report conducted and Plan Drawings SKC36/37 for the proposed Meriton Tower development at 78-9 Old Canterbury Road, Petersham.

Sydney Water's Land and Waterways has reviewed the report and are happy with the documentation provided. You have consulted key stakeholders as requested, particularly Marrickville Council and RailCorp to address the impacts caused by flooding from this development. Please ensure all new designs, reports and supporting documentation are submitted to Council before applying to Sydney Water for a Section 73. As per process Sydney Water will issue a NOR with key requirements before approving this works to ensure the development results in minor impacts (as indicated in these documents) to peak flood events, which do not adversely impact adjacent properties, roads and, railway property and infrastructure.

Sydney Water will commit to immediately reviewing your application.

If you need further information please do not hesitate to contact me.

Regards

Fernando Orlega Senior Planner - Land and Waterways Liveable City Solutions 0407 702 994 fernando.ortega@sydneywater.com.au

Sydney Water Corporation ABN 49 776 225 038 1 Smith St Parramatta 2150 | PO Box 399 Parramatta 2124 | DX 14 Sydney | T 13 20 92 | www.sydneywater.com.au Delivering essential and sustainable water services for the benefit of the community



RailCorp Property PO Box 459 Burwood NSW 1805

19 December 2013

Mr Shener Dursun Project Manager Meriton Group Level 11 528 Kent Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

Dear Mr Dursun,

RE: OWNERS CONSENT TO LODGMENT FOR EARLY WORKS WITHIN THE LIGHT RAIL CORRIDOR ADJOINING 78-90 CANTERBURY ROAD, LEWISHAM.

I refer to your request for RailCorp's consent to lodge an application for early works within the rail corridor adjoining 78-90 Old Canterbury Road, Lewisham.

RailCorp has reviewed your development proposal and RailCorp is prepared to consent to the lodgment of an application for these early works only, subject to the conditions listed in Attachment A.

Please note that the submittal of this letter with an application to the Consent Authority will be considered as your acceptance of the conditions listed in Attachment A and your agreement to provide the required documentation at the intervals specified.

RailCorp advises that it reserves the right to review and comment on the application if and when it is placed on public exhibition and may request the attachment of certain conditions of consent on any approval.

In addition, this consent does not give you the right to commence work on RailCorp land without obtaining further approval from RailCorp.

Should you have any enquiries relating to RailCorp issues please do not hesitate to contact Jim Tsirimiagos on 8575 0780. Any enquiries regarding the Sydney Light Rail Inner West Extension should be directed to either Jeremy Kidd on 8202 3038 from Transport for NSW.

Yours sincerely,

Kevin Sykes General Manager Property

Attachment A



#### General:

- 1. Land owner's consent is provided for the early works (being the provision of a temporary batter and access ramp within RailCorp's light rail corridor land.
- 2. No amendments will be made to the proposed works without RailCorp's prior written consent which RailCorp may, in its absolute discretion, withhold or in respect of which RailCorp may impose conditions.
- 3. That a copy of this letter be included with your application to the Consent Authority.
- 4. The ability to undertake maintenance and emergency activities by RailCorp, Transport for NSW (TfNSW), or any entity authorised by RailCorp or TfNSW, shall not be hindered.
- 5. All works are to comply with the Building Code of Australia and/or Australian Standards.
- 6. No plant or vehicle is permitted to encroach on the ballast shoulder or track within the rail corridor without prior arrangements being made to certify the track for the effects of disturbance.
- 7. No infrastructure or equipment is to be placed or installed on the rail corridor without proper assessment by authorised persons to ensure no impact will occur to rail infrastructure. e.g. signal sighting, safety signage, emergency access.
- 8. During all stages of the development extreme care shall be taken to prevent any form of pollution entering the railway corridor. Any form of pollution that arises as a consequence of the development activities shall remain the full responsibility of the Applicant.
- 9. No work is permitted within the rail corridor at any time unless prior approval or an Agreement has been entered into with RailCorp.
- 10. Appropriate fencing shall be installed separating the work area from the rail corridor.
- 11. The proposed works shall be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1979, which requires that management controls are implemented to mitigate any risk of harm to the environment as a result of these works. Appropriate management procedures should be documented in a construction environmental management plan, and this plan shall be submitted to RailCorp for review.
- 12. Care to be taken not to damage new pathway and lighting infrastructure Meriton to be responsible for any damage and rectification.
- 13. Meriton responsible for fencing for safety/security of the site.



- 14. Meriton's construction contractor will be required to coordinate the early works within the rail corridor with the SLRIWE construction contractor.
- 15. Meriton shall take the risk of removal of spoil and potential for contamination.
- 16. Meriton to be responsible for environmental management / controls.
- 17. Meriton to reinstate following completion of the works, including with suitable material, topsoil and stabilisation with suitable landscaping. Only clean soil is to be used to fill the batter area.

Prior to the commencement of works:

- 1. Meriton to enter into a formal agreement with Transport for NSW to occupy the required land.
- 2. Prior to the commencement of works and on completion of works a joint inspection with representatives of RailCorp of the rail infrastructure and property in the vicinity of the project is to be carried. These dilapidation surveys will establish the extent of any existing damage and enable any deterioration during construction to be observed. The submission of a detailed dilapidation report will be required unless otherwise notified by RailCorp.
- 3. A Risk Assessment/Management Plan and detailed Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS) for the proposed works are to be submitted to RailCorp for review and comment prior to the works commencing on site. It should be noted that RailCorp's representative may impose conditions on the methods to be used and require the provision of on-site Safe Working supervision for certain aspects of the works.

On completion of works:

1. That, if required by RailCorp or TfNSW, the Applicant will provide written evidence that the area occupied has not been contaminated, and if proven to be contaminated, to be remediated at the Applicants cost. The timing of any remediation to be determined by either RailCorp or TfNSW.

--000---



#### CENTER GREEN SOFT LANDSCAPING AREA 3017.4m2

## THROUGH SITE LINK

Suite 91, L5, 330 Wath Uttimo NSW 2007 T. 02 9211 3744 W. www.sturthoble.cor Iandscope architec environmental&utban

### 78-90 OLD CANTERBURY ROAD, LEWISHAM

MERITON APARTMENTS PTY LTD

А

THROUGH SITE LINK PLAN

DA-1220-07

03.02.201

1:500 @ A3

ACN: 164 245 514 ABN: 99 164 245 THIS DRAWING SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL RELEVANT CONTI SPECIFICATIONS, REPORTS AND DRAWINGS. COPYRIGHT OF THIS DRAWING IS VE: STURT NOBLE ASSOCIATES PTY LTD.



Our Ref: 59914017[13-0303i] Contact: Matthew Zollinger

18 December 2013

Meriton Group Level 11, Meriton Tower, 528 Kent Street, SYDNEY NSW 2000

Attention: Shener Dursun

#### LEWISHAM ESTATE DRAINAGE WORKS

This letter is in response to a review of the Conditions of the Consent issued for the development of 78 - 90 Old Canterbury Road with regard to flooding issues. All current Council planning documents as well as modelling and reporting that has been undertaken to date has been based on flood planning levels being set to the 100 year ARI + 0.5m freeboard. Cardno recommend Meriton seek to modify Condition 7 of the Concept Approval pertaining to minimum (habitable) finished floor levels for the development.

#### 1. FLOOD PLANNING REQUIREMENTS

The NSW State Governments Floodplain Development Manual is the guiding document for Council's managing and developing areas within floodplains. It recommends Councils use development controls such as setting minimum flood planning levels to manage flood risk. Marrickville Council's LEP (2011) sets the flood planning level as the 100 year ARI plus 0.5m freeboard. (extract provided in Attachment A), generic provisions are provided in Council's DCP 2.22 "Flood Management".

#### Marrickville Council's LEP (2011) Clause 6.3:

*"Flood planning level" means the level of a 1:100 ARI (average recurrent interval) flood event plus 0.5 metre freeboard.* 

#### Marrickville Council's DCP 2.22: Controls for new residential development - C5

Floor levels of habitable rooms must be a minimum of 0.5m above the standard flood level at that location. For areas of minor overland flow (a depth of 300mm or less or overland flow of 2cum/sec or less) a lower freeboard of 300mm may be considered on its merits.

#### 2. DISCUSSIONS WITH COUNCIL

Cardno and Meriton have met with Marrickville Council twice to discuss flood management for the proposed Lewisham Estate. All discussions involving setting floor levels or assessing impacts of the development considered the 100 year ARI as is Cardno (NSW/ACT) Pty Ltd ABN 95 001 145 035

Level 9 The Forum 203 Pacific Highway St. Leonards NSW 2065

P.O. Box 19 St Leonards NSW 1590 Australia

Phone: +61 2 9496 7700 Fax: +61 2 9439 5170

www.cardno.com.au


consistent with Councils LEP and DCP. This is reflected in all current modelling/assessments. It was agreed that the PMF would be assessed for the purpose of evacuation only.

Following discussions with Council on 30 August, the following clarifications were sought – Council's responses are in brackets;

- 1. In principle Council considers changes to peak flood levels for the 100 year ARI of less of 0.1m not to be significant (*Council's DCP allows a change of 0.1m but this needs to balance against the 2 following points below*);
- 2. We will need to assess the floor levels of properties that are affected by changes in peak flood levels [during the 100 year ARI] to determine if the impacts are significant; (*Agree this may result in a local increase of 0.1m being significant*);
- 3. We will need to consider the change in flood risk on surrounding properties as a result of the development (*Agree*);
- 4. We need to consider blockage of the sag pits proposed in Old Canterbury Road by 50%. It is proposed to block pits B/2 and B/1 by 50% and pits B3/A, B3, B4 and the 15m long letter box pit by 20%; shown in Figure 2 (Agree however Council reserves the right to increased inlet capacity as a factor of safety against blockage if it deems it necessary upon assessment of the DA and final drainage plans);
- 5. All basement access will have a freeboard of 500mm above the 100 year flood levels (*Agree with regard to the overland flow from Old Canterbury Road*);
- 6. The development must be consistent with Councils DCP 2.22 (flood management) (Confirmed);
- 7. RMS will need to accept the increase in peak flood levels on Old Canterbury Road, Council will refer the DA to RMS for comment (*Agree*);
- 8. There may be conflicting conditions in the consent regarding the trunk drainage pipe being located under the park Council to confirm; and (*See Schedule 3 of part 3A concept approval Condition 11 Public Open space*);
- 9. Meriton are going to consider their options for an "early works DA" to enable the construction of the trunk drainage system (*Noted*); and
- 10. Council is not in favour of a drainage pipe or culvert being built over the basement carpark.

During further discussions on 18<sup>th</sup> October, Council indicated that in principle they accepted the flood modelling results and reiterated that Council's DCP 2.22 was the appropriate policy to be addressing. Cardno are presently in the process of addressing Council's concerns (received via email 30 October, 2013) as detailed below:

With any proposed future DA please ensure that a Flood Report is submitted including the following items;

- For background the discussion paper and addendum dated 14 August 2013 should be discussed and included in an appendix;
- For clarity please ensure that Table 1 (from the discussion report dated 14 August 2013) or similar is reproduced with the final scheme included in the table;

2



• Check to see if there is a change in flood risk to surrounding properties

3

- Assess the overland flow paths for safety i.e. VxD relationship; and
- Tabulated HGL calculation which detail the pit loss coefficients used at each pit and the down[stream] tail water level used.

A report discussing the flooding and drainage works will be submitted to support the future Development Application for Lewisham Estate.

### 3. CONCEPT APPROVAL - 78-90 OLD CANTERBURY ROAD, LEWISHAM (MP08\_0195)

Based on the above discussion, we recommend that Meriton seek to change Condition 7 of the Concept Approval as detailed in Section 2.1 below

#### 2.1 SCHEDULE 3 – CONDITION 7 – FLOOD LEVELS

The current condition sets the floor levels of the development referenced to the Probable Maximum Flood level which is not consistent with either Marrickville Council's LEP (2011), DCP 2.22 nor is it consistent with the general principles of the NSW Government's 2005 Floodplain Development Manual. Council's planning documents nominate the 100 year ARI flood level plus 0.5m freeboard as the appropriate flood planning level for setting minimum habitable floor levels for dwellings. All current modelling has been undertaken on the basis of setting floor levels at the 100yr ARI plus 0.5m freeboard, as such, we believe it appropriate to change Condition 7 as detailed below:

### Current condition

7. Future Development Applications shall comply with the Cardno Flood Management Report dated 30.11.11 and consider and address any recommendations in any Council adopted Flood Study and relevant state policies at the time of lodgement of the application to demonstrate the finished floor levels of the buildings will be above the probable maximum flood levels for the site and that the development will not adversely impact on any surrounding property (including the light rail corridor) by the redirection of flood waters or loss of flood storage.

#### Revised condition (proposed change in red)

7. Future Development Applications shall comply with the Cardno Flood Management Report dated 30.11.11 and subsequent flood studies endorsed by Council and relevant state policies at the time of lodgement of the application to demonstrate the finished floor levels of the buildings will be not less than 0.5 m above the 100 year ARI flood levels and that the development will not adversely impact on any surrounding property (including the light rail corridor) by the redirection of flood waters or loss of flood storage.

18 December 2013



Should you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact myself or Dr Brett C Phillips.

4

Yours faithfully,

N

Matthew Zollinger Senior Project Manager For Cardno 9024 7133 matthew.zollinger@cardno.com.au

Attachment A – Marrickville Council LEP Clause 6.3

18 December 2013



## Attachment A



[Index] [Table] [Search] [Search this Regulation] [Notes] [Noteup] [Previous] [Next] [Download] [Help]

### MARRICKVILLE LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2011 - REG 6.3

### **Flood planning**

### 6.3 Flood planning

(1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:

(a) to minimise the flood risk to life and property associated with the use of land,

(b) to allow development on land that is compatible with the land's flood hazard, taking into account projected changes as a result of climate change,

(c) to avoid significant adverse impacts on flood behaviour and the environment.

(2) This clause applies to:

- (a) land that is shown as "Flood planning area" on the Flood Planning Map, and
- (b) other land at or below the flood planning level.

(3) Development consent must not be granted to development on land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that the development:

(a) is compatible with the flood hazard of the land, and

(b) is not likely to significantly adversely affect flood behaviour resulting in detrimental increases in the potential flood affectation of other development or properties, and

(c) incorporates appropriate measures to manage risk to life from flood, and

(d) is not likely to significantly adversely affect the environment or cause avoidable erosion, siltation, destruction of riparian vegetation or a reduction in the stability of river banks or watercourses, and

(e) is not likely to result in unsustainable social and economic costs to the community as a consequence of flooding.

(4) A word or expression used in this clause has the same meaning as it has in the *Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0)*, published in 2005 by the NSW Government, unless it is otherwise defined in this clause.

(5) In this clause,

"flood planning level" means the level of a 1:100 ARI (average recurrent interval) flood event

plus 0.5 metre freeboard.

AustLII: Copyright Policy | Disclaimers | Privacy Policy | Feedback

## **ANNEXURE 9**





13 December 2013

Matthew Zollinger Cardno The Forum 203 Pacific Highway St Leonards NSW 2065604

Cc: Shener Dursun - Meriton Group

Your Reference: 59914017[13-0275]

### LEWISHAM ESTATE - DRAINAGE WORKS

Dear Matthew

The following is Sydney Water's response to your request dated 7 November 2013.

Sydney Water agrees that the finish floor levels of the proposed building should "not be less than 0.5m above the 100 year ARI flood level" rather than "above the probable maximum flood levels". This is consistent with Sydney Water requirements, Marrickville Council's DCP 2.22 and NSW Government 2005 Floodplain Development Manual. Schedule 3 – Condition 7 of the Concept Approval, Section 75O, NSW Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, should be amended.

Sydney Water is aware this response will be submitted as part of the Section 96 Application to the NSW Department of Planning.

Please note that Condition 11 under Schedule 3 is not a condition set by Sydney Water.

If you need further information please do not hesitate to contact me.

Regards

Ferhando Ortega Senior Asset Planner - Land and Waterways Liveable City Solutions 0407 702 994 fernando.ortega@sydneywater.com.au

## **ANNEXURE 10**



#### 2.22.5 Controls

### General C1

- For proposed development, consideration must be given to such matters as the likely depth and nature of possible floodwaters, flood classification of the area (where applicable) and the risk posed to the development by floodwaters.
- C2 The applicant must demonstrate:
  - That the development will not increase the flood hazard or risk to i. other properties and that details have been provided of the structural adequacy of any buildings works associated with the development with regard to the effects of possible floodwaters;
  - ii. That the proposed building materials are suitable;
  - That the development is sited in the optimum position to avoid iii. floodwaters and allow evacuation; and
  - That all electrical services associated with the development are iv. adequately flood proofed.
- C3 All applications for development must be accompanied by a survey plan including relevant levels to AHD (Australian Height Datum). Consideration must be given to whether structures or filling are likely to affect flood behaviour and whether consultation with other authorities is necessary.
- C4 Compliance with flood management controls must be balanced by the need to comply with other controls in this DCP.

### Controls for new residential development

- Floor levels of habitable rooms must be a minimum of 0.5m above the C5 standard flood level at that location. For areas of minor overland flow (a depth of 300mm or less or overland flow of 2cum/sec or less) a lower freeboard of 300mm may be considered on its merits.
- Any portion of buildings classified as being flood prone must be C6 constructed from flood compatible materials (See Schedule 1).
- C7 Flood free access must be provided where practicable.

## Controls for residential development - minor additions

- **C8** Once-only additions with a habitable floor area of up to 30m<sup>2</sup> may be approved with floor levels below the standard flood level at that location if the applicant can demonstrate that no practical alternatives exist for constructing the extension above the standard flood level.
- Additions greater than 30m<sup>2</sup> will be considered against the requirements C9 for new residential development (refer C5, C6, and C8).
- C10 Any portion of buildings subject to inundation must be constructed from flood compatible materials.

### Controls for non-habitable additions or alterations

- C11 All flood sensitive equipment must be located above the standard flood level at that location.
- C12 Any portion of buildings subject to inundation must be built from flood compatible materials.

# **ANNEXURE 11**



### Marrickville Local Environmental Plan 2011

Current version for 25 October 2013 to date (accessed 17 December 2013 at 15:57) <u>Part 6</u> > Clause 6.3 <<< page >>

### 6.3 Flood planning

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
  - (a) to minimise the flood risk to life and property associated with the use of land,
  - (b) to allow development on land that is compatible with the land's flood hazard, taking into account projected changes as a result of climate change,
  - (c) to avoid significant adverse impacts on flood behaviour and the environment.
- (2) This clause applies to:
  - (a) land that is shown as "Flood planning area" on the Flood Planning Map, and
  - (b) other land at or below the flood planning level.
- (3) Development consent must not be granted to development on land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that the development:
  - (a) is compatible with the flood hazard of the land, and
  - (b) is not likely to significantly adversely affect flood behaviour resulting in detrimental increases in the potential flood affectation of other development or properties, and
  - (c) incorporates appropriate measures to manage risk to life from flood, and
  - (d) is not likely to significantly adversely affect the environment or cause avoidable erosion, siltation, destruction of riparian vegetation or a reduction in the stability of river banks or watercourses, and
  - (e) is not likely to result in unsustainable social and economic costs to the community as a consequence of flooding.
- (4) A word or expression used in this clause has the same meaning as it has in the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0), published in 2005 by the NSW Government, unless it is otherwise defined in this clause.
- (5) In this clause, flood planning level means the level of a 1:100 ARI (average recurrent interval) flood event plus 0.5 metre freeboard.