

BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA 2010 REPORT

Graythwaite House - BCA Upgrade Report 20 Edward Street, North Sydney 22 September 2010 Project No. 251068

0	\bigcirc		\bigcirc						
\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc						
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
\bigcirc	0								
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
\bigcirc									
\bigcirc	0	0	\bigcirc						
\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc							
Global	property	& constru	uction cor	nsultants	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	



Project Contacts		
Client:	SHORE School	
Project Manager:	Tanner Architects	
Building Surveying:	Charles Slack-Smith – Davis Langdon	

CONTENTS

1.	BACKGROUND	3
2.	INTRODUCTION	4
	BUILDING DESCRIPTION	
4.	BCA UPGRADE ITEMS PROPOSED	6
5.	BCA NON-COMPLIANCES – NOT PROPOSED TO BE UPGRADED	8
6.	BCA NON-COMPLIANCES – FIRE ENGINEERING PROPOSED	10
7.	ESSENTIAL FIRE & OTHER SAFETY MEASURES	11
8.	RECOMMENDATIONS	12

Appendix 1: Detailed BCA Assessment of Buildings

Appendix 2: Fire Resistance Provisions

DL Quality System						
Job Number/Ref:	251068	Revision Number:	С	Issue Date:	22.9.2010	
Checked By:	Brett Clabburn	Author:	Charles Slack-Smith			
Distribution:	All					

Revision History					
Rev No.	Date	Revision Details	Author	QA Check	
Α	27.7.2010	Initial BCA Assessment	CSS	BC	
В	7.9.2010	DA report for Submission	CSS	BC	
С	22.9.2010	Amendments to previous report	CSS	BC	



1. BACKGROUND

The project involves the conservation and refurbishment of Graythwaite House (the house). The existing building is of a highly significant heritage nature and is in a state of disrepair.

This report outlines the current areas of non-compliance with the BCA and then outlines the anticipated requirements required to be upgraded to ensure an appropriate level of fire and life safety for the building is achieved as required by Clause 94 of the EP & A Regulations for assessment by the consent authority.



2. INTRODUCTION

Property Description

The report is for the assessment of Graythwaite House for the purpose of assessing the level of compliance with the Building Code of Australia 2010 ("BCA"). A summary of all relevant clauses of the BCA is attached under Appendix 1.

The report is prepared based on a visual inspection of the premises and review of the developed documentation to date as listed.

Reporting Team

The information contained within this report was prepared by Charles Slack-Smith Accredited Certifier Grade A1 (BPB 0378) from Davis Langdon.

Current Legislation

The applicable legislation governing the design of buildings is the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

This report is split into sections, those existing non-compliances with the building to be fire engineered/addressed by alternative solutions, those non-compliances that have been proposed to be upgraded or addressed by the design team, and those items of non-compliance not proposed to be upgraded for assessment by the consent authority as to whether an upgrade will be required under the provisions on Clause 94 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 as detailed in the clause exert below.

Clause 94 - Consent authority may require buildings to be upgraded (EP & A Regulation 2000)

- (1) This clause applies to a development application for development involving the rebuilding, alteration, enlargement or extension of an existing building where:
 - (a) the proposed building work, together with any other building work completed or authorised within the previous 3 years, represents more than half the total volume of the building, as it was before any such work was commenced, measured over its roof and external walls, **or**
 - (b) the measures contained in the building are inadequate:
 - i. to protect persons using the building, and to facilitate their egress from the building, in the event of fire, or
 - ii. to restrict the spread of fire from the building to other buildings nearby.
- (2) In determining a development application to which this clause applies, a consent authority is to take into consideration whether it would be appropriate to require the existing building to be brought into total or partial conformity with the Building Code of Australia.

(3) The matters prescribed by this clause are prescribed for the purposes of section 79C (1) (a) (iv) of the Act.

As such those matters listed in the upgrading section are the only items proposed to be upgraded as part of these works and unless a specific DA condition requiring an upgrade for the other items is provided then this is all the upgrading works that the Applicant is anticipating to be undertaken as part of these works.

The provisions of this Act and Regs, in particular Clause 98, require that all <u>new</u> building works are to be designed in accordance with the technical provisions of the State's building laws and in particular, the Building Code of Australia 2010 and this will be achieved for any new works undertaken.



3. BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Project

The project involves the refurbishment and conservation of "the house" and as stated earlier the existing building is a significant heritage building in a state of disrepair.

Building Description

Graythwaite House

Proposed Building Use: Office/ Administration Area and Function Use

Class of Occupancy: Class 5 & 9b

Type of Construction: Type B

Rise in Storeys: Three (3)

Note: subfloor area was not assessed as being a storey

Levels Contained: Three (3)

Floor Area: Approx 1200m2
Effective Height: Less than 12m

Note: Should the Construction Certificate application not be lodged before 1st May 2011 then the provisions of BCA 2011 will apply to the project which may have design ramifications to the design of the project particularly in regards to disabled access provisions, however as this new BCA has not been released an assessment for the changes is unable to be undertaken at this stage.

Documentation Assessed

This report is based on the following Architectural Plans issued by Tanner Architects for this building:

Description	Drawing No.	Revision	Date
Cover & Location Plan	AR.DA.0001	P2	March 2010
Site Plan	AR.DA.0002	P2	March 2010
Demolition Basement and Ground Floor Plans	AR.DA.0003	P2	March 2010
Basement and Ground Floor Plans	AR.DA.1001	P1	March 2010
First and Attic Floor Plans	AR.DA.1002	P1	March 2010
Roof Plan	AR.DA.1003	P1	March 2010
Elevations	AR.DA.2001	P1	March 2010
Sections	AR.DA.2002	P1	March 2010
Elevations	AR.DA.2003	P1	March 2010



4. BCA UPGRADE ITEMS PROPOSED

- 1. BCA Clause D1.3 Fire Isolated Stairs The main stair connects three storeys, and as the building is not sprinkler protected this is a non-compliance, however due to the heritage nature of the building upgrading this stair to achieve compliance as a fire isolated stair is not possible. As such it is proposed that the top storey lobby area be smoke separated from the stairwell to provide a level of equivalence to a fire stair in regards to smoke spread for the building this will need to be assessed and justified by a fire engineer at the Construction Certificate stage of the development.
- 2. BCA Clause D1.4 Egress travel distances
 - o Distance to Exit
 - 1st Floor Verandah the verandah as proposed gives a distance of travel of approx 30m to the first step of the exit, this is required to be within 20m
 - 1st Floor Northern Office wing maximum 26m to the top step of the exit stair is provided from the office in this far corner

A fire safety engineer will need to assess the extended distances on this level if this cannot be designed to achieve compliance, design options to achieve compliance include:

- The provision of a door out onto the verandah from Room F5 or F6
- Some type of physical fence / restriction on the verandah to restrict access to the southern side of the verandah – this can be a low height fence at the same level as the balustrade
- A reconfiguration of the area at F14 to enable a distance from the corner of office F12 to the first step being 20m or less
- 3. <u>BCA Clause D2.16</u> it is proposed to reconstruct the original 1st floor balcony balustrading to the first floor verandah. It is proposed for this balustrade to be upgraded as applicable to achieve compliance in regards to height and openings in the balustrade as this is below regulation height.
- 6. BCA Clause E1.3 Fire Hydrant System the external fire hydrant system is to be assessed by a Hydraulic Consultant to confirm compliance to current requirements including coverage to the building, or is to be upgraded to achieve current compliance for this building; coverage to the building is to be assessed to confirm that compliant coverage is provided to the building, and if any works are required to the hydrant system are to be undertaken to ensure compliance is achieved for the building.
- 7. <u>BCA Clause E1.4 Fire Hose Reel</u> the Fire hose reel system for the building is to be upgraded to achieve compliance; a hydraulic engineer is to check and confirm compliance for the system, however the following physical relocations will need to occur:
 - Ground Floor the existing FHR is located more than 4m from an exit this is to be relocated to be within 4m of a designated exit whilst ensuring coverage is achieved
 - 1st Floor FHR is in a compliant location
 - Attic level 2nd Floor A Fire Hose reel is required to be provided to this level, and is required to be within 4m of the top step of the exit stair



- 8. <u>BCA Clause E2.2 Smoke Hazard management system</u> the building is to be provided with a compliant Smoke Detection & Alarm system to AS 1670.1-2004 and also be provided with a Building Occupant Warning system to AS 1670.1-2004
- 9. <u>BCA Clause E2.2 Smoke Hazard management system</u> the building's mechanical ventilation system is to be provided with a fire trip link to shut down all air conditioning / mechanical ventilation systems on fire trip from the detection system.
- 10. <u>BCA Clause F2.3 Toilet Numbers</u> it is proposed that the following toilet numbers be provided to the building to ensure compliance for the proposed population of the building as follows:

Class 5 Admin office portion (caters for pop 18)

- 1 Male WC ,1 urinal and 1 basin
- 1 Female WC and 1 basin

Class 9b Function room use (caters for pop of 76)

- 1 Male WC, 1 urinal and 1 basin
- 2 Female WC's and 1 basin
- 1 Disabled unisex accessible facility will also be required.



5. BCA NON-COMPLIANCES - NOT PROPOSED TO BE UPGRADED

Items of Current Non-compliance not proposed to be upgraded by the applicant for consent authority's assessment

These are all non-compliant items that are not being proposed to be upgraded / addressed by the proposed works and are summarized below, the consent authority is to assess if these items are to be upgraded and a specific condition identifying which items are to be upgraded is requested to be provided with the Development Consent if these are not agreed to:

- 1. BCA Clause D3 Disabled Access due to the age of the building and heritage nature it is not proposed for the building to be fully upgraded to achieve compliance to all of the requirements of this part of the BCA and AS 1428.1, an Access consultant will need to be engaged to provide advice on the level of **Disabled Access** that is able to be provided to the building but due to the heritage nature of the building this will not achieve full AS 1428 and BCA compliance for the building.
- 2. <u>BCA Clause D1.6 Dimensions of Exits / Internal Ceiling Heights</u>- The House building main stair internal **ceiling height** at the Attic level is less than 2m (approx 1.6m) at the top of the stairway, this area is proposed to be utilised as Admin filing area and ancillary uses, and is not proposed to be a day to day use area such as offices etc, as such based on this use and the significant heritage nature of the roof form which restricts the head height in this location it is not proposed to upgrade this area to achieve compliance.
- 3. <u>BCA Clause C1.1 & Specification C1.1 Table 3</u> The **Fire Resistance Levels** ("FRL's") have not been nominated as being proposed to be upgraded to achieve compliance for any existing works, and is not proposed due to the size and nature of the building.
- 4. <u>BCA Clause C1.10</u> The floor, wall and ceiling materials **fire hazard properties** of existing materials are not able to be determined by visual assessment, and due to their age the applicant has not proposed for them to be upgraded / assessed for compliance. (Any new installations apart from patching/repair of existing surfaces/linings will be required to achieve compliance at the CC / OC stage of the works).
- 5. <u>BCA Clause D2.8 Enclosure of Space beneath Stairs</u> The existing stair to the building is provided with a **sub floor access** stair, this is under the main egress stair and serves as the subfloor access which is not to be used such that it constitutes a storey, as such it is not proposed for this to be upgraded to a fire door/enclosure as it is a sub floor area.
- 6. <u>BCA Clause D2.13 Goings & Risers</u> The existing Heritage **stairs** not being removed / altered aside from being restored and as such are not proposed to be upgraded to achieve compliance due to the heritage nature of the stair
- 7. BCA Clause D2.21 A large number of doors in the path of travel to exits contained **round door handles** in lieu of the required downward lever action type. A small number of doors
 contained non-compliant snib type locks. New doors / works will achieve compliance and
 existing areas are not proposed to be upgraded as they have heritage significance. Based on
 the age of the building and heritage considerations it is not proposed to upgrade these for fire
 safety requirements, the disabled access consultant will need to be consulted regarding
 disabled access requirements for this door hardware.
- 8. <u>BCA Clause F3.1</u> Re **ceiling heights** see Clause D1.6 above in regards to discussion on this item.



9. <u>BCA Part J</u> – Existing parts of the building not being altered by these works are not proposed to be upgraded to comply with this part of the BCA, an example being the external walls of the building which do not achieve compliance and an upgrade for **Section J Energy Efficiency** is not proposed. All new works installed will achieve compliance where possible with Section J such as any new lighting works proposed, but Section J compliance will only occur where possible with the heritage significance taking precedents over this Section of the BCA.



6. BCA NON-COMPLIANCES - FIRE ENGINEERING PROPOSED

Fire Engineering has been proposed to address the following items of BCA Deemed to Satisfy Non-Compliance at the Construction Certificate stage:

- 1. <u>BCA Clause E1.4 Fire Hose Reel</u> the Fire Hose Reel on the attic level 2nd floor will be in a location such that it will need to serve/pass through the proposed smoke sealed doors on this level, this is a non-compliance to be addressed by the fire safety engineer at the Construction Certificate stage of the works
- 2. BCA Clause D1.4 Egress travel distances -
 - Distance to Exit
 - 1st Floor Verandah the verandah as proposed gives a distance of travel of approx 30m to the first stair of the exit, this is required to be within 20m
 - 1st Floor Northern Office wing approx 26m to the top step of the exit stair is provided

A Fire Engineering assessment may permit the use of one of the windows to be used as an exit path as part of a management in use plan, as the windows are open to the floor but only have a head height of approx 1.2-1.5m, and may also be able to justify the extended distance based on the size of the building for this one office.

3. <u>BCA Clause D1.3 Fire Isolated Stairs</u> – The main stair connects three storeys, and as the building is not sprinkler protected this is a non-compliance, however due to the heritage nature of the building upgrading this stair to achieve compliance as a fire isolated stair is not possible.

As such, it is proposed that the top level be smoke separated from the stairwell to provide a level of equivalence to a fire stair in regards to smoke spread through the building – this will need to be assessed and justified by a Fire Engineer at the Construction Certificate stage of the development.

Based on my experience those items listed to be address by a fire safety engineers solution are reasonable and are not expected to not be able to be addressed by a fire safety engineer, however should these solutions not be able to be justified then a Section 96 or Section 77W amendment is understood will be needed for any change of design should the project gain approval



7. ESSENTIAL FIRE & OTHER SAFETY MEASURES

Below is a list of essential fire safety services that are installed and those that will be required to be installed within the building.

All services are required to be inspected by a competent person for installation compliance to the relevant Australian Standard and the BCA and certified accordingly. This is required to be carried out on a yearly basis and in accordance with AS 1851.

Fire Safety Measure	Standard	BCA Clause(s)	Existing Fire Safety Measures	Proposed Fire Safety Measures
Automatic fail safe devices (fire trip of any card reader or secured doors)	-	D2.21		
Automatic fire detection & alarm systems	AS 1670.1 – 2004	Spec E2.2a		\boxtimes
Emergency lighting	AS 2293.1 – 2005	E4.2, E4.4		\boxtimes
Building Occupant Warning system	AS 1670.1 – 2004	-		
Exit signs	AS 2293.1 – 2005	E4.5, NSW E4.6 & E4.8		\boxtimes
Fire hose reel systems	AS 2441 – 2005	E1.4	\boxtimes	\boxtimes
Fire hydrant systems (external)	AS 2419.1 – 2005	E1.3		
Lightweight construction (fire rated plasterboard)	-	C1.8, Spec C1.8		
Mechanical air handling systems & fire trip shutdown	AS 1668.2 – 1991	Part F4 & E2.2		⊠
Portable fire extinguishers & fire blankets	AS 2444 – 2001	E1.6		
Smoke doors	-	Spec C3.4		TBA
Wall wetting sprinklers & drencher systems	AS 2118.1	-	\boxtimes	
Warning and operational signs	-	E3.3		\boxtimes
Other Measures:				
Paths of Travel	-	D1.6		\boxtimes
Fire Safety Engineers report issued by TBA, dated TBA at CC Stage	-	TBA at CC Stage		⊠

Note: those items TBA are to be advised at the CC stage when a fire engineer will have been engaged to prepare an alternative solution for these items of non-compliance listed

Based on my experience those items listed to be address by a fire safety engineers solution are reasonable and are not expected to not be able to be addressed by a fire safety engineer, however should these solutions not be able to be justified then a Section 96 or Section 77W amendment is understood will be needed for any change of design should the project gain approval



8. RECOMMENDATIONS

Those measures listed in Section 4 of this report, under the Upgrade Section are to be included in the design of the building, to ensure an appropriate level of fire and life safety is provided for the building.

Those measures listed Section 6 of this report, under the Fire Engineering Section are deemed to be reasonable, and considered to be justifiable through Fire Engineering analysis for a building of this type and size, as such this will need to be undertaken prior to the Construction Certificate stage to ensure compliance is capable of being achieved and is not a requirement of the Development Consent stage as an undertaking to achieve compliance is proposed and it's for the Accredited Certifier and PCA to assess as part of the Construction Certificate for this building.

Appendix 1

BCA Provisions



The following is a clause-by-clause assessment of the architectural drawings against the deemed-to-satisfy provisions of the BCA 2010.

Notes:

- ✓ The building complies with this clause or new works be able to achieve compliance to this
 clause.
- **CA** The building does not comply with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.
- ? Further documentation required.
- CR Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stage & also certified on completion of the project.
- **N/A** This clause is not applicable to this project.
- **AS** Alternative Solution using Performance Requirements proposed to justify this measure.
- **Noted** This clause is for information.

Section A: General Provisions

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	A3	Classification of buildings and structures	
✓		The classification of a building is determined by the purpose for which it is designed, constructed or adapted.	Class 5 & 9b
	A3.3	Multiple classification	
Noted		Each part must be classified separately:	
		(a) Classified to the major use if not more than 10% of the floor area of the storey.	
		(b) Plant rooms are classified as the same part.	
	A4	PART A4 – UNITED BUILDINGS	
	A4.1	When buildings are united	
N/A		Two or more buildings adjoining each other form one united building if they are connected through openings in the walls dividing them and both buildings comply with the requirements of the BCA as though they are a single building.	The adjoining buildings are proposed to be demolished and as such will be more than 6m away from the building, as such are not considered united buildings



Section B: Structural Provisions

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	B1.1	Resistance to actions & Loads	
	B1.2	Determination of individual actions	
CR		The building or structure must resist loads determined in accordance with the following: (a) Dead and live load combinations: AS 1170.1 (b) Wind loads AS 1170.2 (c) Snow loads AS 1170.3 (d) Earthquake loads AS 1170.4	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stage & also certified on completion of the project.
	B1.3	Materials and forms of construction	
CR		The building or structure must resist loads determined in accordance with the following: (a) Dead and live load combinations: AS 1170.1 (b) Wind loads AS 1170.2 (c) Snow loads AS 1170.3 (d) Earthquake loads AS 1170.4	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stage & also certified on completion of the project.
	B1.4	Materials and forms of construction	
CR/CA		New materials and forms of construction are to be designed to the following Australian Standards as applicable: (a) AS 3700	Note – all new installations / works will comply
		(b) AS 3600 (c) AS 4100 (d) AS 1288 or AS 2047 (e) AS 1562.1 (f) AS 1720.1 (g) AS 3660.1	All existing glazing and works etc are not proposed to be upgraded due to the heritage nature of the building



Section C: Fire Provisions

Part C1 - Fire Resistance and Stability

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	C1.1	Type of construction	
✓		Type of Construction required is determined by the Table C1.1	
	C.1.2	Calculation of rise in storeys	
✓		The rise in storeys is the greatest number of storeys at any part of the external walls of the building above the finished ground next to that part.	The sub floor area is defined as that and is not included as a floor level for the purpose of the BCA assessment – as such the RIS are as follows:
			A Rise in Storeys of three (3 is assessed for this building
	C1.3	Building of multiple classification	
Noted		The Type of construction required is determined on the basis that the classification of the top storey applies to all storeys.	
	C1.4	Mixed types of construction	
Noted		Building may be of mixed Types of Construction where it is separated in accordance with C2.7	
	C1.5	Two storey Class 2 or 9c buildings	
N/A		Class 2 or 3 of two storeys may be Type C construction if each SOU has:	
		1. Access to at least 2 exits; or	
		2. Its own direct access to a road or open space.	
	C1.6	Class 4 parts of a building	
Noted		Class 4 part of a building requires same FRL as that required by a Class 2 in similar circumstances.	
	C1.7	Open spectator stands and indoor sports stadium	
N/A		May be of Type C construction if it contains only 1 tier and is of non-combustible material.	
	C1.8	Lightweight construction	
CR		Lightweight construction may be used if it is in compliance with Specification C1.8.	For any lightweight fire rated plasterboard proposed for the buildings fire ratings as detailed



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	C1.10	Fire hazard properties	
CR/CA		Materials and assemblies used in the building must comply with the requirements of Specification C1.10. In	New installations will need to achieve compliance
		the case of a sarking material the Flammability Index shall not be more than 5.	Existing linings are not to be upgraded nor where new
		House	linings are installed to
		Floor materials – Critical Radiant Flux of not less than 2.2	patch/repair existing linings as these are related to the heritage finishes of the
		Wall and Ceiling materials – Either Group 1 or 2 material (<u>note</u> : timber finishes may not achieve a group 1 or 2 requirement)	buildings and are not proposed to be upgraded
	C1.11	Performance of external wall in fire	
N/A		In buildings of up to two storeys, any concrete external walls that could collapse as complete panels to comply with specification C1.11.	
	C1.12	Non-combustible materials	
Noted		The following materials may be used where non- combustible materials are required:	
		1. Plasterboard.	
		Perforated gypsum.	
		Fibrous-plaster sheeting to AS 2185.	
		4. Fibre-reinforced cement sheeting.	
		5. Pre-finished metal sheeting.	
		Bonded laminated materials.	

Part C2 – Compartmentation and Separation

Icon	Clause	Reference		Comment
	C2.2	General floor	area limitations	
✓		Table C2.2 limi	ts the size of fire compartments to:-	Buildings are less than the
		Class 5 or	5 or 9b	max fire compartment sizes for these classes
		Type A,	8,000m ² & 48,000m ³	IOI triese classes
		Type B,	5,500m ² & 33,000m ³	
		Type C,	3,000m ² & 18,000m ³	
		fire rating requi	4 or 5 of Specification C1.1 for specific rements (a brief table of FRL's is appendix for information – detailed a abovementioned section of the BCA)	



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	C2.3	Large isolated buildings	
N/A		A fire compartment may exceed that specified in Table C2.2. Buildings under of exceeding 18,000m ² in floor area to be provided with specific requirements	
		Generally a sprinkler system complying with Specification E1.5 provided with a perimeter vehicular access complying with C2.4 (b) – additional measures may include a smoke exhaust system in accordance with Specification E2.2b or smoke-and-heat vents in accordance with Specification E2.2c.	
	C2.4	Requirements for open spaces and vehicular access	
N/A		Requirements for open spaces and vehicular access capable of supporting emergency vehicles, 6m wide not more than 18m from the building.	
		Part a – 18m wide open space without any buildings or obstructions whatsoever, and must also comply with part b of this section.	
	C2.5	Class 9a & 9c buildings	I
N/A		Class 9a & 9c Fire Compartmentation and separation requirements	
	C2.6	Vertical separation of openings in external walls	
N/A		Only applicable to a building of Type A Construction, that is not sprinkler-protected. – no requirement is applicable for spandrel separation of a Sprinkler protected building.	None of the buildings are Type A due to the sub floor area being not classified as storey
		If not Sprinkler protected either 900mm vertical spandrel required, or 1m horizontal projecting spandrel – specific details in this clause of the BCA	
	C2.7	Separation by fire walls	
N/A		A part of a building separated by firewall construction may be considered a separate building for the purposes of Parts C, D and E. (Must continue directly from on ground floor slab straight up through the building to top)	
	C2.8	Separation of classifications in the same storey	
N/A		Firewalls are needed to separate different classifications, or the building must be built to the higher fire resistance level.	The building is not proposed to be separated for the different classifications
	C2.9	Separation of classifications in different storeys	
CR		The separating floors must have an FRL not less than	



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	C2.10	Separation of lift shafts	
CR		The lift is to be enclosed in a fire-isolated shaft if it connects more than two storeys or three storeys if provided with a sprinkler system.	New lift to the building is to comply in regards to the fire rating of the shaft FRL required to be 120/120/120 (load bearing), -/120/120 (non-load bearing)
			Door to the lift is to be a 1 hour fire rated lift door
	C2.11	Stairs and lift in one shaft	I
N/A		Not to be within the same shaft if either is required to be fire isolated.	
	C2.12	Separation of equipment	
Noted		Equipment comprising lift motors and control plant, emergency generators or central smoke control plant; boilers or batteries are required to be separated from the remainder of the building by construction achieving a FRL of 120/120/120.	
	C2.13	Electricity supply system	
Noted		A substation located within a building or main switchboard, which sustains emergency equipment, must be separated from the remainder of the building by construction achieving a FRL of not less than 120/120/120.	
	C2.14	Public corridors in Class 2 & 3 buildings	
N/A		In a Class 3 building, a public corridor, if more than 40m in length, must be divided at intervals of not more than 40m with smoke-proof walls complying with Cl. 2 of Spec C2.5.	
ırt C3 – I	Protection	of Openings	
Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	C3.2	Protection of opening in external walls	
CA		Openings in the external walls are to be protected in accordance with C3.4 if:-	As the adjacent buildings will be removed or provided such
		☐ less than 3m to side or rear boundary	that they are more than 6m away from the existing
		less than 6m from the far boundary of a road if not located at or near ground level	buildings compliance is achieved
		less than 6m from another building on the same allotment.	If the remaining building stay within 6m then this is an existing situation not proposed to be upgraded as part of these works



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	C3.3	Separation of external walls and associated opening	s in different fire compartmen
√		External walls of a different fire compartment to be separated by a fire wall of not less than FRL 60/60/60 or any openings must be protected in accordance with Clause C3.4 if within the distance set out in Table C3.3.	
	C3.4	Acceptable methods of protection	
Noted		Where exposed to be protected by external or internal drenchers (side of protection specified by relevant clause that calls up protection), fire doors, windows or shutters.	
	C3.5	Doorways in fire walls	
N/A		Doorways in a fire wall which are not part of a horizontal exit, must not exceed ½ the length of the fire wall, and: 1. have the FRL required for the fire wall, and 2. be self-closing or automatic-closing.	
	C3.6	Sliding fire doors	
N/A		If utilised must fail safe in the closed position, be suitably signposted with an audible alarm, signage and directional arrow to indicate direction to slide door to open when in the closed position.	
	C3.7	Doorways in horizontal exits	
N/A		To be suitably protected by fire doors with FRL of not less than that required for the fire wall, and be self-closing or automatic-closing. And must swing in the direction of travel (this may be both ways if so either two doors or a multi directional swing fire door is required)	
	C3.8	Openings in fire isolated exits	
N/A		To be automatic magnamatic or self closing -/60/30 fire doors.	
	C3.9	Service penetrations in fire isolated exits	
N/A		Fire exits must not be penetrated by services other than electrical wiring associated with lighting, stair pressurisation or the intercommunication system & hydrant system.	
	C3.10	Openings in fire rated lift shafts	
CR		 □ Doors to be - /60/ - fire doors to AS1735.11. □ Lift indicator panels to be backed by - /60/60 construction if exceeding 35,000mm² in area. 	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stag & also certified on completion of the project.



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	C3.11	Bounding Construction; Class 2, 3 & 4 buildings	
N/A		Doorway to each SOU to be protected;	
		• -/60/30 in Type A construction	
		 Self-closing, tight fitting, solid core door, not less than 35mm thick in Type B or C construction 	
	C3.12	Openings in floors for services	
Noted		To be enclosed in a fire rated shaft with a FRL in accordance with Specification C1.1 or protected by Clause C3.15 of BCA	
	C3.13	Openings in shafts	
Noted		Openings in ventilating, pipe, garbage or other service shaft to be protected by:-	
		-/60/30 fire doors / hoppers / access panel.	
	C3.15	Openings for service installations	
CA/ CR		Electrical, plumbing mechanical ventilation shafts etc not to impair the FRL of rated members.	As the floors are not fire rated or separated the services are not proposed to be fire sealed
			Between attic and ground floo walls and doors may be required to be smoke sealed to ensure no smoke spread to the top level as part of fire engineering (Smoke dampers . smoke seals etc depending on the service penetrating these walls)



Specification C1.1 – Fire Resisting Construction

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	4	Type B Fire Resisting Construction - Mansion	
CA/AS	1	The building is to be designed to comply with Table 4. External Loadbearing Walls within 1.5m of the boundary require a FRL of 120/120/120. External Loadbearing Walls within 3m to less than 9m of the boundary require a FRL of 120/30/30. Internal Loadbearing Walls and Columns require an FRL of 120/-/- (see concession under 4.1(g)). Floors below the class 9b portion / function room require a fire protective covering (13mm fire grade plaster), an FRL of 30/30/30, or Resistance to Incipient Spread Ceiling of 60mins	As the building is heritage this will not be upgraded, although the external walls are solid Sandstone and as such are assumed to achieve compliance no upgrading is proposed for the fire ratings of the building The area under the Class 9b function area is sub floor and is not going to be used for storage, as such the underside of the floor is not required to achieve these requirements – should the sub floor area be used for storage then the underside of the floor will need to be lined with 13mm of fire grade plaster board. All other floors are acceptable as the building is Type B construction (Note: subject to the under floor area not being used / and remaining as a sub floor area)
	5	Type C Fire Resisting Construction – Graythwaite Ho	use
CA	5.1	The building is to be designed to comply with Table 5. External Loadbearing Walls within 1.5m of the boundary (or other fire source feature) require a FRL of 90/90/90. External Loadbearing Walls between 1.5m and 3m of the boundary (or other fire source feature) require a FRL of 60/60/60.	As the building is heritage the building is not proposed to be upgraded to comply. Due to the location of the building compliance is achieved. But for this clause no upgrading is proposed for the fire ratings of the building.
		Fire Walls require an FRL of 90/90/90.	

Specification C1.10 - Early Fire Hazard Indices

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	4	Class 2, 3 and 9 Buildings	
N/A		Further specific provisions relate to POPE for NSW for closed back seats, screens, curtains, blinds or similar decor.	See C1.10/a in report for floor and wall lining requirements for new wall linings



Specification C1.10a - Fire Hazard Properties - Floors, Walls and Ceilings

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	4	Lift cars	
CR		In a lift car, the floor materials and floor coverings must have a Critical radiant heat flux not less than 2.2 and wall and ceiling linings must be a Group 1 or Group 2 material in accordance with Clause 3(b).	New lift will need to comply with these requirements Note: Timber lining is generally a Group 3 material and would not achieve compliance

Section D: Access and Egress

Part D1 - Provision for Escape

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	D1.2	Number of exits required	
✓		The number of exits is to be designed to satisfy performance standard DP4 of the BCA.	Design achieves compliance
		A minimum of one exit is required from all buildings, and	
		Two (2) exits for each storey are required for buildings over 25m, class 9b areas that exceed 50 persons.	
	D1.3	When fire isolated exits are required	
AS		Every stair in a building must be fire isolated unless it does not connect or pass through more than 3 consecutive floors in a sprinkler protected building or 2 storeys in a non-sprinkler protected building.	See Non-compliances section of the report for details
		Class 9a & 9c buildings require stairs to be fire isolated.	
		Those stairs not requiring fire isolating must discharge at a level of road or open space	
	D1.4	Exit travel distances	
AS		No point on the floor must be more than 20m to an exit or a point in which travel in different directions to 2 exits is available, in which case, the maximum distance to 1 exit cannot exceed 40m.	See non-compliances section of the report for details
		Class 5 or 6 buildings with only one exit, and opening to road or street may have greater distance of up to 30m to that single exit.	



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
✓	Ciause	Class 2 and 3 & 4 buildings - (i) The entrance doorway of any sole occupancy unit must be not more than: (A) 6m from an exit or from a point from which travel in different directions to 2 exits is available; or (B) 20m from a single exit serving the storey at the level of egress to a road or open space; and (ii) No point on the floor of a room which is not in a sole occupancy unit must be more than 20m from an exit or from a point at which travel in different	
		directions to 2 exits is available.	
	D1.5	Distance between alternative exits	
N/A		To be no less than 9m or more than 45m in a Class 2, 3, and 9a, or 60m in all other classes, uniformly distributed with access to 2 exits if required and not converge so they become less than 6m apart.	
	D1.6	Dimensions of exits and paths of travel	
CA		 (a) height – minimum 2m: doorways 1980mm (b) width 1m minimum (c);(d) Width change based upon populations – generally for populations up to 100 persons require 1m of egress, up to 200 2m and then varies according to use over 200 person per floor / storey. (f) door width minimum 800mm clear opening (g) not to diminish in direction of travel. Note: see also re number of exits for certain uses Clause D1.2 as may require additional exits no matter the population of the storey. 	The main stair of the buildin is existing and has heritage significance – the ceiling heights over the stair however are non-compliant, down to 1.6m in head heigh at the top level No upgrading is proposed to these exits and paths of travel due to the heritage nature of the building and the impact on the structure that would occur should compliance be imposed. However, the area served be this low head height is proposed to be used as admin filing / ancillary areas and no day to day office duties carried out, as such it is not deemed to be a problem for this pinch point at the top of the stairway of the building
	D1.7	Travel by fire isolated stairs	
N/A		Must provide independent egress and discharge to road or open space or complying covered area.	1
	D1.8	External stairs or ramps in lieu of fire isolated exit	ts .
N/A		External stairs or ramps may be used in lieu of a fire-isolated stair or ramp to a building under 25m in	



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	D1.9	Travel by non fire isolated stairs	
✓		Travel by Non-Fire Isolated Stairs:- (c) The distance from any point on the floor to a point of egress not to exceed 80m. (e) The stairway not to discharge at a point more than: (i) 20m to an exit (ii) 40m to one of 2 exits.	
	D1.10	Discharge from exits	
✓		An exit must not be blocked nor be capable of being blocked at its point of discharge. Ramp to a grade of 1:8 is required to connect with open	
		space.	
	D1.11	Horizontal exits	I
N/A		May be counted as required exits if the path of travel from a fire compartment leads by one or more horizontal exits directly into another fire compartments which has at least one required exit which is not a horizontal exit.	
		Cannot be utilised in some classes or areas of buildings details to be assessed to ensure compliance with specific clause	
	D1.12	Non required stairs	
CA		May connect 2 levels in a non-sprinkler protected building. Within a sprinkler protected building may serve 3 storeys.	The former staff stair (stair and widows' walk stair are heritage and are to be retained, however these are not required for use of the occupants, so are proposed to be retained for heritage purposes only and not for functional use.
	D1.13	Number of persons accommodated	
✓		To be in accordance with Table D1.13 of the BCA or count seats.	Mansion Building – 18 Staf and 76 Guests for the Function room area
	D1.16	Plant rooms and lift motor rooms: Concessions	
N/A		 (a) Where a plant room or lift motor room has a floor area: (i) Not more than 100m² a ladder may be used in lieu of a stairway. 	
		(i) More than 100m² but less than 200m² where two or more points of egress are provided a ladder may be used in lieu of a stairway from all but one of those points.	
		(c) A ladder to the plant room is to comply with AS 1657 and the ladder to the lift motor room is to comply with AS 1735.2.	



Part D2 - Construction of Exits

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	D2.2	Fire isolated stairs	
N/A		Must be in a fire resisting shaft and be constructed of non-combustible materials and if there is local failure not cause structural damage or impair the fire resistance of the shaft.	
	D2.3	Non fire isolated stairs	
CA		Non fire isolated stairways must be constructed of either:- (a) reinforced or pre stressed concrete (b) 6mm thick steel (c) 44mm thick timber	Existing and not proposed to be upgraded due to heritage nature, it is assumed that th timber achieves the required thickness
	D2.4	Separation of rising and descending stairs flights	
N/A		A required fire isolated stair cannot connect above and below ground flights unless separated by fire and smoke separation.	
	D2.5	Open access ramps and balconies	
N/A		Open access ramp or balcony is provided to meet the requirements of smoke hazard management E2.2a, it must; 1. have ventilation openings to the outside air; & 2. not be enclosed on its open sides above height of 1m.	
	D2.6	Smoke lobbies	
N/A		 Smoke lobby required by D1.7 must; have a floor area not less than 6sqm; and be separated by walls impervious to smoke; and be fitted with smoke doors; and be pressurised if the exit is required to be. 	
	D2.7	Installations in exits and paths of travel	
CR		(b) No openings to ducts conveying hot products of combustion permitted.(c) Gas or fuel services not permitted in required exits.(d) Electric or services equipment not permitted unless in a non-combustible and smoke sealed enclosure.	Any new installations to achieve compliance and any existing EDB 's or the like at to be upgraded to be within non-combustible enclosures suitably smoke sealed.
	D2.8	Enclosure of space beneath stairs	I
CA		(a) in a fire stair no cupboards are permitted under the stair(b) the space beneath the non-fire isolated stairs are not to be enclosed unless in 60/60/60 construction with 60/60/30 fire doors.	The existing stair to the building is provided with a si floor access stair, this is und the main egress stair, this serves the sub floor and is right a storey, and as such it is not proposed for this to be upgraded as it is no different to the timber floor which is also not protected.



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	D2.9	Width of stairs	
Noted		When a measurement taken the width is to be measured clear of all obstructions and the stair must extend a minimum 2.0m above nosings. (unless specified elsewhere to require a greater height)	
	D2.10	Pedestrian ramps	
CR		Pedestrian ramp to be installed in accordance with AS 1428.1, and not have a gradient steeper than 1:8, and be finished with a non-slip surface.	New Access ramps are proposed to be provided to achieve compliance for access to the building – Disabled Access consultant is to advise on requirements for this item
	D2.11	Fire-isolated passageways	
N/A		To attain the same FRL as the fire isolated stair	
	D2.12	Roof as open space	
N/A		 If an exit discharges to a roof of a building, the roof must; have an FRL 120/120/120; & not have roof lights or other openings within 3m of the path of travel. 	
	D2.13	Treads and risers	
CA		 (a) minimum 2 risers / maximum 18 in each flight (b) risers 115mm min 190 mm max - going 250mm min 355mm max - 2R+G 550mm min 700mm max. (c) goings and risers to be constant. (d) risers not to permit 125mm sphere to pass through (e) treads to be non slip (h) no stepped quarter landings 	New works will achieve compliance Existing Heritage stairs not being removed / altered are not proposed to be upgraded to achieve compliance due to the heritage nature of the sta
	D2.14	Landings	
√		Maximum gradient not to exceed 1:50 and be a minimum 750 long measured from the inside edge of the landing.	
	D2.15	Thresholds	
✓		No step or ramp at any point closer to the door than the width of the door leaf.	
		Generally doors opening to outside are able to be provided with a maximum 190mm step or 50mm if Class 9b POPE	



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	D2.16	Balustrades	
CA		A continuous balustrade or barrier must be provided along the side of any roof to which public access is provided, any stairway or ramp, any floor, corridor, hallway, balcony, veranda, mezzanine, access bridge or the like and along any side of any access path to a building if it is not bounded by a wall and the level above the floor or ground surface is more than 4m where it is possible to fall through an open window or 1m in any other case. Note: Frameless glass balustrades are no longer a feasible option to achieve compliance with the BCA – see AS 1288-2006 for details of balustrade to ensure design achieves compliance.	New works will achieve compliance – existing are as per detail in main noncompliance section of the report The existing balustrade to the main stair of the building achieves compliance. The verandah balustrade is to achieve compliance/ upgrade to achieve compliance
	D2.17	Handrails	
✓		Required along one side and on both sides of stairs over 2m in width, 865mm above nosings and be continuous.	The stairs / steps on level 1 are to be provided with handrails as required to achieve compliance, at least one side for BCA compliance and to both sides if required by the disabled access consultant
	D2.18	Fixed platforms, walkways, stairways and ladders	
N/A		Treads, risers, handrails and balustrades in plant rooms etc must comply with AS 1657	
	D2.19	Doorways and doors	
CR		Must not be revolving door, roller shutter or tilt door. Can be fitted with a sliding door if it leads directly to open space and can be opened manually under a force of not more than 110N and be fitted with a fail-safe device if the door is power operated.	New works will achieve compliance
	D2.20	Swinging doors	1
CA		Must not encroach more than 500mm into the required width of the stair or 100mm when fully open and swing in the direction of travel. Note: Class 9b POPE doors and smoke doors must swing in the direction of egress – if multi exit required then the doors must swing in both directions	Main Entry door to the Mansion Building is to be re swung to open outwards as this forms the main exit for th building, the door from the proposed function area is als required to swing outwards
			Should this be an issue from heritage point of view it is to be justified by a Fire Engineer at the CC stage



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	D2.21	Operation of latch	
CR		To be located 900mm to 1100mm above the floor and be openable with a single-handed downward action.	New works to achieve compliance – Heritage latching is to be retained but
		Fail safe unlock is permitted as long as linked to the base building fire alarm system.	secured open to enable compliance for the exit door
		Class 9b doors if to be secured must be provided with panic bars only (fail safe option does not comply)	in the building
	D2.22	Re-entry from fire-isolated exits	
N/A		Every door in a fire stair must not be locked from inside the fire- isolated stairway to prevent re-entry to the storey or room it services for any stair that serves a storey over 25m in height.	
		Specific details of compliance are defined in this clause of the BCA – the doors all must unlock on fire trip, if needed to be locked may be provided with alarm to allow re entry in a non-fire situation	
	D2.23	Signs on doors	
N/A		To fire doors signage required to alert persons that blockage, obstruction or being chocked open is not allowable	



Part D3 - Access for People with Disabilities

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	D3.2	Access to building in general	
CA	99.2	 a) From the boundary to main points of entry b) From a disabled car space c) Other buildings on the allotment d) Through the principal public entrance. Access to and within the building must comply with AS 1428.1 and Part D3 of the BCA. 	Disabled Access Consultant to provide requirements/comment on compliance requirements
	D3.3	Parts to be accessible	
Noted		a) (i) (A) To sanitary compartment: (B) To areas normally used by occupants (excluding plant and service areas) (iii) Every lift to comply with E3.6.	
	D3.4	Concessions	
N/A		It is not necessary to provide access for people with disabilities to: a) more than 30% of the public space in Class 6 restaurant, café, bar b) any area if access would be inappropriate due to use.	
	D3.5	Car parking	
N/A		Spaces provided as to AS 2890.1	
		Disabled car spaces must be provided within the carpark at the ratio of 1 disabled car space per 50 /100 spaces.	
	D3.6	Signage regarding disabled access	
CA		To be provided at entrance, lifts and sanitary accommodation.	Disabled Access Consultant provide requirements/comment on compliance requirements
	D3.7	Hearing augmentation	
N/A		 Where an inbuilt amplification system other than an EWIS is provided a hearing augmentation system is to be provided in the following locations:- Conference room with a floor area greater than 100m², Judicatory room, Auditorium in a Class 9b building, Ticket office, reception area where the public is screened from the service provider. 	No inbuilt hearing augmentation proposed
	D3.8	Tactile indicators	
CR		Required to public stairs and ramps in accordance with AS 1428.4.	Disabled Access Consultant provide requirements/comment on compliance requirements



Section E: Services and Equipment

Part E1 – Fire Fighting Equipment

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	E1.3	Hydrants	
CR		 a) System to be provided to serve whole building:- (i) Floor area exceeds 500m² b) (i) Installed to AS 2419.1-2005 (iii) Pump set to AS 2419.1. 	To be upgraded to achieve compliance for the building – Hydraulic Engineer to ensure compliance at CC stage
	E1.4	Hose reels	
CR		 a) System to be provided to serve whole building:- (i) Where hydrants installed internally or to serve any fire compartment greater than 500m²: b) (i) Installed to AS 2441-2005 (iii) Hose to reach every part (iv) (A) Located externally or, (B) Within 4m of exit or, (C) Adjacent to hydrant (not within fire isolated exit). 	To be upgraded to achieve compliance for the building — Hydraulic Engineer to ensure compliance at CC stage Will involve new FHR installations and relocation of existing on ground floor of building to comply (within 4m of exit door to outside)
	E1.5	Sprinklers	
N/R		System may be required to be provided to serve the entire building to AS 2118.1 and Spec E1.5 as applicable, see Table E1.5 for details when required	
	E1.6	Portable fire extinguishers	
CR		To be installed to Table E1.6 and AS 2444.	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stag & also certified on completion of the project.
	E1.8	Fire control centres	
N/A		A fire control centre facility is required for a building that exceeds 18,000m ² in total floor space or where the building exceeds 25m effective height.	
		A Building that exceeds 50m in height is required to be provided with a dedicated fire control room that complies with Spec E1.8	



Part E2 - Smoke Hazard Management

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	E2.2	General requirements	
CR	E2.2a	Automatic smoke detection and alarm system to Spec E2.2a and AS 1670.1-2004	To be installed / upgraded to achieve current compliance
CR	E2.2b	All Class 9b Buildings are required to be provided with automatic shutdown of any mechanical ventilation or air conditioning systems on fire trip.	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stag & also certified on completion of the project.
	E2.3	Provision for special hazards	
N/A		Additional smoke hazard management measures may be necessary due to the:	
		a) Special characteristics of the building	

Part E3 - Lift Installations

con	Clause	Reference	Comment
	E3.2	Stretcher facility in lifts	
N/A		(a) Must be provided with:(i) at least 1 emergency lift required by E3.4	
		(ii) where emergency lift is not required, in at least 1 passenger lift in buildings over 12m.	
		(b) Not less than 600mm wide and 2,000mm long x 1,400mm height.	
	E3.3	Warning against use of lift in fire	
CR		Warning signs are required at each lift landing located near every call button in accordance with Figure E3.3.	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stag & also certified on completion of the project.
	E3.4	Emergency lifts	
N/A		Required to buildings over 25m in effective height, complying with AS 1735.2.	
	E3.6	Facilities for people with disabilities	
CR		Where required by D3.3 (a) every lift must be installed to meet requirements of AS 1735.2 and AS 1735.12.	Disabled Access Consultant to provide requirements/comment on compliance requirements



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	E3.7	Fire service controls	
CR		All passenger lift cars require fire service controls in accordance with AS 1735.2	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stage & also certified on completion of the project.

Part E4 – Emergency Lighting, Exit and Warning Systems

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	E4.2	Emergency lighting	
CR		Required in every path of travel to an exit and any room having a floor area more than 100m² that does not open to a corridor or space with emergency lighting and any room having a floor area in excess of 300m² required in every required non fire isolated stair. Emergency signage to be installed to AS 2293.1	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stage & also certified on completion of the project.
	E4.3	Measurement of distance	
CR		Distances other than vertical rise must be measured along the shortest path of travel whether by straight lines, curves or a combination of both.	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stage & also certified on completion of the project.
	E4.4	Design and operation of exit signs	
CR		Every required exit sign must comply with AS 2293.1	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stage & also certified on completion of the project.
	E4.5	Exit signage	
CR		Required above egress doors and doors from an enclosed stair to open space. Directorial signs required to designate paths of travel. Exit signage to be installed to AS 2293.1	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with
		EAR Signage to be installed to AO 2230.1	this clause at the design stag & also certified on completion of the project.



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	E4.6	Direction signs	
CR		Where an exit is not apparent, exit signs with directional arrows are required.	Design statement (or other means) required from
		Class 9b POPE must have exit signs external to the building to show the way to the road if not apparent when in the open space.	appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stag & also certified on completion of the project.
	E4.7	Class 2, 3 and 4 parts: Exemptions	
Noted		E4.5 does not apply to-Class 2 building if the word "EXIT" is placed on the side of door remote from an exit,An entrance door of a SOU in Class 2, 3 or 4.	
	E4.8	Design and operation of exit signs	
CR		Every required exit sign must -(a) Comply with AS 2293.1; and(b) Be clearly visible at all times when the building is occupied.	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stag & also certified on completion of the project.
	E4.9	Sound systems and intercom systems for emergency	/ purposes
N/A		Sound systems and intercom systems for emergency purposes required to comply with AS 1670.4-2004; 1. Class 9b used as a school with RIS of more than 3, or public Hall/POPE with floor area over 1000m2 or RIS of more than 2.	The Class 9b function area is less than 1000m2 so not applicable for the building BOWS is required by AS 1670.1-2004 for the Building



Section F: Health and Amenity

Part F1 - General

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	F1.1	Stormwater Drainage	
CR		Stormwater drainage must comply to AS 3500.3.2	New works are to achieve compliance
	F1.5	Roof Covering	
CA		Roof covering must comply with required Australian Standard.	New works are to achieve compliance
			There are some issues with the existing building, and due to the heritage nature of the building the works are to be upgraded /refurbished to achieve the most compliant outcome, however full compliance may not be achieved with this clause or to the current Australian standards
	F1.6	Sarking	
CR		Sarking used for weather proofing of roofs must comply with AS/NZS 4200.	New works are to achieve compliance
	F1.7	Water Proofing of Wet Areas in Buildings	
CR		Water proofing of wet areas within a building to comply with AS 3740.	New works are to achieve compliance
	F1.9	Damp-proofing	
CR		Damp-proofing where required to be installed in accordance with AS/NZS 2904 or AS 3660.1	New works are to achieve compliance
			There are some issues with the existing building, and due to the heritage nature of the building the works are to be upgraded to achieve the mos compliant outcome, however full compliance may not be achieved to these requirements
	F1.10	Damp-proofing of Floors on the Ground	T
CR		Damp-proofing where required to be installed in accordance with AS 2870	New works are to achieve compliance
			There are some issues with the existing building, and due to the heritage nature of the building the works are to be upgraded to achieve the mos compliant outcome, however full compliance may not be achieved.



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	F1.11	Provision of Floor Wastes	
CR		In a Class 2, 3 or 4 part of a building, the floor of each bathroom and laundry located at any level above a sole-occupancy unit or public space must be graded to permit drainage to a floor waste.	New works are to achieve compliance There are some issues with the existing building, and due to the heritage nature of the building the works are to be upgraded to achieve the most compliant outcome, however full compliance may not be achieved
	F1.12	Sub-floor Ventilation	
CR		The sub-floor space between a suspended floor of a building and the ground must be in accordance with the requirements of this clause.	New works are to achieve compliance There are some issues with the existing building, and due to the heritage nature of the building the works are to be upgraded to achieve the most compliant outcome, however full compliance may not be achieved
	F1.13	Glazed assemblies	
CR		Glazed assemblies in an external wall to comply with AS 2047 requirements for resistance to water penetration	New works are to achieve compliance



Part F2 - Sanitary and Other Facilities

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	F2.1/3	Sanitary facilities in Class 3-9 buildings	
		The number of sanitary facilities must be based upon the number of person accommodated calculated in accordance with D1.13 See Table F2.3 for details of number of toilets, washbasins and Urinals required.	Class 5 Admin office portion (caters for pop 18) 1 Male WC ,1 urinal and 1 basin
			1 Female WC and 1 basin Class 9b Function room use (caters for pop of 76) 1 Male WC, 1 urinal and 1 basin
			2 Female WC's and 1 basin
			1 Disabled unisex accessibl facility will also be required.
	F2.4	Facilities for persons with disabilities	
CR		One wheelchair accessible disabled facility is required within the building. Layout of each facility must comply with AS 1428.1.	Unisex Disabled Facility in the Building will achieve compliance – details of
		If more than one facility proposed they must be alternative layouts for left or right handed usage.	location and compliance are to be provided at the CC stage
		Doors to disabled toilets are required to be provided with Lift off hinges to the doors irrespective of size, and must be provided with a shelf	olago
	F2.5	Construction of sanitary compartments	
CR		Where clear space between closet pan and doorway is less than 1.2m, doors must open outwards, slide or be readily removable from outside.	New works are to achieve compliance
		Doors to disabled toilets are required to be provided with Lift off hinges to the doors irrespective of distance between pan and doorway	



Part F3 - Room Sizes

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	F3.1	Height of Rooms	
CA		Room heights to be a minimum of 2.4m and 2.1m in corridors.	See Non-compliances main section of the report
		Class 9b POPE requires ceiling heights of 2.7m if more than 100 persons in the storey or area	

Part F4 - Provision of Natural Light

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	F4.1	Provision of Natural Light	
N/A		Class 2 buildings and Class 4 parts – to all habitable rooms.	
	F4.4	Artificial Lighting	
CR		Required to all rooms that are frequently occupied, all spaces required to be accessible, all corridors, lobbies, internal stairways, other circulation spaces and paths of egress. Artificial lighting system is to comply with AS 1680.0 Note: See also Section J for details of energy efficiency	Design statement (or other means) required from appropriate persons that the new works will comply with this clause at the design stag & also certified on completion of the project.
		of lighting required.	
	F4.5	Ventilation of Rooms	
CR		A mechanical ventilation or air conditioning system complying with AS 1668.2 is required.	To be advised by the mechanical consultant for
		Note : See also Section J for details of energy efficiency of Ventilation / Mechanical Ventilation/Air-conditioning required.	compliance at the CC stage
	F4.11	Car Parks	
N/A		Every storey of a car park, except an open deck car park, must have a system of ventilation complying with AS/NZS 1668.1 and AS/NZS 1668.2.	



Part F5 - Sound Transmission and Insulation - Residential Facilities

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	F5.3	Sound Insulation of floors between units	
N/A		A floor separating sole occupancy units must have an	
		R _W (sound reduction index) not less than 45.	
	F5.4	Sound Insulation of walls between units	
N/A		A wall must have an $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize W}}$ not less than 45 if it separates:	
		(a) sole occupancy units; or	
		(b) a sole occupancy unit from a plant room, lift shaft,	
		stairway, public corridor, hallway or the like.	
	F5.5	Walls between a bathroom, sanitary compartment, la	undry or kitchen and a
		habitable room in adjoining unit	
N/A		Walls must have:	
		(i) an R _W of not less than 50; and	
		(ii) provide a satisfactory level of insulation against	
		impact sound; and	
		(iii) not incorporate a duct which reduces the R_{W} of	
		the wall to less than 50.	

Section G: Ancillary Provisions

Part G1 - Minor Structures and Components

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	NSW	Provision for Cleaning of Windows	
	G1.101		
N/A		Provision is to be made for the cleaning of windows	
		either within the building or to the OH& S Act 2000 for	
		any windows three (3) or more above the ground.	

Section H: Special Use Buildings

Part NSW H101 - Place of Public Entertainment

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	NSW H101.2	Fire Separation	
N/A		The "Entertainment Venue" is required to be separated from the remainder of the building by construction that achieves an FLR of not less than 60/60/60, and any doors in the separating construction must achieve an Fire rating of -/60/30 "Entertainment Venue" is defined as a building used as a cinema, theatre or concert hall or an indoor sports stadium	It has been assumed that the function centre will not be provided with a Dance floor or Live music shows as a predominant use and as such the Entertainment Venue requirements of the NSW BCA part H have not been applied in this assessment



Icon	Clause Refere	nce	Comment	
	NSW H101	Stage Size		
N/A		If the stage or performance areas in any of the POPE places / rooms exceed 50m2 in floor area then automatic smoke exhaust would be required directly over the stage area in order to achieve compliance		
	NSW H101.16	Storerooms		
N/A		Storerooms must be separated from other parts of the building by fire ating of not less than 60/60/60 with doors self closing and achieving -/60/30		
	NSW H101.19	Electric Mains Installation		
N/A		The Switchboard containing the main isolation switch must be located in a position that is readily accessible to authorised persons and the fire brigade, and is required to be enclosed in construction achieving an FLR of 60/60/60		
	NSW H101.19.2.3	Circuit Protection & Separate Sub-mains		
N/A		Protection of the final sub circuit originating at a switch board or DB must be by means of a circuit breaker		
		Where a place of public entertainment (POPE) has its main supply in common with that of another part of the building, the POPE must be served by its one and independent sub-main, each such sub main must be protected against fire by protection that achieves protection for 2 hours fire protection		
	NSW H101.20	Lighting Switches / controls	1	
N/A		Where during normal use the lighting is dimmed or switched off there must be an override switch installed in the theatre area that is accessible by the management/staff to switch on all of the general lighting in the theatre is required		

Section I: Maintenance

Part I1 - Equipment and Safety Installations

Clause	Reference	Comment
NSW 11.1	Essential Services Measures	
	Essential fire or other safety measures must be maintained and certified on an ongoing basis in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental	
		NSW I1.1 Essential Services Measures Essential fire or other safety measures must be maintained and certified on an ongoing basis in



Section J: Energy Efficiency

Part J1 to J8 - Building Fabric

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	J1.1	Application of Part	
CA		This part apply to building elements forming an envelope of a Class 2 to 9 building other than –	New works are to achieve compliance
		Class 7, 8 or 9b building that does not have a conditioned space or an atrium that is separated by an envelope.	There are numerous non-compliances with the existing building, and due to the heritage nature of the building the works are to be upgraded to achieve the most compliant outcome, however full compliance may not be achieved – see compliance section at front of the report
			Section J will be behind Heritage considerations and it's expected that the Section J upgrading will be limited or non-existing in this building
	J1.2	Thermal Construction General	
		Where required, <i>insulation</i> must comply with AS/NZS 4859.1 and be installed so that it:	The building does not compl with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded
		 Abuts or overlaps adjoining insulation and forms a continuous barrier with ceilings, walls, bulkheads, floors or the like that contribute to the thermal barrier; 	unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.
		Where required, reflective insulation must be installed:	
		 With the required air space to achieve the R-Value between the reflective side and the cladding. Closely fitted against penetrations, door or window openings and supported by framing members. Each sheet overlapped not less than 50mm or taped together; 	
		Where required, bulk insulation must be installed:	
		 Maintain its thickness, other than where it crosses roof batten, water pipes, electrical cabling and the like; and in ceiling where there is no bulk insulation or reflective insulation in the wall, overlaps by 50mm 	
	J1.3	Roof and Ceiling Construction	
		A roof or ceiling in Climate Zone 5 is to achieve a Total R-Value in the UPWARD direction of heat flow of not less than:	The building does not compl with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded
		• 3.2 – for a roof or ceiling generally;	unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	J1.4	Roof Lights	
		Roof lights that form part of the envelope of a Class 5 6, 7, 8 or 9 building must satisfy:	The building does not compl with this clause and is not
		(a) If the area of the roof light is between 1.5%-10% of the floor area of the room they must comply with Table J1.4.	proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to requir
		(b) roof light may exceed 10% of the floor area of the room, where -	it to be upgraded.
		compliance with the natural lighting requirements of Part F4 can only be achieved by the roof light; and the transparent and translucent elements, achieve:	
		- an SHGC not more than 0.25; and	
		- total U-Value of not more than 1.3.	
	J1.5	Walls	
CA		 External walls within Climate Zone 5 achieve: A Total R-Value of 2.8; or A surface density of not less than 220kg/m² 	The building does not compl with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.
	J1.6	Floors	
CA		A suspended floor that is part of a buildings envelope to comply with Specification J1.6	The building does not compl with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition or consent is imposed to requir it to be upgraded.
rt J2 – I	External G	azing	
Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	J2.1	Application of Part	
CA		This part of the BCA does not apply to a Class 7, 8 or 9b building that does not have a conditioned space.	The building does not compl with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	J2.2	Applicable glazing provisions	
CA		Glazing in a Class 5, 7, 8, 9a and 9b building must be designed and installed in accordance with Clause J2.4 of the BCA.	The building does not comply with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.
	J2.4	Glazing	
CA		 (a) the glazing in each storey of the building facing each orientation must be assessed separately in accordance with (b) and (c); 	The building does not comply with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded
		Refer to Glazing Calculator by ABCB to assess compliance with Clause J2.4 (Method 2) of the BCA.	unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.

Part J3 - Building Sealing

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	J3.1	Application of Part	
CA		Applies to elements forming the envelope of a class 2-9 building (doors, windows, walls, roof/ceilings etc).	The building does not comply with this clause and is not
		Except for buildings in climate 1,2,3 or 5 where the only means of cooling is by an evaporative cooler or	proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require
		A permanent building ventilation opening for safe operation of a gas appliance	it to be upgraded.
		A class 6, 7, 8 or 9b building that does not have a conditioned space	
		A building or space where the mechanical ventilation provides sufficient pressurisation to prevent infiltration	
	J3.2,3,5	Chimneys, Roof lights, exhaust fans	
CA		Chimneys or flues must be provided with a damper or flap that can be closed to seals the chimney or flu when not in use	The building does not compl with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded
		Roof lights must be sealed by a diffuser or shutter system unless required as a building window for light	unless a specific condition o consent is imposed to requir it to be upgraded.
		Miscellaneous Exhaust fans must be provided with a damper that self closes when the fan is not in use	10



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	J3.4	External Windows and Doors	
CA		A seal to restrict air infiltration must be fitted to each edge (top, bottom and sides) of an external door or window or the like when serving a conditioned space or for habitable rooms in climate zones 4,6,7 & 8. Excluding: - Windows that comply with AS 2047 - fire doors	The building does not comply with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.
		Roller shutter doors or security doors installed for out of hours security only	
		External louver door, windows or other such openings	

Part J5 - Air Condition & Ventilation Systems

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	Part J5	Air Con and Mech Vent system design	
CA		Ductwork for supply and return air must be insulated Design of the system must achieve com0pliance with all parts of Part J5 of the BCA	The building does not comply with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.

Part J6 - Artificial Lighting & Power

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	Part J6.1	Application of part	
CA		This part of the BCA does not apply to a Class 2 or 4 buildings or parts within the Sole occupancy unit/s.	The building does not comply with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific DA condition is imposed to require it to be upgraded.
	J6.2	Interior artificial lighting	
CA		The Design Illumination power load must not exceed the sum of the allowances achieved by multiplying the area of the space by the maximum illumination power density in Table J6.2b	The building does not comply with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.



Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	J6.5	Artificial lighting around the perimeter of a building	
CA		Exterior lighting must be controlled by either a daylight sensor or a time switch in accordance with Spec J6 to turn off when natural light is effective or during daylight hours and Total perimeter lighting load that exceeds 100w must – - have an average light source efficacy of not less than 60 lumens/W or - be controlled by a motion detector in accordance with Spec J6	The building does not comple with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.
	J6.6	Boiling water and chilled water units	
CA		Power supply to these units (Billy units) must be controlled by a time switch that complies with Spec J6	The building does not compl with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to requirit to be upgraded.

Part J7 - Hot Water Supply

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
	J7.2	Hot Water Supply	
CA		Hot water supply for food preparation and sanitary purposes must comply with Section 8 of AS/NZS 3500.4 Solar systems in climate zones 1,2 and 3 do not need to comply with this requirement	The building does not comply with this clause and is not proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of consent is imposed to require it to be upgraded.

Part J8 - Access for Maintenance

Icon	Clause	Reference	Comment
CA		Access for Maintenance must be provided to all services and components, including	The building does not comply with this clause and is not
		Time switches and motion detectors	proposed to be upgraded unless a specific condition of
		Room temp thermostats	consent is imposed to require
		Plant thermostats such as on boilers or refridge units	it to be upgraded.
		Outside air dampers	
		 Reflectors, lens and diffusers of light fittings 	
		Heat transfer equipment	
		 Adjustable or motorised shading devices 	

Appendix 2

Fire Resistance Provisions



Table 4 – Type B Construction: FRL of Building Elements

Building Element	Class of Building – FRL (in minutes) Structural Adequacy/Integrity/Insulation			
	Class 2, 3 or 4 part	Class 5, 7a or 9	Class 6	Class 7b or 8
External Wall (including any column a element, where the distance from and	-	•	•	external building
For Loadbearing Parts:				
Less than 1.5m	90/ 90/ 90	120/120/120	180/180/180	240/240/240
1.5m to less than 3m	90/60/30	120/ 90/ 60	180/120/ 90	240/180/120
3m to less than 9m	90/30/30	120/30/30	180/ 90/ 60	240/90/60
9m to less than 18m	90/ 30/ -	120/ 30/ -	180/60/-	240/60/-
18m or more	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-
For Non-Loadbearing Parts:				
less than 1.5m	- / 90/ 90	- /120/120	- /180/180	- /240/240
1.5m to less than 3m	- / 60/ 30	- / 90/ 60	- /120/ 90	- /180/120
3m or more	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-
Common Walls and Fire Walls:	90/ 90/ 90	120/120/120	180/180/180	240/240/240
Internal Walls - Fire Resisting lift and	stair shafts:			
Loadbearing	90/ 90/ 90	120/120/120	180/120/120	240/120/120
Non-Loadbearing	- / 90/ 90	- /120/120	- /120/120	- /120/120
Bounding <i>Public Corridors</i> public lob	bies and the like:			
Loadbearing	60/60/60	120/ - / -	180/ - / -	240/ - / -
Non-Loadbearing	-/60/60	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-
Between or Bounding Sole Occupand	cy Units:			
Loadbearing	60/60/60	120/ - / -	180/ - / -	240/ - / -
Non-Loadbearing	-/60/60	-/-/-	-/-/-	-/-/-
Other Loadbearing Internal Walls, In	nternal Beams, Trus	ses and Columns	5 .	
	60 / - / -	120/ - / -	180/ - / -	240/ - / -

OUR OFFICES

Australia

Adelaide +61 8 8410 4044
Brisbane +61 7 3221 1788
Cairns +61 7 4051 7511
Canberra +61 2 6257 4428
Darwin +61 8 8981 8020
Hobart +61 3 6234 8788
Melbourne +61 3 9933 8800
Perth +61 8 9221 8870
Sunshine Coast +61 7 5479 2005
Sydney +61 2 9956 8822
Townsville +61 7 4721 2788

New Zealand Auckland +64 9 379 9903 Christchurch +64 3 366 2669 Wellington +64 4 472 7505

OUR SERVICES

Project Management
Cost Management
Building Surveying
Urban Planning
Specification Consulting
Infrastructure Verification Services
Technical Due Diligence
Property Performance Reporting
Make Good Assessments
Certification Services
Sustainability Services

DAVIS LANGDON & SEAH INTERNATIONAL

Arabian Gulf, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei, China, Croatia, England, France, Germany, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mozambique, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Scotland, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Thailand, The Netherlands, United Arab Emirates, United States of America, Vietnam and Wales

www.davislangdon.com

