GRAYTHWAITE HOUSE

	G1	•	Not known: possibly the sitting room
Lietariael notes			

Constructed c.1850s for Edwin Sayers, as part of the double-storey extension to the original single-storey Euroka stone cottage. Bay window rebuilt for GR Dibbs c.1874. Possibly was the sitting room described in the 1880 sale notice. Converted to a hospital ward by the Red Cross in 1916. The room is shown as a hospital ward in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original. Alterations include installation of the strapped plaster ceiling (early twentieth century); ornate carved timber fireplace (late nineteenth century); picture rail (early twentieth century) and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Fitted vinyl flooring and carpet over timber.
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junction.
Walls	Hard plaster.
	Moulded timber picture rail.
	Chimney breast on north wall with timber staff moulds.
	Decorative timber fireplace surround on north wall. Decorative tiles removed except for small insitu sample with a floral pattern. Hearth stone is concealed. Evidence for overmantel now removed.
	Power points mid way up wall with surface mounted conduits.
	Evidence of painted decoration on south wall.
Ceiling	Plaster with decorative plaster battens and decorative plaster cornice
Doors	DG1.1: Four panel door stained facing G5 and painted facing G1. Porcelain knob to G5 and crystal knob with brass rose facing G1. Timber sign with "Royal Sydney Yacht Squadron 1915" Decorative moulded timber architrave. Yale night latch.
Windows	G1/W1: Double hung two pane sash windows without horns. Evidence for glazing bars being cut out and the sashes originally were six pane. Reveal with sunk mould. Fittings for blinds.
	G1/W2-W6: Double hung two pane sash windows with window locks and pulls. Decorative moulded timber architrave. Fittings for blinds and curtains.

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Retain hospital era room names. Consider retention of bed blocks.

Remove modern finishes and fittings. Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room G1 looking north



Room G1 Fireplace

Room	G2	Original function	Not known: possibly dining room
	•	\	

Constructed c1850s for Edwin Sayers, as part of the double-storey extension to the original single-storey Euroka stone cottage. The bay window was added c1874 for GR Dibbs. Possibly was the 'immense dining-room with folding doors' (with G3) described in the 1880 sale notice. Converted to a hospital ward by the Australian Red Cross Society in 1916. Room shown as a hospital ward in a 1943 drawing.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original. Alterations include the installation of the strapped plaster ceiling (early twentieth century); ornate carved timber fireplace (late nineteenth century); picture rail (early twentieth century) and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s) inclusive of concertina partitioning.

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Fitted vinyl flooring over timber.
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junction
Walls	Plaster
	Moulded timber picture rail
	Chimney breast on south wall with timber staff moulds.
	Decorative timber fireplace surround on south wall. Decorative tiles with a Gothic style pattern. Heath stone is concealed. Evidence for overmantel now removed
	North wall originally and arched opening with later plasterboard infill and concertina vinyl door. Wall knib and soffit have timber staff moulds
	West wall is arched opening and the wall knib and soffit have timber staff moulds. The soffit reveal has a sunk mould
Ceiling	Decorative plaster cornice with later plasterboard ceiling in body of room and plaster with decorative plaster battens and decorative plaster cornice above the bay window.
Doors	DG2.1: Four panel door stained facing G5 and painted facing G2. Brass knobs and roses to both sides. Night latch. Decorative moulded timber architrave. Highlight.
Windows	G2/W1-W5: Double hung two pane sash windows with window locks and pulls. Decorative moulded timber architrave. Holland blinds

Conservation policies

Reinstate original plan form.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Investigate earlier ceiling finish.

Consider retention of bed blocks.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Space G2. Looking west



Room G2. Fireplace

Room	G3	Original function	Not known: possibly dining room

Constructed c.1850s for Edwin Sayers, as part of the double-storey extension to the original single-storey Euroka stone cottage. Possibly was the 'immense dining-room with folding doors' (with G2) described in the 1880 sale notice. Converted to a hospital ward by the Australian Red Cross Society in 1916. Room shown as a hospital ward in a 1943 drawing.

Integrity

Generally good.

Alterations include the removal of a fireplace (1880s); picture rail (early twentieth century), making of opening DG3.2 and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s) inclusive of concertina partitioning.

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Fitted vinyl flooring over timber.
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junction
Walls	Plaster Moulded timber picture rail Shallow chimney breast on south wall with timber staff moulds and without fireplace opening South wall originally and arched opening with later plasterboard infill and concertina vinyl door. Wall knib and soffit have timber staff moulds
	Power points mid way up wall with surface mounted conduits
Ceiling	Decorative plaster cornice with later plasterboard ceiling
Doors	DG3.1: Four panel door stained facing G5 and painted facing G2. Reproduction brass knobs both sides. Decorative moulded timber architrave. Highlight. DG3.2: Solid core sliding flush door with stainless panels. Wall mounted
Windows	G3/W1: Double hung two pane sash windows without horns. Evidence for glazing bars being cut out and the sashes originally were six panes. Upper sash fitted with electric fan. Fittings for blinds and curtains.

Conservation policies

Reinstate original plan form and close up DG3.2

Investigate original floor finish.

Investigate earlier ceiling finish

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Retain hospital-era room name.

Consider retention of bed blocks.





Room G3 looking west.

Room G3 looking north-west to the later doorway.

	Room	G4	Original function	Not known: possibly Mrs TR Dibb's office
-		-		

Probably built for Thomas Dibbs in the 1880s. Converted to Matron's Sitting Room by the Australian Red Cross Society in 1916 with funds provided by North Sydney Superior (High) School. Room shown as the matron's room in a 1943 drawing.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original.

Alterations include installation of the battened ceiling and plaster cornice (mid twentieth century); wall vents and picture rail (early twentieth century), door openings DG3.2 and DG4.2 and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Carpet flooring over timber.
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards
Walls	Plaster Decorative plaster wall vents Moulded timber picture rail Decorative white Carrara marble fireplace surround on south wall. Decorative cast iron grate. Heath stone is concealed. Decorative cast iron with mirror overmantel. Evidence for painted decoration on walls
Ceiling	Masonite sheeting with battened timber cover strips. Shallow decorative plaster cornice with a lower section of undecorated plaster strip.
Doors	DG4.1: Four panel door painted on both faces. Crystal knob and brass to G4. Timber sign with "Matron's Sitting Room. North Sydney Superior School." Decorative moulded timber architrave. Night latch. DG4.2: Solid core sliding flush door. Opening formerly a window.
Windows	G4/W1: Double hung two pane sash windows with window locks and pulls. Decorative moulded timber architrave. Fittings for blinds and curtains with pelmet

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Reinstate window at DG4.2

Close up DG3.2

Investigate original floor finish.

Investigate and reinstate original ceiling and cornice finishes.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Retain hospital-era room name



Room G4. Looking south-west



Room G4. Fireplace

Room	G5	Original function	Hall
Lliataviaa			

Constructed c1874 for George Dibbs as part of the double-storey extension to Sayers' villa.

Described in the 1880 sale notice a 'wide hall'. Room shown in a 1916 photograph. Room shown as the hall in a 1943 drawing.

Integrity

Good aside from modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element Description	
Element	Description
Floor	Geometric and encaustic tiles.
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards
Walls	Plaster
	Arched openings with staff moulds and plaster capitals on wall knibs
	Rear hall has a wall mounted employee's timekeeping clock
Ceiling	Plaster with decorative plaster cornice
Doors	See entries for adjoining rooms.
Stair 1	Half-turn staircase with open balustrade of turned balusters, handrail and newel post. Plaster soffit

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

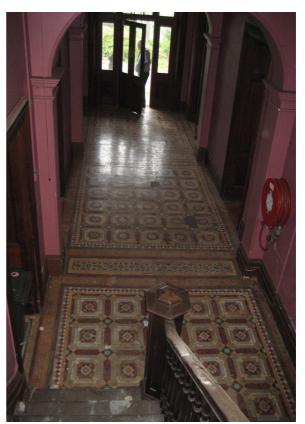
Conserve and restore early and original fabric inclusive of the wall brackets stored on-site

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room G5 looking north to the main stair.



Room G5 looking south to the front door

Room	G6	Original function	Not known: possibly the drawing room
Listorical notes			

Constructed c1874 for GR Dibbs as part of the double-storey extension to Sayers' villa. Probably the 'drawing room' described in the 1880 sale notice. Room shown in a photograph of c1900 and 1916. Room shown as the patients' dining room in a 1943 drawing.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original. Alterations include the installation of the ornate carved timber fireplace (late nineteenth century); picture rail (early twentieth century), insertion of door openings DG6.4 and DG6.5 and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Fitted vinyl flooring over timber.
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards
Walls	Plaster Decorative timber moulded picture rail Chimney breasts on north and west walls with timber staff moulds. Decorative timber fireplace surround on north and west walls with decorative timber overmantel with mirror. Pink marble margin and decorative tiles with floral and geometric patterns. Heath stone is similarly tiled and trimmed. Electric bell push Arched opening with decorative run plaster mouldings
Ceiling	Plaster with decorative plaster cornice
Doors	DG6.1: Four panel door stained facing G5 and painted facing G6. Timber sign with "Dining and Recreation Room Donated by North Sydney Superior School 1915". Decorative moulded timber architrave DG6.2: Four panel door stained facing G5 and painted facing G6. Decorative moulded timber architrave DG6.3: Four panel door stained facing G5 and painted facing G6. Knob removed. Nigh latch. Decorative moulded timber architrave DG6.4: Solid core, half glazed sliding flush door, wall mounted DG6.5: Solid core fire-rated flush door set within an infilled former window opening. Decorative moulded timber architrave is in situ.
Windows	G6/W5: Double hung, French windows with lower timber panel with reveal. Window pulls and latch. Fittings for blinds and curtain rod. Decorative moulded timber architrave G6/W6: Double hung, French windows with lower timber panel with reveal. Window pulls and latch. Fittings for blinds and curtain rod. Decorative moulded timber architrave G6/W1-W3: Double hung, French windows with lower timber panel with reveal. Window pulls and latch. Holland blinds and curtain rod. Decorative moulded timber architrave

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Reinstate window at DG6.5

Close-up DG6.4

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Retain hospital-era room name



Room G6, looking north



Room G6: Fireplace FP G6a



Room G6: Fireplace FP G6b

Room	G14/G15	Original function	Not known: probably rear service verandah
	•	\	

Constructed c1874 for GR Dibbs as part of the double-storey extension to Sayers' villa. Probably the lower level of a two storey verandah running the length of the north wall to the Kitchen. Originally open and fronted rear service courtyard. Existing configuration dates from addition of lavatory block in 1916.

Integrity

Poor: the original plan form is discernible as it the structural framing.

Alterations include the building of the lavatory block (1916), opening to DG6.4, serviceable concrete floor and other modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Concrete
Skirtings –	
Walls South: Painted brick and sandstone North: Rendered brick masonry	
Ceiling	Framing and boarding of floor above: 150mm tongue and groove boarding with joists with beaded edge Boarded soffit of Stair 3: 150mm tongue and groove boarding with beaded edge North side has remnants of timber framing of the verandah above
Doors DG6.4: Solid core, half glazed sliding flush door, wall mounted	
Windows	

Conservation policies

Reinstate original verandah plan form.

Remove 1916 and later additions

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Close-up DG6.4

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room G15. Looking at soffit of Stair 3

Room	F1	Original function	Not known: probably a bedroom
Lliataviaa	l notos	<u> </u>	

Constructed c.1850s for Edwin Sayers, as part of the double-storey extension to the original single-storey Euroka stone cottage. Probably one of the 'six good bedrooms' (with F2) described in 1880 sale notice. Room partitioned in 1924 and then shown as the Club Room. Room shown as a bedroom in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Good to post 1924 alteration. Alterations include the installation of the partitioning (1924), pressed metal ceiling (probably 1916); and modern finishes (c.1980s or 90s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor	150mm wide timber boards without covering	
Skirtings	310mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junction	
Walls	South, west and west: Plaster North: Plasterboard over timber partitioning visible in F2	
	Wall opening to bay window with staff moulds and reveal	
Ceiling	Decorative pressed metal ceiling and decorative plaster cornice	
Doors DF1.1: Three panel door with brass knob and plate		
Windows	F1/W1-W5: Double hung two pane sash windows with window locks and pulls. Decorative moulded timber architrave. 2 No. gas fittings on architrave. Vertical blinds. Fittings for blinds	

Conservation policies

Consider retention of post 1924 plan form.

Conserve and restore pre 1924 fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Retain hospital era room name

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room F1, bay window.

Room	F2	Original function	Not known: probably a room
Lliataviaa	l notos		

Constructed c.1850s for Edwin Sayers, as part of the double-storey extension to the original single-storey Euroka stone cottage. Bay window rebuilt for GR Dibbs c.1874. Probably one of the 'six good bedrooms' (with F1) described in 1880 sale notice. Room partitioned in 1924 and then shown as the Helper's Room. Room shown as a bedroom in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Good to post 1924 alteration. Alterations include the installation of the partitioning (1924), pressed metal ceiling (probably 1916); upper partition section (mid (20th), and modern finishes (c.1980s or 90s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor 150mm wide timber boards without covering	
Skirtings	310mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junction
Walls	North and west: Plaster East and south: Timber partitioning with later masonite sheeting above Chimney breast on north wall with timber staff moulds. 2 No. electric bell push Decorative timber fireplace surround on north wall. Cast-iron grate. Cement heath. Fitted kitchen cupboards (1990s?) on south wall.
Ceiling	Decorative pressed metal ceiling and decorative metal cornice
Doors	DF2.1: Three panel door with brass knob and plate
Windows	GF1/W1: Double hung two pane sash windows without horns. Evidence for glazing bars being cut out and the sashes originally were six pane. Fittings for blinds

Conservation policies

Consider retention of post 1924 plan form.

Conserve and restore pre 1924 fabric.

Retain hospital era name

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room F2, fireplace



Room F2, looking south-west

	Room	F3	Original function	Not known: probably a bedroom
Historical notes				
	Constructed c.1850s for Edwin Sayers, as part of the double-storey extension to the original single-storey Euroka stone cottage. Bay window added for GR Dibbs c.1874. Possibly one of the bedrooms described in the			

Euroka stone cottage. Bay window added for GR Dibbs c.1874. Possibly one of the bedrooms described in the 1880 sale notice. Converted to a hospital ward by the Red Cross in 1916. Room shown as the Neutral Bay Ward in a drawing dated 1924. Room shown as the Sitting Room in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Good

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor 150mm wide timber boards without covering.		
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junction	
Walls	North, south and west: Plaster East: Lath and plaster Chimney breast on south wall with timber staff moulds. Electric bell push Timber fireplace surround on south wall. Cast-iron grate (damaged). Cement heath. Wall opening to bay window with staff moulds and 2 No. gas fittings	
Ceiling Plasterboard with decorative plaster cornice		
Doors DF3.1: Four panel door. Brass knobs with plate. Highlight. Decorative rarchitrave. Night latch		
Windows	F3/W1-W5: Double hung two pane sash windows with window locks and pulls. Decorative moulded timber architrave. Holland blinds, and curtains with pelmet	

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Retain hospital-era room name.

Consider retention of bed blocks.



Room F3, looking east



Room F3, fireplace

Room	F4	Original function	Not known: probably a bedroom
	-	1	

Constructed c.1850s for Edwin Sayers, as part of the double-storey extension to the original single-storey Euroka stone cottage. Probably one of the 'six good bedrooms' described in 1880 sale notice. Converted to a hospital ward by the Red Cross in 1916. Room shown as the Northern Suburbs Ward in a drawing dated 1924. Room shown as a bedroom in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Good; the plan form is original. Alterations include the installation of the pressed metal ceiling (probably 1916); picture rail (early 20th century; and modern finishes (c.1980s or 90s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	150mm wide timber boards without covering.
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junction
Walls	Plaster Timber picture rails Chimney breast on north wall with timber staff moulds. 1 No. electric bell push. 2 No. gas fittings Timber fireplace surround on north wall. Cast-iron grate. Cement heath.
Ceiling	Pressed metal with decorative plaster cornice. Pressed metal ceiling rose
Doors	DF4.1: Four panel door. Brass knobs with plate. Ceramic finger plate. Decorative moulded timber architrave. Night latch
Windows	F4/W1: Double hung two pane sash windows without horns. Evidence for glazing bars being cut out and the sashes originally were six panes. Decorative moulded timber architrave. Fittings for blinds
•	

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Retain hospital-era room name.

Consider retention of bed blocks.



Room F4, fireplace



Room F4, looking north-west.

			GNATTHWAITE - CONSERVATION MANAGEMENT PLAN	
Room	F5	Original function	Not known	
Historica	l notes			
ward by t		16. Room shown as the 0	e-storey extension to Sayers' villa. Converted to a hospital Cullen Ward in a drawing dated 1924. Room shown as a	
Integrity				
Good				
Schedule	e of fabric			
Element	Descri	Description		
Floor	150mm	150mm wide timber boards without covering		
Skirtings	330mn	n moulded timber skirting	boards	
Walls	Plaster			
Ceiling	Plaster	Plaster with decorative plaster cornice		
Doors DF5.1: Four panel door. Brass knobs with plate. Ceramic fingerplate. Decorat moulded timber architrave. Night latch and barrel bolt				
	DF5.2: bolt	DF5.2: Four panel door. Ceramic fingerplate. Decorative moulded timber architrave. Barrel bolt		
DF5.3: Four panel door. Brass knob missing. Decorative moulded timber architrav			nob missing. Decorative moulded timber architrave	
Windows	Windows F5/W1: Double hung, French windows with lower timber panel with reveal. Window pulls and latch. Fittings for blinds. Decorative moulded timber architrave			
Conserv	ation policies			

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Retain hospital-era room name







Room F5 looking south to the verandah

Room	F6	_	Not known: probably a bedroom
Historica	l notes	<u> </u>	

Constructed c.1874 for GR Dibbs as part of the double-storey extension to Sayers' villa. Probably one of the 'six good bedrooms' described in 1880 sale notice. Converted to a hospital ward by the Red Cross in 1916. Room shown as the Thurgood Ward in a drawing dated 1924. Room shown as a bedroom in a drawing dated

Integrity

Good. Alterations include the pressed metal ceilings (probably 1916), and modern finishes (c.1980s or 90s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor	150mm wide timber boards without covering	
Skirtings 330mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junc		
Walls	Plaster Chimney breast on west wall with timber staff moulds. 1 No. electric bell push Decorative timber fireplace surround on west wall. Cast-iron grate. Cement heath	
Ceiling	Decorative pressed metal ceiling and decorative metal cornice. Pressed metal ceiling rose.	
Doors DF5.3: Four panel door. Ceramic fingerplate. Decorative moulded timber arc Panelled reveal DF6.1: Four panel door. Brass rose and knob. Night latch. Decorative mould architrave		
Windows	F6W1&2: Double hung, French windows with lower timber panel with reveal. Window pulls and latch. Fittings for blinds. Decorative moulded timber architrave	

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Retain hospital-era room name.

Consider retention of bed blocks.



Room F6, fireplace



Room F6, looking west.

Room	F7	Original function	Not known: possibly the bathroom
	-	3	

Constructed c.1874 for GR Dibbs as part of the double-storey extension to Sayers' villa. Converted to a hospital ward by the Red Cross in 1916. Room shown as the Kirribilli Ward in a drawing dated 1924. Room shown as a bedroom in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Fair: the plan form is original. Alterations include the installation of the plasterboard ceiling (late 20th century); picture rail (early 20th century) and modern finishes (c.1980s or 90s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor	150mm wide timber boards without covering	
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junction	
Walls	Plaster Timber picture rail Gas fitting	
Ceiling	Plasterboard ceiling and coved profile plasterboard cornice	
Doors DF7.1: Four panel door. Brass rose and knob. Ceramic fingerplate. Decorative mould timber architrave. Highlight. Night latch		
Windows	F7W1: Double hung, French windows with lower timber panel with reveal. Window pulls and latch. Fittings for blinds. Decorative moulded timber architrave	

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Retain hospital-era room name.

Consider retention of bed blocks.



Room F7, looking east.

Room	F8	Original function	Not known: possibly a nursery

Constructed c.1874 for GR Dibbs as part of the double-storey extension to Sayers' villa. Probably one of the 'six good bedrooms' described in 1880 sale notice. Converted to a hospital ward by the Red Cross in 1916. Room shown as the Golden Button Ward in a drawing dated 1924. Room shown as a bedroom in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Good and retains original plan form. Alterations include the picture rail (early 20th century) and modern finishes (c.1980s or 90s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description		
Floor	150mm wide timber boards without covering.		
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards with timber strips at wall/floor junction		
Walls	Plaster Timber picture rail		
	Chimney breast on north wall with timber staff moulds. 1 No. electric bell push. Evidence for gas fitting		
	Decorative timber fireplace surround on north wall. Cast-iron grate. Cement heath		
	Decorative timber overmantel with mirror inlay		
	Electricity junction box		
Ceiling	Plaster ceiling and decorative plaster cornice		
Doors	DF8.1: Four panel door. Brass rose and knob. Ceramic fingerplate. Night latch. Decorative moulded timber architrave		
	DF8.2: Four panel door. Brass rose and knob. Night latch. Decorative moulded timber architrave		
Windows	F8W1: Double hung, French windows with lower timber panel with reveal and with side lights. Window pulls and latch. Fittings for blinds. Decorative moulded timber architrave		

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Retain hospital-era room name

Retain bed blocks



Room F8, fireplace



Room F8, looking north-east

Room	F9	Original function	Landing
∐ ictorioo			

Constructed c.1874 for GR Dibbs as part of the double-storey extension to Sayers' villa. Probably the 'large landing' described in the 1880 sale notice. Room shown as the hall in drawings dated 1924 and 1943.

Integrity

Good: the plan form is original. Alterations include the installation of the cast iron balustrading to land (date?) and changes to landing window (1916).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor	150mm wide timber boards without covering	
Skirtings	330mm moulded timber skirting boards	
Walls	Plaster Arched openings with staff moulds and plaster capitals on wall nibs	
Ceiling	Plaster with decorative plaster cornice	
Doors See entries for adjoining rooms		
Windows: A5/W1 (Landing window): Double hung sash window with lower sash removed and obricked in. Remaining sash glazed in leaded rippled glass. Landing has a cast iron balustrade.		
Stair 1	Half-turn staircase with open balustrade of turned balusters, handrail and newel post. Plaster soffit. Moulded timber skirting. Remnant linoleum runner in the risers. Evidence for painted ashlar lined wall decoration	

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.

Investigate and reinstate landing window to pre 1916 configuration







Room F9 looking south

Room	F14	Original function	Not known: probably rear service verandah
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	h		
8			

Constructed c.1874 for GR Dibbs as part of the double-storey extension to Sayers' villa. Probably the upper level of a two storey verandah running the length of the north wall to the Kitchen. Originally open and roofed and fronted rear service courtyard. Existing configuration dates from addition of lavatory block in 1916.

Integrity

Poor: the original plan form is discernible as it the structural framing and coved roof. Alterations include the building of the lavatory block (1916), modern finishes (c.1980s or 90s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description			
Floor	Fitted vinyl over timber boards.			
Skirtings				
Walls	Painted sandstone and plaster Boarded partitioning			
Ceiling	150mm edge beaded tongue and groove boards Plaster with strip timber cornice Coved corrugated iron soffit of verandah roof and timber framing with stop chamfered members			
Doors	DF14.1: Four panel door. Brass knob. Decorative moulded timber architrave DF14.2: Four panel door. Brass knob. Panelled reveal. Decorative moulded timber architrave			
Stairs	STAIR 3: Timber risers and treads STAIR 4: Timber risers and treads. Timber handrail and newel post with decorative cast iron balustrade STAIR 2: Timber risers and treads. Timber handrail and newel post with decorative cast iron balustrade; part operable gate			

Conservation policies

Reinstate original verandah plan form.

Remove 1916 and later additions

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room F14., stair 4 and stair 2



Room F14, looking east.

Rooms	A1-A5	Original function	Not known: probably bedrooms
	•	1	

Constructed c.1874 for GR Dibbs as part of the double-storey extension to Sayers' villa. Rooms described as bedrooms in the 1880 sale notice.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original. Alterations include the installation of the strapped plaster ceiling (early 20th century), highlights (mid 20th century) and modern finishes (c.1980s or 90s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	150mm wide timber boards without covering.
Skirtings	190 mm moulded timber skirting boards
Walls	Plaster to stair hall Lath and plaster stud walls
Ceiling	Battened plaster with decorative rosettes
Doors	DA2.1-D5.1: Four panel doors. Ceramic knobs. Later highlight
Windows	A4W1, A3W1-W2, A2W1-W2, A1W1: Double hung sash windows with rounded upper sash head
Other	Cedar linen cupboard in A2 Stored cast iron railing from the roof observatory in A3

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.





Room A4 looking east

Room A1 with early joinery on the left

KITCHEN WING

Room	G7	Original function	Kitchen
£			

The lower level of the Kitchen Wing, including Room G7, was probably constructed c1850s as a one storey building for Edwin Sayers.

The lower level of the Kitchen Wing is depicted in a c1874 photograph.

Room originally comprised two spaces with the cross wall containing a fireplace. Shown as the kitchen (south) and nurse's room (north) in a drawing dated 1916. The cross wall was removed in the 1980s or 1990s.

Integrity

Generally poor as the original plan form is lost.

Alterations include the modern (c1890s/1990s) fitout and finishes.

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Quarry tiles over concrete
Skirtings	_
Walls	Plaster and glazed tiles
Ceiling	Battened fibreboard
Doors	DG7.1: Four panel door with beaded sunk mould on external face. Internal face has no mouldings. Night latch. Highlight. Quad profile architrave DG7.2: Fire rated flush door
Windows	G7/W1& W2: Double hung sash window G7/W5 & W6: Double hung sash window without horns, six panes per sash. Pulls and latch. Sill height raised

Conservation policies

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Reinstate original plan form if warranted.

Investigate original floor finish if warranted.

Remove modern finishes and fittings if warranted.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes if warranted.



Room G7, looking south.



Room G7, looking north.

Room	G7A	Original function	Not known: possibly a lavatory

The lower level of the Kitchen Wing, including Room G7A, was probably constructed c1850s as a one storey building for Edwin Sayers.

The lower level of the Kitchen Wing is depicted in a c1874 photograph.

The room originally comprised windows to the east and west and a door to the north.

The room is shown as a store in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Generally poor, but the plan form seems to be original.

Alterations include the blocking up of the windows and installation of the cool room unit (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Concrete
Skirtings	_
Walls	Pressed steel
Ceiling	Pressed steel
Doors	Sliding pressed steel door
Windows	G7A/W1: Double hung sash window

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Investigate original floor finish if warranted.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Reopen windows G7/W1 and W7

Remove modern finishes and fittings if warranted.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes if warranted.

Room	G16	_	Not known: Probably open passage
3	-	1	

The lower level of the Kitchen Wing, including Room G16, was probably constructed c1850s as a one storey building for Edwin Sayers.

The lower level of the Kitchen Wing is depicted in a c1874 photograph.

This space could have originally provided fire separation between the House and the kitchen. The brick arch over DG16.1 seems a later (perhaps George Dibbs) insertion suggesting that the room itself may have been formed c1874.

The room is shown as a passage in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original to c1874 and further investigation is likely to reveal more of its early configuration.

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Quarry tiles on concrete
Skirtings	_
Walls	West: Timber boarding abutting a brick arched opening
	North, south and east: Painted sandstone masonry
	East: Boarded panelling of Stair 2. Tongue and groove with beaded edge Telecommunications switch box.
	Bricked-in opening on north wall with iron lintel
	Bricked-in window opening on south wall opening to verandah and partially obscured by Stair 2
Ceiling	Ripple iron with a quad profile cornice
Doors	DG16.1: Four panel door, one panel metal gauze. Night latch. Frame with beaded margin
Windows	G7/W7: Sash removed and panel fitted. Decorative moulded timber architrave

Conservation policies

Reinstate post 1874 plan form if warranted.

Investigate original floor finish if warranted.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings if warranted.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes







Room G16 looking east.

Room	G17	Original function	Not known: possibly scullery

The lower level of the Kitchen Wing, including Room G17, was probably constructed c1850s as a one storey building for Edwin Sayers.

The lower level of the Kitchen Wing is depicted in a c1874 photograph.

The room is shown as the laundry in a drawing dated 1916 and as the scullery in a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original.

Alterations include the installations, and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Date of door opening to G7 requires further investigation.

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Quarry tiles over concrete
Skirtings	_
Walls	Plaster and glazed tiles
	Chimney flue on east/south wall junction
Ceiling	Battened fibreboard
Doors	DG17.1: four panel door with external flyscreen
Windows	G7/W4 & W5: Double hung sash window. Quad profile architrave. Latch

Conservation policies

Reinstate original plan form if warranted.

Investigate original floor finish if warranted.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings if warranted.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes if warranted.



G17, looking east.

Room	F10	Original function	Not known: probably a bedroom
	***************************************	1	

It is likely that the upper level of the Kitchen Wing, including Room F10, was constructed c1874.

The timber partitions were constructed in 1924.

The room is shown as a sewing room in a drawing dated 1924 and then was converted to a bedroom for nurses—it is shown as a bedroom on a drawing dated 1943.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original.

Alterations include the installation of the battened fibreboard ceiling (c1920s); timber partitioning (1924), infilling of space above partitioning (mid twentieth century) and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Fitted vinyl over timber boards.
Skirtings	190mm moulded timber skirting boards
Walls	North, south and east: Plaster North wall: Chimney flue with timber staff moulds West: Timber partition with later fibreboard upper section.
Ceiling	Timber battened fibreboard
Doors	DF10.1: Three panel door. Brass knob and plate. Night latch
Windows	F10/W1: Double hung sash. Pull and latch. Decorative moulded timber architrave

Conservation policies

Retain post-1924 plan form.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove post-1924 finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



F10, looking east.

Room	F10A/F11A	Original function	Not known: probably passage	

It is likely that the upper level of the Kitchen Wing, including Room F10A/F11A, was constructed c1874. The timber partitions were constructed in 1924.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original.

Alterations include the installation of the battened fibreboard ceiling (c1920s); timber partitioning (1924), infilling of space above partitioning (mid twentieth century) and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor	Fitted vinyl over timber boards.	
Skirtings	190mm moulded timber skirting boards (west)	
Walls	North, south and west: plaster East: Timber partition with later fibreboard upper section	
Ceiling	Timber battened fibreboard	
Doors	DF11.2: Four panel door	
Window	F11A/W1 & F10A/W1: Double hung sash. Pull and latch. Blind fittings. Decorative moulded timber architrave	

Conservation policies

Consider retention of post-1924 plan form.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove post-1924 finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room F10A. Looking north. The 1924 timber partitions and mid-twentieth century upper level infill are at right.

Room	F11	Original function	Not known: probably bedroom

It is likely that the upper level of the Kitchen Wing, including Room F11, was constructed c1874.

The timber partitions were constructed in 1924.

The room is shown as the Sister's Bedroom on a 1924 drawing and as a bedroom in a 1943 drawing.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original.

Alterations include the installation of the battened fibreboard ceiling (c1920s); timber partitioning (1924), infilling of space above partitioning (mid twentieth century) and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor	Fitted vinyl over timber boards.	
Skirtings	190mm moulded timber skirting boards	
Walls North, south and east: Plaster North wall: Chimney flue with timber staff moulds West: Timber partition with later fibreboard upper section		
Ceiling	Timber battened fibreboard	
Doors	DF11.1: Four panel door. Brass knob	
Windows	F11/W1: Double hung sash. Pull and latch. Blind fittings. Decorative moulded timber architrave	

Conservation policies

Consider retention of post-1924 plan form.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove post-1924 finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room F11, looking east.

	Room	F12	Original function	Not known: probably housekeeper's bedroom		
	Historica	Historical notes				
It is likely that the upper level of the Kitchen Wing, including Room F12, was constructed c1874.				ng Room F12, was constructed c1874.		
	The room is shown as the Matron's bedroom in a 1924 drawing and as a bedroom in a 1943 drawing					

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original.

Alterations include installation of battened fibreboard ceiling (c1920s) and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor	Fitted vinyl over timber boards.	
Skirtings	190mm moulded timber skirting boards	
Walls	Plaster Chimney flue at south-east wall junction	
Ceiling	Timber battened fibreboard	
Doors DF12.3: Four panel door. Brass knob		
Windows	F12/W1 & W2: Double hung sash. Pull and latch. Blind fittings. Decorative moulded timber architrave	

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room F12, looking east

Room	F13	Original function	Not known: probably bathroom
2		<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	
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It is likely that the upper level of the Kitchen Wing, including Room F13, was constructed c1874.

The room is shown as a bathroom in a 1924 drawing.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is original.

Alterations include the installation of battened fibreboard ceiling (late twentieth century); and finishes and fittings (mid twentieth century).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor Tessellated tiles		
Skirtings –		
Walls Plaster and glazed tiles		
Ceiling	Plasterboard and coved plasterboard cornice	
Doors	DF13.1: Four panel door. Brass knob	
Windows	F13/W1: Double hung sash. Pull and latch. Blind fittings. Decorative moulded timber architrave	

Conservation policies

Retain original plan form.

Retain bathroom use

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings if warranted

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room F13. Looking east into the bathroom.

LAVATORY BLOCK

Room	G9 and G9A	Original function	Urinals and passage		
Historica	Historical notes				
Construc	ted 1915/16 for the A	ustralian Red Cross Socie	ety as part of a two-storey lavatory and bathroom wing.		
Integrity					
High. Re	tains original plan forn	n, some fittings and most	finishes.		
Fittings u	ograded in the 1980s	or 1990s.			
Schedule	of fabric				
Element	Descript	Description			
Floor	Ceramic	Ceramic tiles over concrete			
Skirtings					
Walls	Plaster	Plaster			
Ceiling	Battened	Battened fibrous plaster			
Doors	DG9.1: F	our panel door, splayed t	imber architrave		
Windows	<u> </u>	G9/W1-W3: Timber framed casement with rippled glass glazing. Casement stay. Louvred panel above			
	G9a/W1 and W2: Timber framed casement. Casement stay.				
Conserva	Conservation policies				
The struc Home.	The structure is of historical interest insofar it demonstrates its role as part of the Red Cross Convalescent Home.				
If propose	If proposed to be demolished, a photographic archival recording should be undertaken prior to its removal.				

Room	G11 and G12	Original function	Bathrooms			
Historica	Historical notes					
Construc	cted 1915/16 for the A	Australian Red Cross Soci	iety as part of a two-storey lavatory and bathroom wing.			
G12 is sh	nown as the Doctor's	Room on a 1916 drawing	g and as Pan Room No. 2 in a 1943 drawing.			
Integrity	,					
High. Re	etains original plan for	m and some fittings and r	most finishes.			
Fittings u	ipgraded in the 1980	s or 1990s.				
Schedul	e of fabric					
Element	Descrip	Description				
Floor	Vinyl an	Vinyl and tile over concrete				
Skirtings	Skirtings —					
Walls	Walls Plaster					
Ceiling	Battene	d fibrous plaster				
Doors	DG11.1	: Four panel door, decora	tive moulded timber architrave			
	DG12.1: Four panel door, splayed timber architrave					
Windows	Windows G12/W1: Double hung timber sash window					
Conservation policies						
The structure is of historical interest insofar it demonstrates its role as part of the Red Cross Convalescent Home.						

If proposed to be demolished, a photographic archival recording should be undertaken prior to its removal.

Room	F14	Original function	Lavatories		
Historica	Historical notes				
Construc	Constructed 1915/16 for the Australian Red Cross Society as part of a two-storey lavatory and bathroom wing.				
Integrity					
High. Re	tains original plan forn	n and some fittings and m	nost finishes.		
Fittings u	ograded in the 1980s	or 1990s.			
Schedule	of fabric				
Element	Descript	Description			
Floor	Tiles ove	Tiles over concrete			
Skirtings	Tiles	Tiles			
Walls	alls Plaster				
Ceiling	Ceiling Battened fibrous plaster				
Doors	Un-numk	pered: Four panel door. La	atch and pull		
Windows	Windows F14/W1 & W2: Timber framed casement with rippled glass glazing. Casement stay. Louvred panel above				
Conserva	Conservation policies				
The struc Home.	The structure is of historical interest insofar it demonstrates its role as part of the Red Cross Convalescent Home.				
If propose	If proposed to be demolished, a photographic archival recording should be undertaken prior to its removal.				



Room F14. Looking north

Room	F15	Original function	Bathroom	
Historica	al notes			
Construc	eted 1915/16 fo	or the Australian Red Cross S	ociety as part of a two-storey lavatory and bathroom wing.	
Integrity				
High. Re	etains original p	lan form and some fittings an	d most finishes.	
Fittings u	pgraded in the	1980s or 1990s.		
Schedul	Schedule of fabric			
Element	ment Description			
Floor	oor Tiled			
Skirtings	Skirtings — —			
Walls	Pla	aster		
Ceiling	Ва	attened fibrous plaster		
Doors	Doors DG15.1: Four panel door, decorative moulded timber architrave			
Windows	Vindows F15/W1: Double hung timber sash window. Pulls and latch. Decorative moulded timber architrave			
Conserv	ation policies			
The struc	The structure is of historical interest insofar it demonstrates its role as part of the Red Cross Convalescent			

The structure is of historical interest insofar it demonstrates its role as part of the Red Cross Convalescent Home.

If proposed to be demolished, a photographic archival recording should be undertaken prior to its removal.

Room	F16	Original function	Bathroom and Urinals			
Historica	ıl notes					
Construc	ted 1915/16 for the	Australian Red Cross Soc	ciety as part of a two-storey lavatory and bathroom wing.			
Integrity	94139141491414914144914491449149149149144914					
High. Re	tains original plan fo	m and some fittings and	most finishes.			
The terra	zzo partitions were ir	nstalled in the 1950s or 1	960s.			
Fittings u	pgraded in the 1980	s or 1990s.				
Schedule	e of fabric					
Element	Descrip	Description				
Floor	Fibrebo	Fibreboard and tiles				
Skirtings						
Walls	North w	vall passage: Timber stud	frame and battened fibreboard and timber boarded dado.			
	East ald	East alcove: Plaster and vitrified tiles. J. Tylor and Sons Ltd. Belmont bed pan sluice				
	Plaster					
	WC & E	WC & Bath: vitrified tiles				
	Terrazz	Terrazzo cubicle partitions with boarded and braced door				
Ceiling	Timber	Timber battened fibreboard				
Doors	DF16.1	DF16.1: Four panel door, brass knob. Splayed timber architrave				
Windows	F16/W1	F16/W1: Timber framed casement. Casement stay				
	F16/W2	: Timber framed, fixed gl	azing			
		F16/W3 & W4: Timber framed casement with rippled glass glazing. Casement stay. Louvred panel above				
Conserv	ation policies					

The structure is of historical interest insofar it demonstrates its role as part of the Red Cross Convalescent Home.

If proposed to be demolished, a photographic archival recording should be undertaken prior to its removal.



Room F16. Looking west

FORMER STABLES BUILDING

Room	G19A	Original function	Part stable/coach house

The building was originally constructed c1833 as a stable/coach house for 'Euroka Cottage'.

Room G19A is shown in a 1916 drawing with a partitioned bathroom at the north end. The south wall was constructed at this time, the bathroom removed, and the space used as a general store. The bathroom probably dated to the 1880s.

The bathroom and fireplace in Room G19b suggests that the co-joined room was a residence from c1882.

Integrity

Poor.

Alterations include the concrete floor (late twentieth century), reframing the ceiling/floor and changes to the windows (late nineteenth century), removal of the bathroom (for which framing is insitu in the ceiling) and construction of south wall (1916).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Concrete
Skirtings	
Walls	North, east and west: Painted sandstone masonry
	South: Painted brick masonry
	Along west wall ceiling joists are supported on a timber plate set within the wall
	Shelving along west and south walls with chipboard shelves
Ceiling	Machine cut boards and joists of floor above.
	Two cross timber members at 90 degrees to end wall with notches cut into south edge
Doors	DG9.2: Ledged and braced door with beaded edge boarding. Bracing has bevelled edge. Mid-stile is cut in two. 4 No. iron strap hinges. (19 th rim lock. Night latch
Windows	G19/W3: Double hung sash window without horns. Vertical sash bar. Strip timber architrave
	G19/W2: Double hung sash window. Pulls and latch. Decorative moulded architrave

Conservation policies

Retain existing plan form as evidence for hospital use.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room 19A, looking north-west

Room	G19b	Original function	Part stable/coach house
\$		1	

Historical notes

The building was the original stable/coach house at Euroka and is believed to date to Walker's c.1833 development.

Room G19b is shown in a 1916 drawing. The north wall and door DG19.1 was inserted at this time, and the space used as a meat store. The door opening in the north wall is not shown.

The fireplace was constructed in the 1880s.

The bathroom and fireplace in Room G19a suggests that the co-joined room was a residence from c1882.

Integrity

Poor.

Alterations include the concrete floor (late twentieth century), the reframing the ceiling/floor (subject to further investigation), changes to the east wall, and insertion of fireplace (late nineteenth century), and installation of DG19.1 (1916).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description	
Floor	Concrete	
Skirtings		
Walls	East and west: Painted sandstone masonry	
	North and south: Painted brick masonry	
	South wall at west end: Painted sandstone masonry	
	South: Brick fireplace with brick hob and mantel	
	East: Section of later infilling below hardwood lintel	
Ceiling	Fibreboard with quad profile timber cornice	
Doors	DG19.1: Four panel door and timber frame	
Windows	G19/W1: Double hung sash window. Pulls and latch. Decorative moulded architrave	

Conservation policies

Retain existing plan form as evidence for Dibbs era use.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room 19B, looking south

Room	G19c	Original function	Part stable/coach house

Historical notes

The building was the original stable/coach house at Euroka and is believed to date to Walker's c.1833 development.

Room G19c is shown in a 1916 drawing as the boiler room. The east wall at this time was infilled and with a door opening. Physical investigation is required to determine if the west cross wall is original or an alteration dating to the 1880s. The division into two spaces is shown in the 1916 drawing. The association of this space with the boiler room could date to the 1880s.

Integrity

Poor.

Alterations include the concrete floor (late twentieth century), reframing the ceiling/floor and probable rebuilding of west wall and use as boiler house (late nineteenth century), removal of east wall (late twentieth century).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Concrete
	North-west corner has a laid brick platform
Skirtings	
Walls	Whitewashed sandstone masonry
	West and south walls have notched housings for timber members
Ceiling	Machine cut boards and joists of floor above.
	Framing and housing for a circular flue (now removed)
Doors	Steel roller door and hardwood lintel
Windows	

Conservation policies

Retain plan form as evidence of Dibbs era use as boiler house

Investigate original floor finish.

Investigate earlier east wall details.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room 19c, looking north-west.

FORMER MASSAGE ROOM/DOCTORS ROOM AND COVERED WAY

Room	G8	Original function	North - Massage Room/South - Doctor's Room

Historical notes

Constructed in 1916 for the Australian Red Cross Society for use as the massage room and doctor's room.

Integrity

Generally good: the plan form is discernible and most of the original fabric is intact.

Alterations include the installation of the terrazzo floor and removal of the cross wall (1950s or 1960s), insertion of DG 8.1 and modern finishes (c1980s or 1990s).

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	North: Carpet over terrazzo
	South: Terrazzo
Skirtings	Coved terrazzo
Walls	Plaster
	Decorative moulded timber picture rails
	Evidence for early painted finish
	Decorative plaster vents
	Evidence in ceiling for a cross wall
Ceiling	Fibrous plaster, pitched at wall junction.
Doors	DG8.3: 2 No. four panel doors with deep reveals. Brass knob. Ceramic fingerplate. Barrel bolt. Night latch. Splayed profile timber architrave with skirting block
	DG8.2: four panel door with deep reveals. Splayed profile timber architrave
	DG8.1: Fire rated sliding flush door, wall mounted. Located within a former window opening
Windows	G8/W1-W4: Double hung sash window. Pulls and latch. Decorative timber architrave

Conservation policies

Reinstate original plan form.

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Close-up DG8.1 and reconstruct window.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room G8, looking south.

Room G10		Original function	Covered Way		
Historica	Historical notes				
Construc	Constructed 1980s or 1990s.				
Integrity	Integrity				
_					
Schedul	e of fabric				
Element	Descrip	Description			
Floor	Concre	Concrete			
Skirtings					
Walls	North: External wall. Rendered brick lined as ashlar and coloured as sandstone				
East: Rendered stone wall to courtyard with rounded top			urtyard with rounded top		
West: Timber stud frame and fibreboard panelling			reboard panelling		
Ceiling	Fibrebo	Fibreboard			
Doors		DG8.1: Fire rated sliding flush door, wall mounted. Located within a former window opening			
		DG4.2: Fire rated sliding flush door, wall mounted. Located within a former window opening			
Windows	G9/W4:	G9/W4: Timber casement with louvred glass upper section (panes missing)			
Conserv	Conservation policies				

The covered way is an intrusive element and may be contributing to the physical deterioration of more significant elements and fabric. It should be carefully removed when the opportunity arises and any damage to significant elements or fabric made good.



Room G10, remnant courtyard wall.

Room	G18	Original function	Covered Way	
Historica				

Constructed in 1916 for the Australian Red Cross Society to provide access to the massage room and doctor's room (Room G8). This space provided a covered way from the House linking with G9a

Integrity

Poor: the sense of a connecting covered way has been removed.

The changes seem to have been made in the 1980s or 1990s.

Schedule of fabric

Element	Description
Floor	Vinyl over concrete
Skirtings	
Walls	West: Cement rendered and lined out as ashlar masonry
	East: Rendered bricks with aluminium framed glazed upper section
	Cross north wall: Cement rendered and lined out as ashlar masonry and upper section of painted sandstone
	North wall and return: Cement rendered and lined out as ashlar masonry
Ceiling	Soffit of corrugated iron roof and timber structure
Doors	DG8.3: 2 No. four panel doors with deep reveals. Brass knob. Ceramic fingerplate. Barrel bolt. Night latch. Lambs tongue profile timber architrave with skirting block
	DG8.2: Four panel door with deep reveals
Windows	_

Conservation policies

Investigate original floor finish.

Conserve and restore early and original fabric.

Remove modern finishes and fittings.

Remove surface-mounted services and repair original finishes.



Room G18—looking south towards infill wall. Entry to the former massage room is at right.