21 January 2010

Gary Sawyer
General Manager
City of Canada Bay Council
1a Marlborough Street
DRUMMOYNE NSW 2047

Dear Gary,

RE: Breakfast Point, Powerhouse Demolition and Redevelopment Proposal

Following your meeting with Mr. Bryan Rose and Mr. Nick Jackman on 11 December 2009 we attach a summary of the proposal for the demolition of the existing Powerhouse building, rezoning of the land for residential use and construction of six freestanding homes.

We put forward a counter offer of a sum of \$1,200,000.00 (One million two hundred thousand dollars) to be granted under a Voluntary Planning Agreement in lieu of the dedication of part of the Power House and curtilage. An appraisal summary supporting the fairness of this offer is contained within Annexure I of the attached report.

We request Council's consideration of this offer.

Should you have any queries regarding the above please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours sincerely,

Ray Kearns
Development Manager

Rosecorp Management Services Pty Ltd ACN 092 138 504

ROSECORP MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LIMITED A.C.N. 092 138 504

BREAKFAST POINT POWER HOUSE BUILDING



PROPOSAL FOR DEMOLITION OF THE EXISTING BUILDING AND REDEVLOPMENT FOR RESIDENTIAL USE

21 January 2010

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- 1. Executive Summary
- 2. Concept Plan Approval
- 3. Proposal for demolition of the Existing Building and redevelopment of the Site for Residential Purposes.
- 4. Appendices

The Power House building is located at 97-99 Peninsula Drive, Breakfast Point. It is included in the part of the Breakfast Point site that has been called in by the NSW Minister for Planning.

The Power House building is a scheduled 'Heritage Item' under Concord LEP No 91.

The Breakfast Point Concept Plan approval requires within 12 months of the date of the approval the Applicant to make best endeavours to seek the dedication of approximately 240m2 of the Power House's gross floor area and curtilage into the care, control and maintenance of Council.

Preliminary architectural and structural engineering reconnaissance has revealed significant structural deterioration in the structure of the building.

Feasibility appraisal of the forecast revenue and construction / ongoing maintenance cost estimates indicates the conservation of the existing structure and adaptive reuse to not be financially viable.

It is Breakfast Point Pty Ltd's opinion that demolition of the existing building and the redevelopment of the site for residential use may be more desirable to the surrounding residents and offer greater Public benefit than the adaptive re-use of the existing building.

The NSW Heritage Office and NSW Department of Planning have reviewed the site and do not object to an application being made under Part 3A for approval for the demolition of the existing structure and redevelopment of the site for residential use providing the items of heritage significance are appropriately recorded and/or retained via an interpretive display within Breakfast Point

Breakfast Point Pty Ltd seek Council's support on this matter prior to any application being made to the NSW Department of Planning for the redevelopment of the site.

Attached and marked Annexure A is a copy of the Major Project Assessment: Breakfast Point Concept Plan item 6.3.7 and Determination of Breakfast Point Concept Plan section 11 which relate to the dedication of the Power House and curtilage.

Under these items it was contemplated that an agreement may be reached between Breakfast Point Pty Ltd and Council for the dedication of approximately 240m2 of the Power House's gross floor area and curtilage into the care, control and maintenance of Council for the purposes of a museum.

Attached and marked Annexure B are copies of preliminary drawings relating to the conservation and adaptive re-use of the building under the Concept Plan conditions of approval.

Preliminary structural engineering reconnaissance by consulting engineers Hughes Trueman indicate that the existing building structure is in a severe state of disrepair. Attached and marked Annexure C is a copy of their preliminary schedule of structural works required to reinstate structural integrity to the building in order to allow the building to be brought back to a habitable state.

Based on Hughes Trueman's report and drawings provided in Annexure C consulting quantity surveyors WT Partnership prepared on 24 September 2008 a construction cost preliminary budget estimate to the sum of \$4,500,000 + GST for the remediation of the existing structure and base building works for the described adaptive re-use (copy of WT Partnership's Preliminary Budget estimate is attached and marked Annexure D).

In this Preliminary Budget Estimate WT Partnership estimate the ongoing maintenance costs to the external fabric of the building to be:

	Assumed maintenance period	Cost/period \$ (Excl GST)
Repointing of existing external brickwork	Assume every 20 years	100,000
Renewal of roof membrane	Assume every 20 years	80,000
Repainting of windows and external doors	Assume every 5 years	25,000
Sundry repairs	Annually	15,000

Note: The above costs exclude GST and any escalation in cost over time.

Based on the above estimated costs and other reasonable revenue and cost assumptions feasibility appraisal of this scheme estimate the adaptive re-use of the existing building would over time be a cost (loss) to Breakfast Point Pty Ltd in the order of \$4,400,000 + GST. A copy of this feasibility appraisal is attached and marked Annexure E.

Under the Breakfast Point Concept Plan approval upon agreed dedication of part of the Power House and curtilage Council will become responsible for ongoing care, control and maintenance of that part of the building and cartilage. Over time this will be an ongoing running cost to Council.

Regarding the adaptive re-use of the building for both Council's and Breakfast Point Pty Ltd's future uses it is our considered opinion that any commercial use of the building is impractical for the following reasons:

- Limited on street parking is available for visitors to the building as the majority of on street visitor parking has been dedicated to current and future surrounding residential buildings;
- There is insufficient space available for any off street parking;
- Any commercial uses in the building, such as museum, café etc may cause nuisance and a reduction in privacy to residences within very close proximity to the building and will limit hours of operation; and
- Access for garbage collection and/or deliveries to the building is limited.

Given the above constraints it is likely that it will be very difficult to find a suitable tenant for the building and derive an acceptable revenue. This together with the direct construction costs render the proposal for the adaptive re-use of the building unfeasible to Breakfast Point. Also, given the ongoing maintenance costs to Council, it is likely the ongoing financial burden to Council resulting from the dedication of part of the building may outweigh any perceived benefit to the Public for the retaining of the building.

The Power House is located on a site area of approximately 5,000m2.

We have reviewed various alternative proposals for the use of the building and/or land upon which it is situated and have formed the opinion that the best use for the Power House will be the demolition of the existing building, remediation of the parcel of land, rezoning to residential use and the construction of six individual free standing homes.

Attached and marked Annexure F are preliminary details of the arrangement of the six new residences that may be constructed under this alternate scheme.

Under this proposal for the redevelopment of the site we suggest that any items of heritage significance be retained within the Breakfast Point 15m foreshore zone and displayed with a plaque describing its history, technological advancement and role of the Powerhouse. Final selection of these items would be decided upon each artefact's historical significance, whether that be its setting, stylistic, archaeological features etc. and whether the item presents a danger to users, occupants or public and any measures to conserve the item including proposals of any conservation plan be made available to Council. Attached and marked Annexure G is a draft Breakfast Point Heritage Interpretation Strategy for the current and future retaining of any such heritage significant items.

In lieu of the dedication of part of the Power House and curtilage to Council we propose that Breakfast Point Pty Ltd will provide a financial contribution under a Voluntary Planning Agreement for Council to use to support the costs of other Public facilities currently provided or which may be provided in the future within the City of Canada Bay.

The NSW Heritage Office and NSW Department of Planning have considered this proposal do not object to an application being made under Part 3A for approval for the demolition of the existing structure and redevelopment of the site for residential use providing the items of heritage significance are appropriately recorded and/or retained via an interpretive display within Breakfast Point and that a Planning Agreement between Council and Breakfast Point Pty Ltd is in place.

During the second half of 2008 an offer of \$1,000,000 was made to Council as the sum proposed in lieu of the dedication of the part of the Power House and curtilage to Council. This offer was given in conjunction with information and calculations to allow Council to assess this offer.

Council have since responded requesting a sum of \$3,500,000. Attached and marked Annexure H is an appraisal summary for the proposed alternate scheme and including this sum cost requested by Council. This appraisal summary shows a return on cost of only 4.19%. Given the uncertainty of conditions present in the existing structure and risks of increase costs in demolition and remediation this sum renders the redevelopment of the site to be unfeasible for Breakfast Point Pty Ltd.

As a final offer we propose to Council a sum of \$1,200,000. Attached and marked Annexure I is a feasibility appraisal including for this sum.

We consider this sum of \$1,200,000 to be fair and reasonable, particularly given Council will relieved of ongoing burdening costs of maintenance which may be imparted otherwise under the Concept Plan scheme to dedicate part of the Power House and curtilage to Council and particularly given Breakfast Point Pty Ltd will be carrying all risk associated with the redevelopment of the site.

ANNEXURE A

6.3.7 Heritage

6.3.7.1 Raised By

Concern has been raised regarding the future of the existing buildings and their potential demolition to facilitate implementation of the concept plan proposal. Council and the community are of the view that the existing buildings have historical significance and should be adaptively re-used for alternative commercial/museum uses.

6.3.7.2 Consideration

There are four existing structures within or adjacent to the concept plan area which have been identified as having local heritage significance. The items are the brick wall facing Tennyson Road, Main Meter Readers Office, Blacksmith's Shop and Power House. Figure 5 identifies their location.

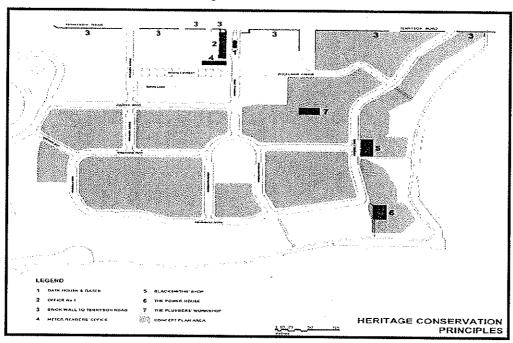


Figure 5: Heritage Items at Breakfast Point

The Concept Plan's "Section 11 – Heritage Conservation" prohibits the demolition, alteration, removal or modification of any heritage item without the consent of the relevant authority. Furthermore, Section 11 contains some very basic heritage conservation principles which nominate the likely future adaptive re-uses of the heritage items. At this stage, it is considered premature to specify the future use of the on-site heritage items as the buildings are run down and require considerable renovation. A comprehensive heritage assessment will be required at project application stage to determine whether in fact a particular building is worthy of retention (in its current form) having regard to its architectural or aesthetic merit.

6.3.7.3 Resolution

The Department considers that there is nothing in the Concept Plan which precludes the existing buildings from being adaptively re-used in the future. In fact, the nomination of building envelopes in the Concept Plan (which in fact do not coincide with the heritage items) provides the certainty the items will be retained.

In the event that any heritage item is to be demolished, Rosecorp through Statements of Commitment at *Appendix B, Part B, B10 – Heritage* has committed to documenting the historic, social and cultural significance of the item through photographic archives and a professionally written history.

Additionally the Department's recommended *Condition No. 11 – Dedication of Power House and Curtilage* (at *Appendix A, Schedule 2*) requires the dedication of the 240m² of the Power House's gross floor area and curtilage to Council for the purposes of a museum. The condition also requires Rosecorp to undertake any structural and buildings works to ensure the building is habitable when dedicated to Council.

All contributions shall be paid in the form of cash or bank cheque made out to City of Canada Bay Council. For accounting purposes the contribution pay require separate payment for each of the categories above. Confirmation should be sought from Council in this regard.

9. Other Monetary Contributions

In the event that the Applicant obtains approval from the Director General to increase the gross floor area (pursuant to *Condition No. 7 – Additional Floor Space* of this approval), a further monetary contribution for community enhancement will be levied for all additional dwellings resulting from that increase. This Contribution will be levied at a rate of \$7, 200.00 per dwelling regardless of size (equating to \$1.44 million if the maximum of 200 dwellings is achieved).

The Contributions shall be administered by the Applicant through the establishment of a Trust Fund or other appropriate mechanism.

The Applicant shall prepare and submit a Community Enhancement Plan for the approval of the Minister. The Community Enhancement Plan shall be prepared in consultation with Council, and the local community and nominate funding for community projects and infrastructure within the suburbs of Concord, Mortlake, Breakfast Point, and Cabarita. The Community Enhancement Plan shall also determine a works program, timing and means through which the Contribution delivered through this condition is accessed.

10. Dedication of Foreshore Lands

Within 3 months of the determination date in Part A of Schedule 1 of the Breakfast Point Concept Plan, the Applicant shall use their best endeavours to seek the dedication of the 15m wide foreshore strip known as Lot 501 in DP 1052824 to Council.

Should an agreed outcome not be reached within that timeframe (and the Director General has not specified an alternative timeframe), the 15m wide foreshore strip shall be dedicated to the Department.

In either case, the care control and maintenance of the 15m wide foreshore strip shall be conferred to the appropriate Community Association.

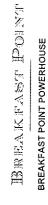
11. Dedication of Power House and Curtilage

Within 12 months of the determination date in Part A of Schedule 1 of the Breakfast Point Concept Plan, the Applicant shall use their best endeavours to seek the dedication of approximately 240m² of the Power House's gross floor area and the curtilage (as identified in Schedule 3) into the care, control and maintenance of Council. Should an agreed outcome not be reached within that timeframe (and the Director General has not specified an alternative timeframe), the Power House and the curtilage shall remain in the care, control and maintenance of the owner at that time.

The Applicant shall liaise with Council and the NSW Heritage Office regarding the appropriate construction standards so that the Power House and curtilage may be dedicated to the Council in the future, if Council chooses to accept the dedication. The final design detail of the Power House and curtilage is to be approved by the Department prior to the issue of the construction certificate for these works.

In the event that Council accepts the dedication, a public positive covenant and right of carriage way is to be created over the Power House and curtilage to allow full public access to the development to the dedicated area. In addition, the owner is to be burdened with the requirement to maintain the Power House and curtilage to the constructed standard. These mechanisms are to be created pursuant to Section 88B of Section 88BA of the Conveyancing Act, 1919 and are to be shown on the title of the land. Details of these mechanisms are to be approved by the Director prior to release of the relevant subdivision certificate or the strata subdivision certificate.

ANNEXURE B

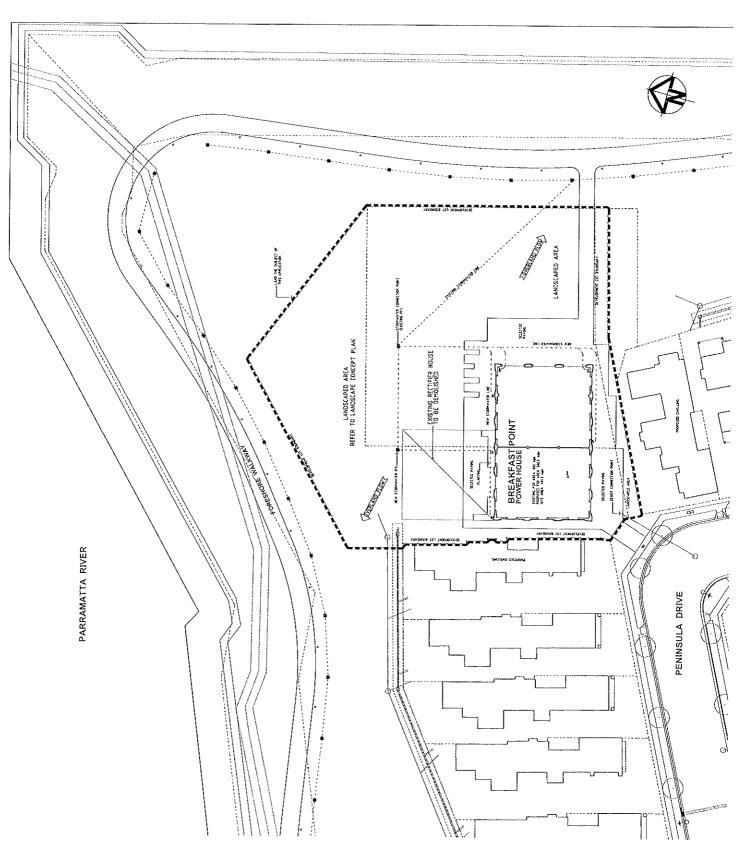


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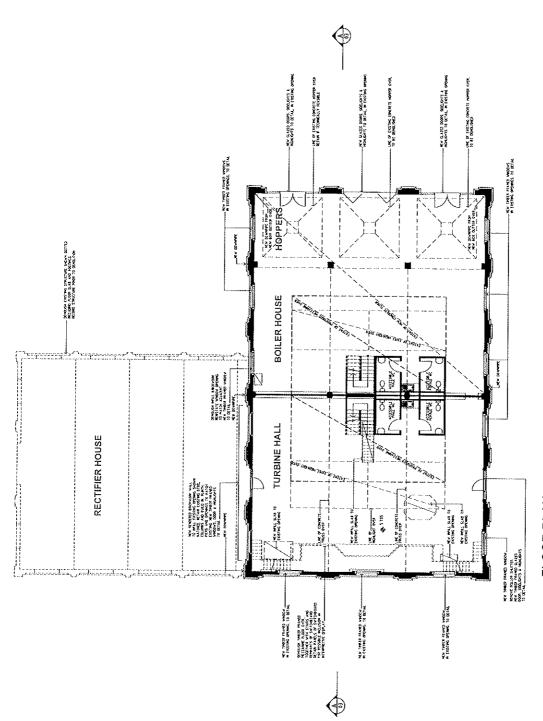
BREAKFAST POINT

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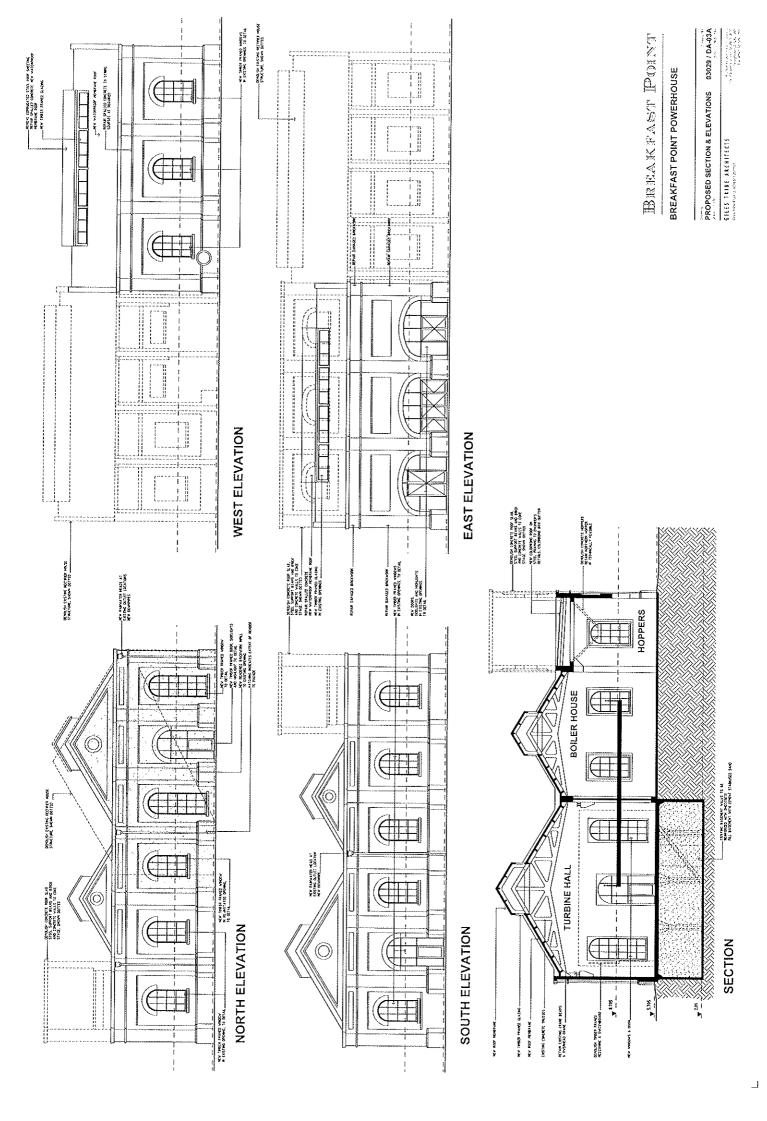
BREAKFAST POINT POWERHOUSE

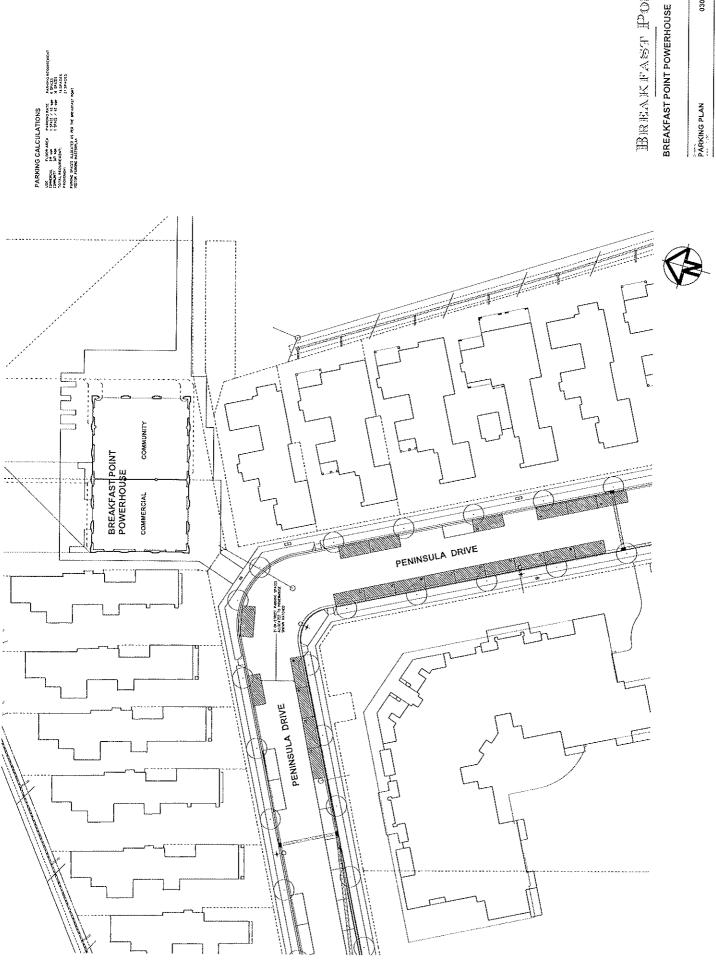




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BREAKFAST POINT

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PARKING PLAN	GILES TRIBE ARCHITECTS

ANNEXURE C



STANDOWNE

FAX TRANSMISSION

T 02 9439 2633 F 02 9438 4505

Level 1, 100 Christia Street PO Box 151 St Leonards NSW 1590 ABN 53 831 529 091

Stewart Mathews	TEMPER TO		
			24/2/04
		Fax No	8765 8722
Giles Tribe		Fay No.	0264 0000
Izin Stuart		, 62 160	9264 9908
HLA Envirosciences		Fav No	00004441
Fred Salome		1 84 10	99884441
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Simon Wiltshier			9736 3287 16
	Paragon Ian McCai; Giles Tribe Iain Stuart HLA Envirosciences Fred Salome CTI	Paragon Ian McCaig Giles Tribe Iain Stuart HLA Envirosciences Fred Salome CTI	Paragon Fax No Ian McCai; Giles Tribe Fax No Iain Stuart HLA Envirosciences Fax No Fred Salome CTI Fax No

Dear Gentlemen

Herewith the schedule of works as it stands to date.

Regards

Simon

ACEA



HUGHES TRUEMAN PTY LTO AS TRUSTEE FOR HTL REINHOLD TRUST

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BREAKFAST POINT POWER HOUSE

SCHEDULE OF STRUCTURAL WORKS

The following schedule identifies required remedial structural works.

The first part of the schedule nominates locations and general extent of works with reference to a location plan.

The second part provides specifications for particular types of repair.

The third part provided the location plans and typical details.

Quantities referred to in the schedules are approximate only and should be verified by site measure prior to carrying out works. The quantities should however be adequate for budget estimates with an appropriate contingency.

The building is divided into five components.

- 1. High Bay Over Hoppers
- 2. East Block Boiler House
- 3. West Block Generator House
- 4. West Block Bascraent
- 5. North Block Generator House Extension

At this stage the north block has not been included in the schedules since it is expected that it will not be retained in the final proposal. If it is to be retained the schedule will be updated.

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HIGH BAY OVER HOPPERS

ltem No. as shown on plans	iltem	Déscription	Quantity (approximate)	Specification Reference
(1) (2) (3)	Roof slub Roof beams Brickwork at top of wall	Reinforced concrete Steel Salvage, clean and rebed	115m ² 7 No Top 2 courses both sides plus 6 courses	Demolish Demolish (1)
(4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	Concrete at top of wall Wall capping Wall bracing Embedments: East facing arches Hoppers	Reinforced concrete Reinforced mortar Hot Dip galvanised steel Steel Brick infill Reinforced concrete southern and central	local to each corner 40m 40m Refer drawing 30 items 3 No.	(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)
(10) (11)	Hoppers New roof	Reinforced concrete northern Metal sheet on steel purlins	1 No. 115m ²	(7) (9)

EAST BLOCK - BOILER HOUSE

(12)	 Upper shing course 	ed by a banner during inspection to Reinforced concrete spall	5 in (300H x 150)	(10)
(13)	Lower string course	Reinforced concrete spall	· ·	(10)
(14)	Plinth course	Reinforced concrete spall	5m (150H x 150)	(10)
(15)	Brickwork at corners	Brickwork over reinforced	lm (150H x 150)	(10)
(16)	Brickwork at arches	concrete Brickwork around arch	3 locations, 60 bricks per location Rebuild 90 bricks plus	(11) (11)
(17)	Bricks to pier	Brickwork in face pier	concrete repair to 1.2m x 0.3m x 0.3m Rebuild 30 bricks plus concrete repair to	(11)
(18)	Cracking	Crack over arch	0.3 x 0.3 x 0.1m Im long crack, 2	(12)
(19)	Adhering concrete	Concrete	lengths of 900m Helifix inside and out (4 No. total) 19m long x 300mm high band. Allow to replace 50 bricks	(13)

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(20)	Brick repairs	Brickwork	2 locations required cach with 70 bricks plus	(11)
			1000 x 300 x150	
			concrete repairs each	
(21)	Embedded steelwork	Steel beams and fixings	40 items	(5)
lorth Fa	·········			
(22)	 Upper string course 	Reinforced concrete spall	2m (300H × 150)	(10)
(23)	 Lower string course 	Reinforced concrete spull	5m (150H x 150)	(10)
(24)	- Plinth Course	Reinforced concrete spall	3m (150H x 150)	(10)
(25)	 Hopper Edge 	Reinforced concrete spall	6m (300H x 300)	(10)
(26)	Cracking	Crack over window	1.5m long crack	(12)
			3 x 600 long Helifix	(12)
			inside and out (6 total)	
(27)	Window Sill	Reinforced concrete spall	1.2m (300H x 300)	(10)
(28)	Embedded steelwork	Steel beams and fixings	40 items	(5)
(29)	Windows	Joinery and glazing	Install 2 windows to	n/a
			architect's specification	
outh Fac	ade - cast and west blocks com			······································
(30)	Upper string course	Reinforced concrete spall	7m (300H x 150)	(10)
(31)	 Lower string course 	Reinforced concrete spall	2m (150H x 150)	(10)
(32)	 Plinth course 	Reinforced concrete spall	2m (150H x 150)	(10)
(33)	Window	Diagonal brick crack over	3m long.	(12)
			8 x 900 Helifix (inside	(10)
	1		& out, 16 total).	
(2.4)	,		Replace 30 bricks.	
(34)	Junction cast and west	Vertical brick crack	8m long. Fill but do	(12)
	blocks		not tie across. Remove	` '
(35)	,		vegetation.	
(36)	Gable capping	Reinforced concrete spall	10m (300H x 150)	(10)
` '	Basement walls	Reinforced concrete spall	3m² (100 deep)	(10)
(37)	 Windows (east block) 	Joinery and glazing	Install 3 windows to	n/a
/20\		1	architect's specification	-2 **
(38)	 Windows (west block) 	Joinery and glazing	Repair 2 windows	n/a
			(allow to repair one	
(39)	* F-4-4		and replace one)	
(-) >)	* Embedments	Steelwork and fixings	50 No.	(5)

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West Facade (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) ROOFS Cast and We (48) (49)	Eaves course Lower string course Plinth course Basement walls - external Embedments Windows est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Reinforced concrete spalling Steelwork and fixings Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane Refer to internal schedules	openings I cover 2m x 1m 2 covers 1m x 1m 19m (300H x 150) 3m (150H x 150) 8m (150H x 150) 3m² (150 DP) 30 No. tepair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one) Entire roof	(14) (10) (10) (10) (10) (5) n/a
West Facade (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) ROOFS Cast and We (48) (49) (50)	Eaves course Lower string course Plinth course Basement walls - external Embedments Windows est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Steelwork and fixings Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane	2 covers lm x lm 19nr (300H x 150) 3m (150H x 150) 8m (150H x 150) 3m² (150 DP) 30 No. tepair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one)	(10) (10) (10) (10) (5) 11/a
West Facade (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) ROOFS Cast and We (48) (49) (50)	Eaves course Lower string course Plinth course Basement walls - external Embedments Windows est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Steelwork and fixings Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane	3m (150H x 150) 8m (150H x 150) 3m² (150 DP) 30 No. tepair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one)	(10) (10) (10) (5) n/a
(42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) ROOFS Cast and We (48) (49) (50)	Eaves course Lower string course Plinth course Basement walls - external Embedments Windows est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Steelwork and fixings Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane	3m (150H x 150) 8m (150H x 150) 3m² (150 DP) 30 No. tepair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one)	(10) (10) (10) (5) n/a
(43) (44) (45) (46) (47) ROOFS Cast and We (48) (49) (50)	Lower string course Plinth course Basement walls - external Embedments Windows est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Steelwork and fixings Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane	3m (150H x 150) 8m (150H x 150) 3m² (150 DP) 30 No. tepair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one)	(10) (10) (10) (5) n/a
(44) (45) (46) (47) ROOFS Cast and We (48) (49) (50)	Plinth course Basement walls - external Embedments Windows est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Steelwork and fixings Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane	3m (150H x 150) 8m (150H x 150) 3m² (150 DP) 30 No. tepair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one)	(10) (10) (10) (5) n/a
(45) (46) (47) ROOFS Past and We (48) (49) (50)	Basement walls - external Embedments Windows Windows est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Reinforced concrete spalling Reinforced concrete spalling Steelwork and fixings Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane	8m (150H x 150) 3m² (150 DP) 30 No. tepair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one)	(10) (10) (5) 11/a
(46) (47) ROOFS Cast and We (48) (49) (50)	Embedments Windows est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Reinforced concrete spalling Steelwork and fixings Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane	3m² (150 DP) 30 No. tepair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one)	(10) (5) 11/a
(47) ROOFS Cast and We (48) (49) (50)	Windows est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Steelwork and fixings Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane	30 No. repair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one)	(5) 11/a
(48) (49) (50)	est Block Roofs Roof Roof vents - concrete	Joinery and glazing Concrete with membrane	tepair 2 windows (allow to repair one and replace one)	n/a
(48) (49) (50)	Roof Roof vents - concrete	Concrete with membrane	(allow to repair one and replace one)	
(48) (49) (50)	Roof Roof vents - concrete		and replace one)	(15)
(48) (49) (50)	Roof Roof vents - concrete			(15)
(48) (49) (50)	Roof Roof vents - concrete		Emire roof	(15)
(48) (49) (50)	Roof Roof vents - concrete		Entire roof	(15)
(48) (49) (50)	Roof vents - concrete		Entire roof	(15)
(49) (50)		Refer to internal schedules		(10)
(49) (50)		Refer to internal schedules	1	
AST BLOCK			Į	
AST BLOCK	Roof vents - louvres	Timber		
		1 milocr	Full length x 2 sides x	(16)
			2 vents. Approx. 48	
	Boll on Marine		metres.	
ANTONIA WINDING				
	Roof purlins			
	*	Reinforced concrete spall	30m (150 x 150)	(01)
-	Roof truss: northern truss highlight	Reinforced concrete spall	2m (150 x 150)	(10)
i	· ·			(.,,
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	West wall joint at top of wall	Reinforced concrete spall	19m (100 x 100)	(10)
			(Remove steel plate if	(-4)
		, ;	possible and replace	
(54) R	90064		with ALCOR)	
1	Roof iruss bearings at west wall	Reinforced concrete spall	2 No.	(17)
•			(600H x 600 long x	(1/)
(55) H	Ti_11:		300 deep)	
- 1	Tighlight west side lintel	Reinforced concrete spall	13m (300 x 300)	(10)
į.	Roof panels; hold, west side	Reinforced concrete spall	3m x 1.5m	(10)
,	centre bay	<u> </u>		(10)
	Loof panels: gutter between	Reinforced concrete spall	19xx (300 x 150)	(10)
t_Leona.rds\2003	ligh Bay and East Block		1	

Page 4



(58)	Roof panels generally	Cracking	60m of general crack	(18)
(59)	Walls		repair	
(27)	: Walls	Horizontal cracking	100m of general crack	(18)
(60)	Floor		repair	
(61)	1	Brick and concrete	Clear out and inspect	(19)
	Steelwork	Pipes, pipe brackets, fixings, columns, beams	Clean and paint all	(20)
	CK - GENERATOR House		,	
Generator	House Interior			
(62)	Floor grates	Openings in floor	27	
(63)	North face north wall	Vertical crack	Replace 2 No.	(21)
		TO HOLL CIZOR	5m of crack, No	(12)
(64)	Plintis course	Reinforced	Flelifix	
(65)	East wall south end	Reinforced concrete spall Diagonal cracks	lm (150 x 150)	(10)
		Diagonal cracks	7 cracks at 2m (allow	(18)
			also for 8 lengths x 600	
			Helifix subject to	
			engineers detailed	
(66)	Roof purlins		inspection)	
(67)	Roof trusses	Reinforced concrete spall	15m (150 x 150)	(10)
(07)	Root thisses	Reinforced concrete spall	Precautionary	(10)
		1	allowance to repair east	()
			ends at wall where	
		·	water has entered,	
			Allow 2No. x 300 x	
		The state of the s	300 x 300 repairs and	
			associated propping	
(68)	Roof panels	Cracks	30m of general crack	(10)
	1		repair	(18)
(69)	Roof panels	Reinforced concrete spall	20m² (75m)	(**)
	1		(Allowance)	(10)
(70)	Highlight lintels	Reinforced concrete spall	12m (150 x 150)	
(71)	Highlight ail_s	Reinforced concrete spall	12m (150 x 150)	(10)
(72)	Basement str ir handrails	Tubular steel	Replace with	(10)
			1 .	s\t
			Monowills standard	
ST BLOC	K BASEMENT		modern equipment	
	House Basement			
(73)	East well			
(74)	North wall	Concrete spalling.	49m ² x (100)	(10)
(75)	West wall	Concrete spalling	23m² x (100)	(10)
*'-/ }	South wall	Concrete spalling	12m²x (100)	(10)
(76)	CINTELL IVANI	Concrete spalling	$23m^2x$ (100)	•
(76) (77)	Slab soffit	Concrete spalling	30m ² x (75)	(10)



(78)	Concrete columns bases	Concrete spalling	15 repairs 300 high	(10)
(79)	Steel columns and beams	Corrosion	7 repairs 600 high 1 repair 900 high Clean and paint all	(10) (20)
<u></u>			(Minor welded plate repairs)	
GENERAL IT	емя			
Concrete Su	rfaces Generally			
(80)	Concrete surfaces	Reinforced concrete	TBA	TBA
	generally - electro-		1	IDA
	chemical re-alkalisation		ļ	
(81)	Concrete surface generally	Reinforced concrete	TBA	TBA
	- anti-carbonation coating		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7 277
Waterproof	ing and Drainage	<u> </u>		
(82)	Basement Internal	Sump and pump	INo.	(22)
(83)	Basement External	Subsoil drain	60m	(23)
(84)	Basement External	Sump and pump	INo.	(24)



SPECIFICATIONS

Reference	Specification
(1)	Grind out joint to allow removal of roof slab. Allow to remove, clean and replace and rebed top two courses of brick. Allow for 70% salvageable and 30% new bricks to match existing.
	At corners rebuild 6 courses of brick where damaged by rusting beam ends. Allow for 50% salvageable and 50% new bricks to match existing. Refer SK4.
(2)	Horizontally saw cut reinforced concrete inner skin.
(3)	Cap top of wall with comentitious mortar to tapered profile falling to outside. Cap 60 thick at inner edge, 40 thick at outer. Reinforce with stainless steel masonry reinforcement. Refer SK4,
(4)	Install wall bracing to top of wall in hot dip galvanised steel. Refer SK3.
(5)	Remove embedded steelwork by carefully removing surrounding bricks. Replace bricks and then fill void from extracted steelwork with mortar filler to match existing joints. Finish smooth and recessed 20m from outer face of bricks.
(6)	Carefully remove infill brickwork from arches and repair exposed edges as required.
(7)	Prop as required and demolish reinforced concrete hoppers commencing from south end. Empty hoppers from above after propping from below. Call engineer to inspect hoppers. Carefully remove and store steelwork associated with hopper gates (for potential salvage and reuse). Saw cut a straight cut between the central hopper and the northern hopper preserving the southern wall of the northern hopper. (It is the intention to save and repair the northern hopper if considered feasible following demolition). Engineer to be called to inspect the southern two hoppers during demolition to allow review of feasibility of retention of northern hopper. Engineer will direct either remedial works to northern hopper or demolition after inspections as noted above. All saw cut edges to be repaired as per specification Number 8.
	* A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A



(8)

Repair to saw out or broken back concrete edges.

Install propping as required and saw cut full dopth shown on drawings but do not overcut. For internal concrete saw cut at a line 20mm back from final finished repaired surface U.N.O. For external concrete saw cut at a line 40mm back from final finished repaired surface U.N.O. Roughen concrete surface by scabbling to within 10mm of edge of cut face (ie do not scabble right to edge to avoid fraying the straight edge).

Apply two coats of Sikn Mono Top-610 to all exposed reinforcement to the manufacturers specification.

Apply one coat of Sika Mono Top-610 to the concrete surface to the manufacturers recommendations. Note that the substrate must be prewetted and in saturated surface dry condition. The subsequent repair mortar must be applied whilst the Sika Mono Top-610 bonding bridge is still wer. Wer on wer application is critical to ensure a good homogeneous bond. Apply Siles Mono Top-615 HB repair morter in strict accordance with the manufacturers specifications to restore line and level. Ensure repair site is filled, volds are eliminated and the repair mortar is properly compacted.

Sika Mono Top-615 should not be used for thickness less than 3mm or greater than 80mm in a single application. Where the latter is required more than one application is necessary. Locally build up the concrete section in order to achieve correct covers. Ensure line and level of built-up areas blends with adjacent concrete sections.

Ensure that expansion joint gaps are not bridged during the application of the high build repair

Equivalent repair products may be used provided they are appropriate and are installed in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations.

(9)Construct new roof over hoppers to architect's specification generally to consist of colourbond corrugated roof sheeting spanning north and south either to caves gutters or box gutters supported by C20020 purlins spanning east west onto 100 x 100 x 8 shelf angles bolted to the inside race of the concrete wall. Refer SK3 and SK4.

(10)Install propping as pecessary if works are to a loadbearing element

Remove all loose concrete.

Break back concrete beyond extent of corroded reinforcement to expose sound reinforcement for the following distances:

- Mesh in walls 300 mm
- 12mm dia. bng 400mm
- 16mm dia. bar 600mm
- 20mm dia. bar 700mm

(Note: if bar welding is proved adequate the break back distance may be reduced). Break back sufficient concrete to allow for placement of a lapped bar with 20mm space all round for repair mortar.

Lap in reinforcement to replace that lost (or as directed by the engineer).

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Page 8



Apply two coats of Sika Mono Top-610 to all exposed reinforcement to the manufacturers specification.

Apply one coat of Sika Mono Top-610 to the concrete surface to the manufacturers recommendations. Note that the substrate must be prewetted and in saturated surface dry condition. The subsequent repair mortar must be applied whilst the Sika Mono Top-610 bonding bridge is still wet. Wet on wet application is critical to ensure a good homogeneous bond. Apply Sika Mono Top-615 HB repair mortar in strict accordance with the manufacturers specifications to restore line and level. Ensure repair site is filled, voids are eliminated and the repair mortar is properly compacted.

Sika Mono Top-615 should not be used for thickness less than 3mm or greater than 80mm in a single application. Where the latter is required more than one application is necessary. Locally build up the concrete section in order to achieve correct covers. Ensure line and level of built-up areas plends with adjacent concrete sections.

Ensure that expansion joint gaps are not bridged during the application of the high build repair morta:

Equivalent repair products may be used provided they are appropriate and are installed in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations.

- Rake or grind out joints to remove damaged bricks. Repair underlying concrete as per specification (10) then relay bricks to match existing in mortar to match existing.
- (12) Rake out joints 50 deep and pack with matching mortar then repoint. Fit lengths of Helifix 8m S.S. reinforcing as noted in the schedule to suppliers specification. Leave Helibond 20 back from external face and repoint over with mortar to match existing.
- (13) Carefully remove adhering concrete from face bricks. Use hand methods to minimise damage to bricks.

 If concrete cannot be removed without significant damage to bricks then leave in-situ.

 Allow also to replace 50 bricks.
- (14) Measure up on site and manufacture covers from 8mm galvanised floor plate.

 Overlap opening by 100mm all around and fix with M8 trubolts or similar at 300 nominal centres to each side.
- Remove existing cladding, membranes and flashings.

 Re-roof with propriotary waterproofing membrane to architects specifications (Emercial by Parbury or similar).

 Include flexible membrane over joints between east and west blocks. Turn membrane up rear of eaves and gables and up sides of raised roof vents, flesh and seal to suppliers specification.

 Colour selection by architect.

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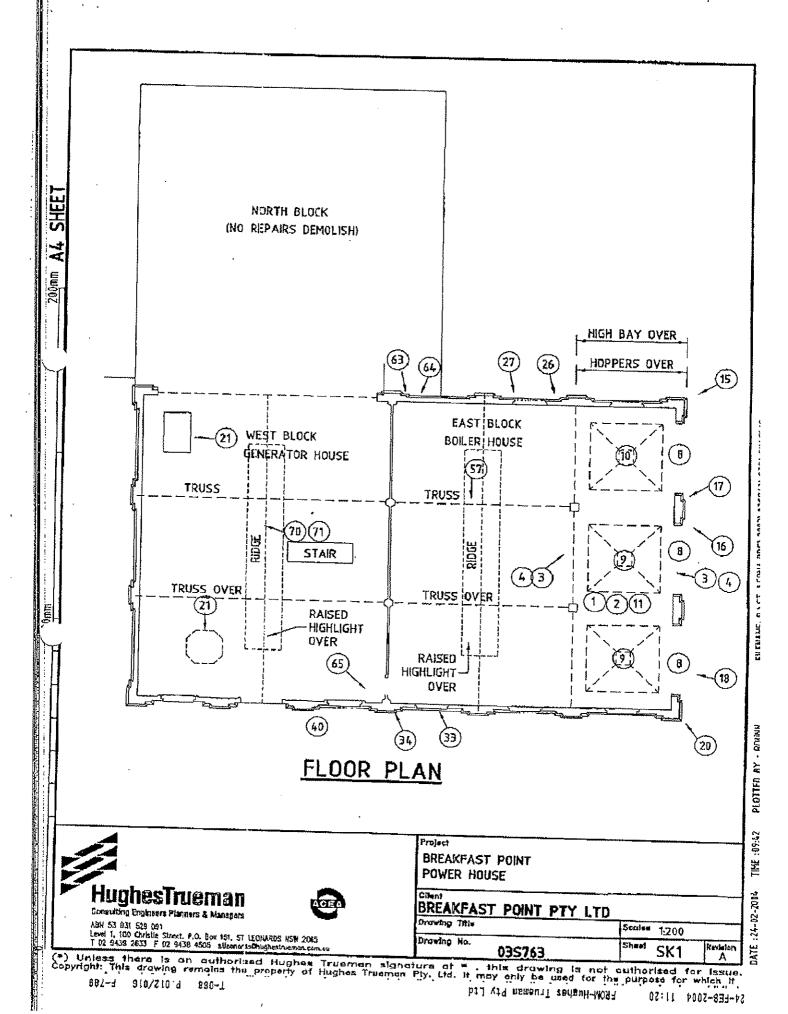


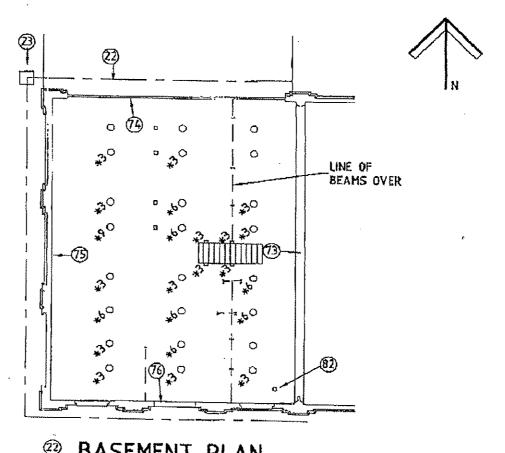
(16)	Carry out minor timber repairs. Prepare, prime and paint timbers to architects specification. Re flash heads and sills.
	Replace vertical cover boards at junctions.
(17)	Prop truss bottom chords down to ground.
	Locally break out ends of trusses and allow engineers inspection. Includes breaking out access in wall either side. Repair to engineers instructions, generally as per specification reference (10).
(18)	Map and agree crack repair extent with the engineer.
	Carry out epoxy injected crack repairs to suppliers specifications including preparation, flushing out scaling and finishing.
(19)	Clear debris from floor under archaeologist's direction. Do not disturb brick paved plinths. Allow to place concrete toppings to areas of concrete flooring to engineers future specification.
(20)	Blast elean or power wire brush to Class I finish and coat with 2 coats of 75 micron inorganic zinc silicate. Finish coats (if any) to architects specification.
(21)	Fit 75 x 75 angle trimmer with M12 Chainset anchors at 400 c/c all round
	Fit 2 No. 150 x 75 PFC across octagonal opening with 10 plate cleats and 4 M20 bolts each end to concrete. 2 No. 100 x 50 PFC to rectangular opening. Fit and screw down 10mm floor plate.
(22)	In an agreed location saw cut through existing basement slab and form up and cast a 400 x 400 x. 600 deep reinforced concrete sump with 150 wall and base thickness and install a permanent float switch operated pump and riser to approved discharge point.
(23)	Excavate to basement level on north, west and south sides of basement, waterproof exterior face of concrete. Install a subsoil drainage line encased in shingle and wrapped in geofabric. Backfill with granular material.
	Connect subsoil drains either to gravity drainage if falls pennit or to a sump as per specification reference (24).
40.43	

Instal' a sump from precast manhole sections with sump base 300mm below basement slab and an access point at the surface. Install a float switch operated pump and riser to discharge to approved

disposal point.

(24)





BASEMENT PLAN UNDER WEST BLOCK

*3 = 300 HIGH REPAIR TO COLUMN BASE *6 = 600 HIGH REPAIR TO COLUMN BASE

*9 = 900 HIGH REPAIR TO COLUMN BASE



ABN 53 831 528 001 Lawel 1, 100 Christic Street, P.O. Box 151, 57 LECHARDS NSW 2065 7 02 9439 2633 F 02 9438 4505 attenuals@mygkatrusmon.com.cu

BREAKFAST POINT POWER HOUSE

Chart BREAKFAST POINT PTY LTD

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Drawing Tollo BASEMENT PLAN Drawing No.

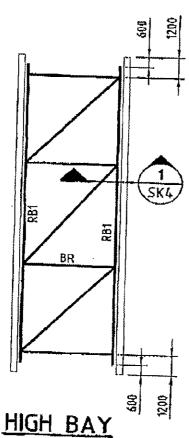
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DINTER AY . DRINE



HIGH BAY LEVEL BRACING PLAN HIGH LOWER LEVEL ROOF PLAN (AFTER DEMOLITION OF ROOF)

> RB1 = 200PFC

BR 1400 x 5.4 CHS (AFTER DEMOLITION OF ROOF)

RA1 = 100 x 100 x 8 EA P1 C20020@900

(GUTTER TO ARCHITECTS DETAIL)

audnes i rueman Consulting Engineers Planters & Managers

ABN 53 831 529 891 Level 1, 189 Christic Street, P.O. Box 151, ST LEONARDS NSW 2055 T 02 8438 2633 F 82 9438 4505 utternante@hughcstruemen.com.ev



BREAKFAST POINT POWER HOUSE

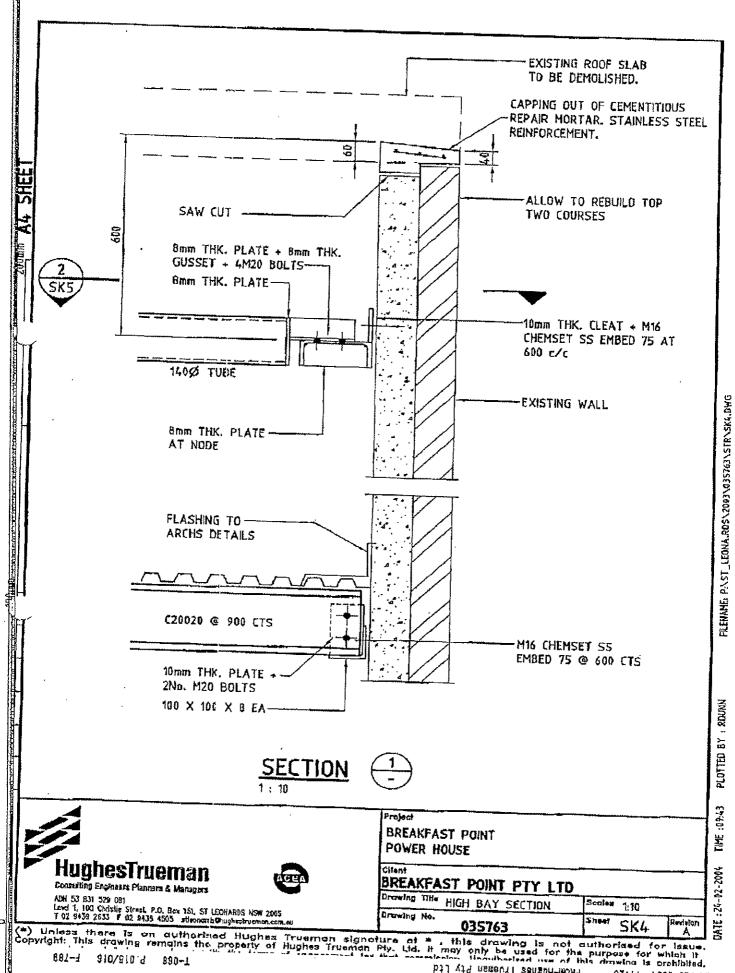
Project

BREAKFAST POINT PTY LTD Drawing This HIGH BAY PLAN

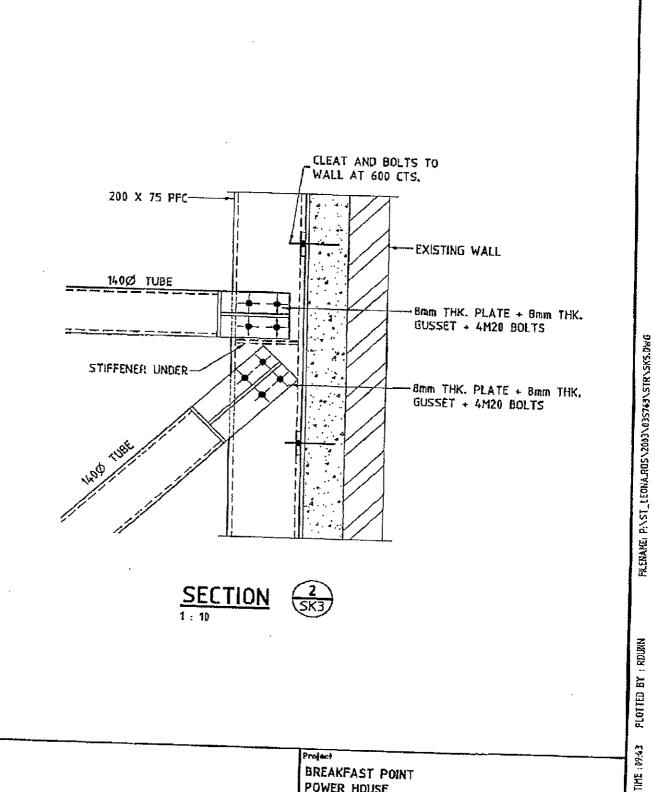
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24-FEB-2004 11:20



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HughesTrueman Consulting Engineers Planners & Managors

ABN 53-831-529-691 Level 1, 100 Christia Street, P.O. Box 151, SY LEONARDS NSW 2065 T-02-8438-2633 F-02-9438-4505 eliconard/shinghestruemon.cem.cu

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BREAKFAST POINT PTY LTD

Drawing Title BRACING DETAIL Drawing No.

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DATE : 24-02-20P4

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NOTES OF MEETING

BREAKFAST POINT POWER STATION HERITAGE AND REMEDIAL WORKS

MEETING AT PARAGON OFFICE AT BREAKFAST PORTE THE ARCHITECTS

NOTES OF MEETING:

MARCH 15th 2004

RECEIVED 1 6 MAR 2004 REPUBL

Present PPM

Stewart Mathews

GT Ian McCaig

RC Cameron Lang Shayne Taylor WT

HT Simon Wiltshier

Circulation

Iain Stuart HLA - HLA Enviroscience, fax: 9988 4441 **PPM** Stewart Mathews - Paragon, fax: 8765 8722 GT- Giles Tribe, Ian McCaig fax: 9264 9908 RC Cameron Lang - Rosecorp, fax: 9356 2811 RC Nick Jackman - Rosecorp. fax: 9356 2811 CTI Fred Salome - CTI, fax: 9736 3287

WY Shayne Taylor - WT Partnership. fax: 9957 3161 HJ, Simon Wiltshier - Hughes Trueman, fax: 9438 4505

Further to our report of 15/03/04 and our site visit of 15/03/04, we summarise the following actions.

1. Option E will be revised to:

Demolish 1950's extension

Demolish high bay over hoppers

Demolish hoppers but retain hopper bay

Demolish turbine house and basement (simply backful basement)

Fit new roof to hopper bay

Retain and repair boiler house and hopper bay

We attach a marked up copy of the cost plan broken down into categories. (Only sent 2. to WT),

- E. Essential: Must be done for safety, stability or to safeguard important heritage fabric.
- R. Recommended: Items which are not immediately essential but which should be done now to arrest deterioration and prevent more major long term cost or which would be difficult to access later.

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- M. Maintenance: Items which could be monitored during the life of the building and which could be attended to as and when needed without excessive disturbance or cost.
- A. Alternatives: Items where alternative cheaper specifications could be considered (see Section 3 following).
- F. Fit-out Works: Items of fit-out which are not essential for conservation of the fabric and which are dependent on end use.
- O. Omitted: Items which are not considered necessary if other conservation measures are adopted.

3. Alternative Specifications

With reference to the Hughes Trueman Schedule of Works of February 2004, the following alternative specifications can be priced. Adoption of these alternatives will be dependent on the cost saving and suitability for the final adaptive re-use proposal.

Concrete plinth course. Items 14, 24, 32, 44, 64.

 Remove loose concrete, power wire brush exposed reinforcement, coat exposed reinforcement with AS2313/EPM2 (Epoxy Mastic Primer).

Embedments. Items 7, 21, 28, 39, 46.

 Cut off and grind back to face of brickwork, coat exposed steelwork with AS2312/EFM2 (Epoxy Mastic Primer).

Basement walls. Items 73, 74, 75, 76.

- Remove all loose material and heavily corroded reinforcing which is visible at the surface.
- Drill and anchor N12 galvanised L-bars with 150 legs each way at 800°/c each way into
 existing wall projecting 60 mm.
- Attach by tie-wire SL102 mesh to the L-bars
- Spray 25 MPa concrete to 150 mm depth.

Column Bases. Item 78.

- Remove loose concrete and heavily corroded reinforcing which is visible at the surface.
- Form a cylindrical cage of galvanised steel reinforcement approx. 600 mm diameter and 600 mm high.
- Cage to consist of 8 N12 bars with R6 @ 100 pitch helical ties.
- Drill and epoxy grout 4 N12 starter bars 100 mm into slab.
- Using a circular form 700 Ø by 700 high (nominal) form a 32 MPa concrete collar around all damaged column bases.

Basement Backfill (not in original schedule).

Re-surface basement walls with reinforced sprayed concrete 100 thick (to seal and restrict ongoing corrosion) reinforced with SL72 mesh tied to L-bars at 1200 % each way.

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Drill upper slab 50mm diameter at 1200% (vent holes).

Construct block walls at foot of stairs (to allow interpretation of basement form). This wall would run between adjacent existing columns at the base of the stairs forming a small chamber approximately $2m \times 4m$ around which the stabilised backfill would be placed.

Cut the top 300 mm out of all steel columns at underside of slab.

Fill basement with cement stabilised sand by pumping.

(Note: that this specification is more rigorous than previously noted since there may be more costs involved in abandoning the basement than previously envisaged).

Windows

Replace with non openable windows to match original look but not original function (ie no sliding sashes).

Retained Steelwork (including pipes and frames)

Power wire brush and coat with ROZP primer.

We trust that this is of assistance.

Yours sincerely

HUGHES TRUEMAN Simon A. Wiltshier Director FIEAust, MICE, CPEng

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ANNEXURE D

FACSIMILE/MEMORANDUM



COMPANY:	ROSE	Quantity Surveyors		
ATTENTION:	RAY KEARNS	and Construction		
FROM:	RICHARD HIRST	Cost Consultants		
Fax No:	By Email Job No/Ref: 6753 EST No 5	Level 24, Northpoint 100 Miller Street		
Date:	24 September 2008 Total Pages: 6	Locked Bag No. 2137 North Sydney NSW 2059		
Job Name/Subject:	BREAKFAST POINT - POWERHOUSE	Australia		
	PARTIAL DEMOLITION, REPAIR AND FITOUT OF THE POWERHOUSE AND ASSOCIATED EXTERNAL WORKS	Tel 61 2 9929 7422 Fax 61 2 9957 3161		
	PRELIMINARY BUDGET ESTIMATE	Email rhirst@wtpartnership.com.ac		
REMARKS:	URGENT Reply For your Original in Attention ASAP Information the mail			

As requested, we have prepared a Preliminary Budget Estimate for this project and advise you that the estimated construction cost at rates current in September 2008 is \$4,500,000 exclusive of GST and \$4,950,000 inclusive of GST as shown in the attached summary of cost.

The estimate is based on the draft schedule of works for the Power House prepared by Hughes Trueman Design dated 24 February 2004. The estimate assumes that the works will be tendered on a fixed lump sum basis to a number of suitable contractors and based on firm design documentation.

We refer you to the attached report which provides the following:-

- Main Summary of Costs;
- Schedule of Areas:
- Schedule of Information Used;
- Schedule of Exclusions.

We draw your attention to the Schedule of Exclusions on Page 3 which identifies those items which have been excluded from the estimated costs and for which separate provision should be made in the feasibility study.

We note the following broad assumptions made in the preparation of the estimate:-

- 1. We have included for all rectification works indicated the Draft Schedule of Works for the Power House prepared by Hughes Trueman dated 24 February 2004.
- 2. No allowance has been made for the removal of lead based paints to the existing steelwork.

- 3. We have included Provisional Sum allowance for the following items:-
 - Remedial works or demolition to Northern Hopper \$20,000 (Excl GST).
 - Clean and apply finish to all steelwork to the Boiler House \$40,000 (Excl GST).
 - Removal of contaminated material including asbestos \$20,000 (Excl GST).
 - Re alkalisation and anti carbonation coatings to existing concrete surfaces -\$725,000 (Excl GST)
- 4. We have included for the internal fit out of the Powerhouse as summarised before:
 - Mezzanine floor including staircases and balustrades.
 - Accessible toilets.
 - Kitchenettes to tenancies.
 - Plasterboard linings with paint finish to all walls internally.
 - Plasterboard ceiling with paint finish.
 - Carpets to the tenancies and tiled floors to the toilets.
 - Services fitoff comprising air conditioning, toilet exhaust, lighting and power installations, sanitary fittings including reticulation, fire alarm system. We note we have made no allowance for fire sprinklers.

We further note that this estimate is based on preliminary architectural drawings and reports and therefore we have made several assumptions for undefined/undesigned aspects of the design, particularly in relation to specification, finishes, fitments, structural frame, footings and engineering services. We therefore recommend that a detailed estimate be prepared from design developed documentation prior to finalising feasibility studies.

As requested we have carried out an assessment of the future maintenance costs to the external fabric of the building which is summarized below. We note the costs are based on rates current in September 2008 and should be regarded as indicative:

	Assumed maintenance period	Cost/period \$ (Excl GST)
Repointing of existing external brickwork	Assume every 20 years	100,000
Renewal of roof membrane	Assume every 20 years	80,000
Repainting of windows and external doors	Assume every 5 years	25,000
Sundry repairs	Annually	15,000

Should there be any queries or should you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Regards,

RICHARD HIRST

R Hist

PRELIMINARY BUDGET ESTIMATE

PARTIAL DEMOLITION, REPAIR AND FITOUT OF THE POWERHOUSE AND ASSOCIATED EXTERNAL WORKS

ΑT

BREAKFAST POINT

FOR BREAKFAST POINT PTY LIMITED

24 SEPTEMBER 2008

24 SEPTEMBER 2008

MAIN SUMMARY OF COSTS	\$	\$
RECTIFICATION WORKS – Per Hughes Truemans Draft Report dated 24 February 2004		
HIGH BAY OVER HOPPERS – EXTERIOR WORKS	165,000	
BOILER HOUSE – EXTERIOR WORKS	235,000	
GENERATOR HOUSE – EXTERIOR WORKS	65,000	
ROOF WORKS	105,000	
BOILER HOUSE – INTERIOR WORKS	215,000	
GENERATOR HOUSE – INTERIOR WORKS	95,000	
GENERATOR HOUSE - BASEMENT	290,000	
DEMOLITION OF RECTIFER HOUSE	75,000	
GENERAL REPAIR ITEMS	750,000	
NEW EXTERNAL WALL TO GENERATOR HOUSE	85,000	
PUTCONAL EXPOSE MADDIA		2,080,000
INTERNAL FITOUT WORKS		650,000
EXTERNAL WORKS AND SERVICES		480,000
SCAFFOLDING		200,000
PRELIMINARIES, OVERHEADS AND PROFIT		680,000
DESIGN DEVELOPMENT CONTINGENCY		410,000
ESCALATION		EXCL
POST CONTRACT DESIGN FEES		EXCL
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST AT SEPTEMBER		
2008 RATES (Excluding GST)		\$4,500,000
GOODS & SERVICES TAX (10%)		450,000
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST AT SEPTEMBER		
2008 RATES (Including GST)		\$4,950,000



24 SEPTEMBER 2008

B. SCHEDULE OF AREAS

	m2
HOPPERS	104
BOILER HOUSE	178
TURBINE HALL	245
MEZZANINE FLOOR	175
TOTAL POWER HOUSE AREA	702

C. SCHEDULE OF INFORMATION USED

The following information was used for the preparation of this estimate:-

- 1. Breakfast Point Powerhouse drawings DA-01 DA-03 prepared by Giles Tribe Architects dated November 2006;
- 2. The Powerhouse Breakfast Point landscape drawing prepared by Context Landscape Design dated May 2004;
- 3. Report and Statement of Environmental Effects Accompanying Development Application prepared by Giles Tribe Architects dated 30 April 2004;
- 4. Draft Schedule of Works for the Power House prepared by Hughes Trueman dated 24 February 2004.

D. SCHEDULE OF EXCLUSIONS

The following items have been excluded from this estimate and should be provided for separately in the feasibility:-

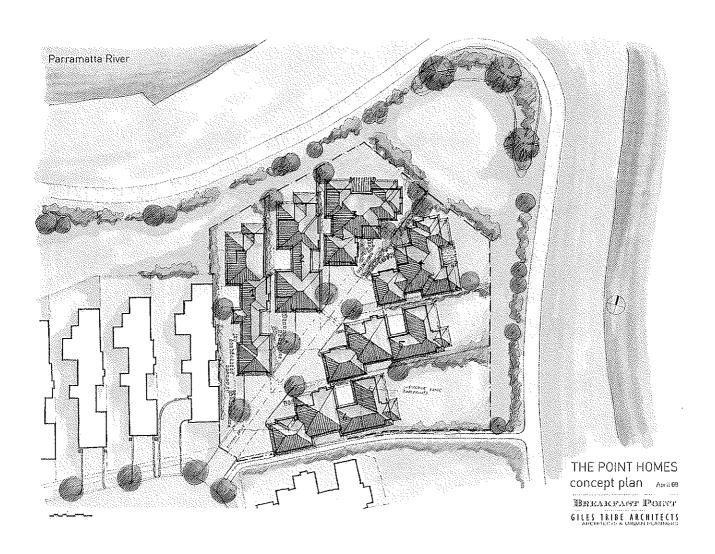
- 1. Land Costs, Legal Fees, Taxes and Duties:
- 2. Interest Charges and Holding Costs;
- DA & Construction Certificate Fees, Council Contributions, Section 94 Contributions, Headwork Charges;
- 4. Consultants and Professional Fees;
- 5. Long Service Leave Levy;
- 6. Finance Costs (interest, holding charges etc);
- 7. Furniture, fittings, fixtures and equipment;
- 8. Fire sprinklers;
- 9. Removal of contaminated materials including lead paint to existing steelwork;
- 10. Works outside the lot boundary,
- 11. Pre and Post Contract Design Fees;
- 12. Escalation in construction costs beyond September 2008.

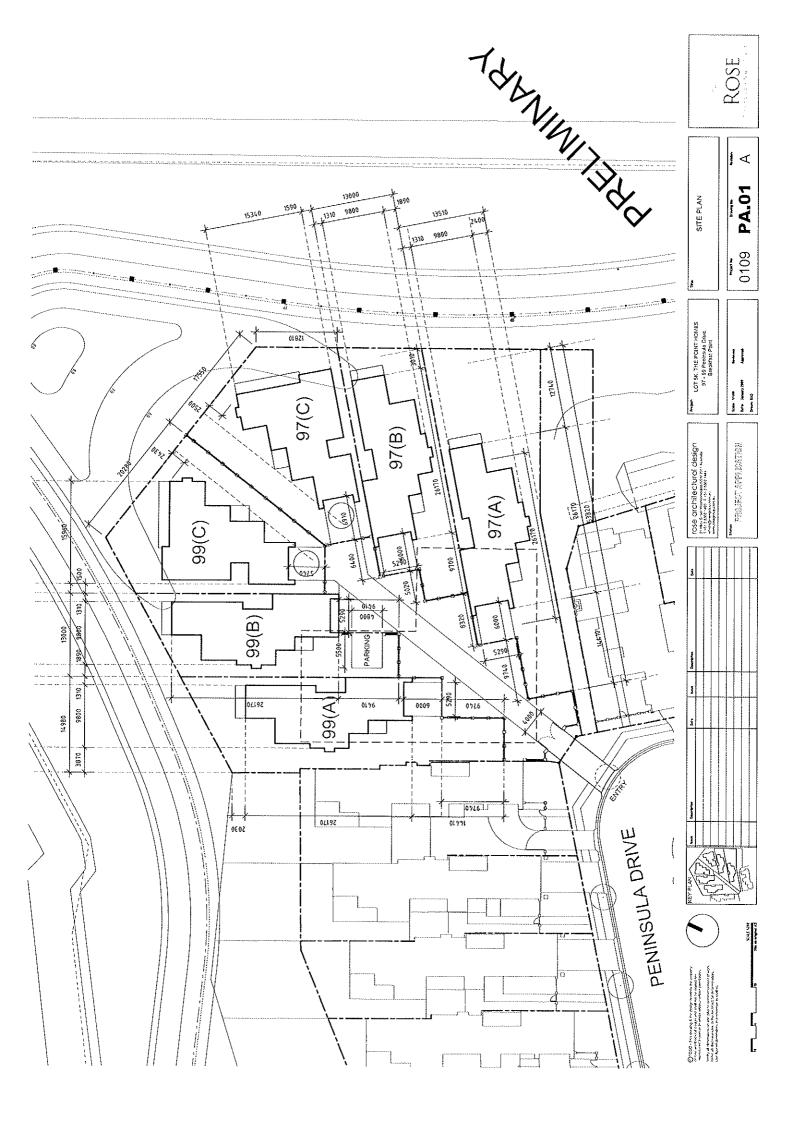
<u>ANNEXURE E</u>

Breakfast Point Dedication of Powerhouse & Curtilage Feasibility Appraisal

Feasibility Appraisal		* 1		45
REVENUE				
Rental Area Summary	Units	Unit Amount	Gross MRV	
	m²	Data las?	Cross MDV	
Power House Leasing Income	369m2	Rate/m² \$430.00	Gross MRV 158670	
Your on the same No. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.				
Investment Valuation Power House Leasing Income				
Current Rent	\$158,670	YP @	8.00%	12.5YP
Income from Tenants				\$502,455
TOTAL PROJECT REVENUE				\$2,485,830
DEVELOPMENT COSTS				<u> </u>
DEACTOLHEIA! CO212				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
Construction	Units 1 unit at	Unit Amount \$938	Cost \$938	
Powerhouse	1 unit at	\$4,500,000	\$4,500,000	
Totals			\$4,500,938	\$4,500,938
Other Construction				
DA/BA/SA & Council Fees			\$188,061	
LEC Fees			\$3,985	
Post Contract Design Fees Long Service Leave Levy		0.250	\$45,000	
Tenant's Fitout		0.35%	\$15,750 \$460,000	
			¥ 100,000	\$712,796
Holding Costs Rates & Taxes			\$17,513	
Notes & Taxes			.p17,513	\$17,513
Fitout Costs Fitout Cost Area Rate - Power Hous	e Leacing Try	como	\$461,250	
	e ceasing mi	Come	\$401,230	\$461,250
PROFESSIONAL FEES				
Architect Design			\$137,500 \$5,000	
Engineer Fees			\$55,020	
Landscape architect			\$3,850	
QS			\$13,000	
Project Management Fees Project Management			\$59,239	
Engineer Other			\$38,639 \$3,019	
Landsacape Gardening			\$16,150	
QS			\$41,790	
Legals			\$15,000	#200 202
MARKETING & LEASING				\$388,207
Marketing			\$35,000	
Additional Costs				\$35,000
Interest & Fees to Aug 08			\$12,945	
EYALABICE				\$12,945
FINANCE Multiple Finance Rates Used (See As	sumptions)			
Debit Rates varied throughout the C				
Total Finance Cost				\$716,216
TOTAL COSTS			_	\$6,844,865
PROFIT				
			-	-\$4,359,035
Performance Measures			-	
Profit on Cost%		-64%		
Profit on GDV%		-2%		
Profit on NDV%		-2%		
Development Yield% (on Rent) Equivalent Yield% (Nominal)		2%		
Equivalent Yield% (True)		8% 8%		
Gross Initial Yield%		8%		
Net Initial Yield%		8%		
IRR		-13.4609		
Rent Cover	-27	yrs -6 mths		
Profit Erosion (finance rate 0.000%)		N/A		

ANNEXURE F





Lot 5K, The Point Homes - 6no. 4 bed residences

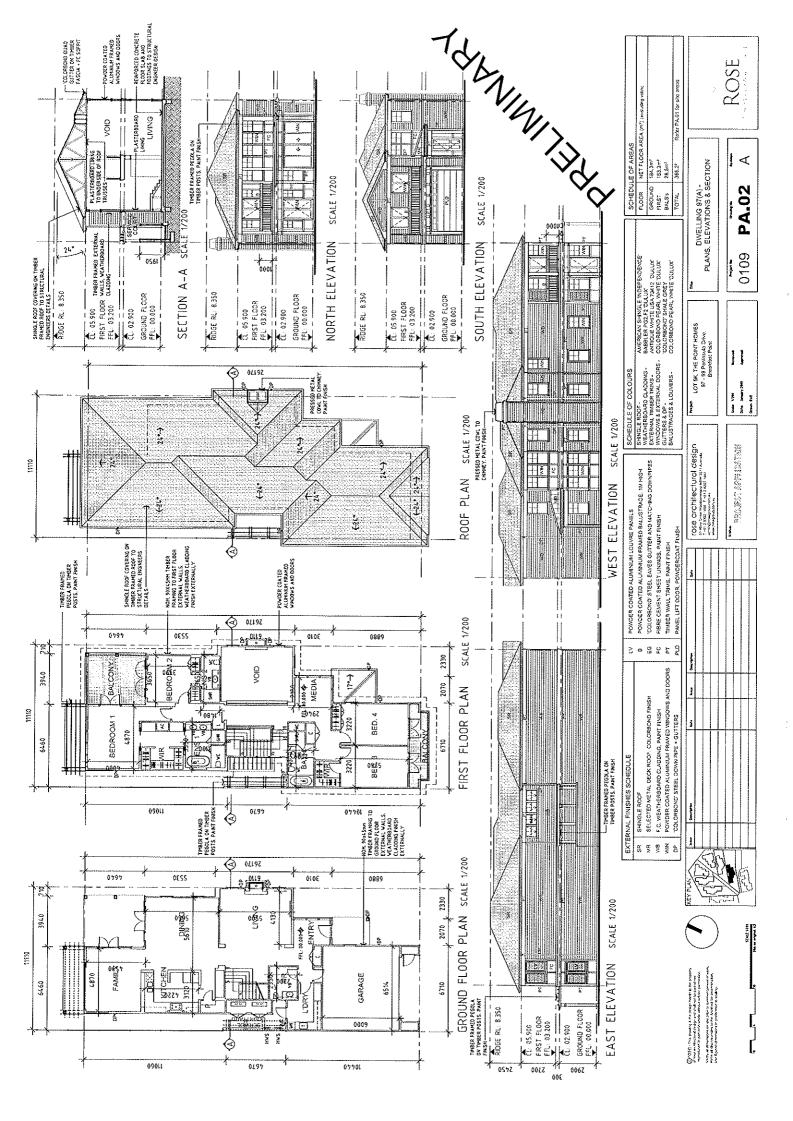
FSR Calculations

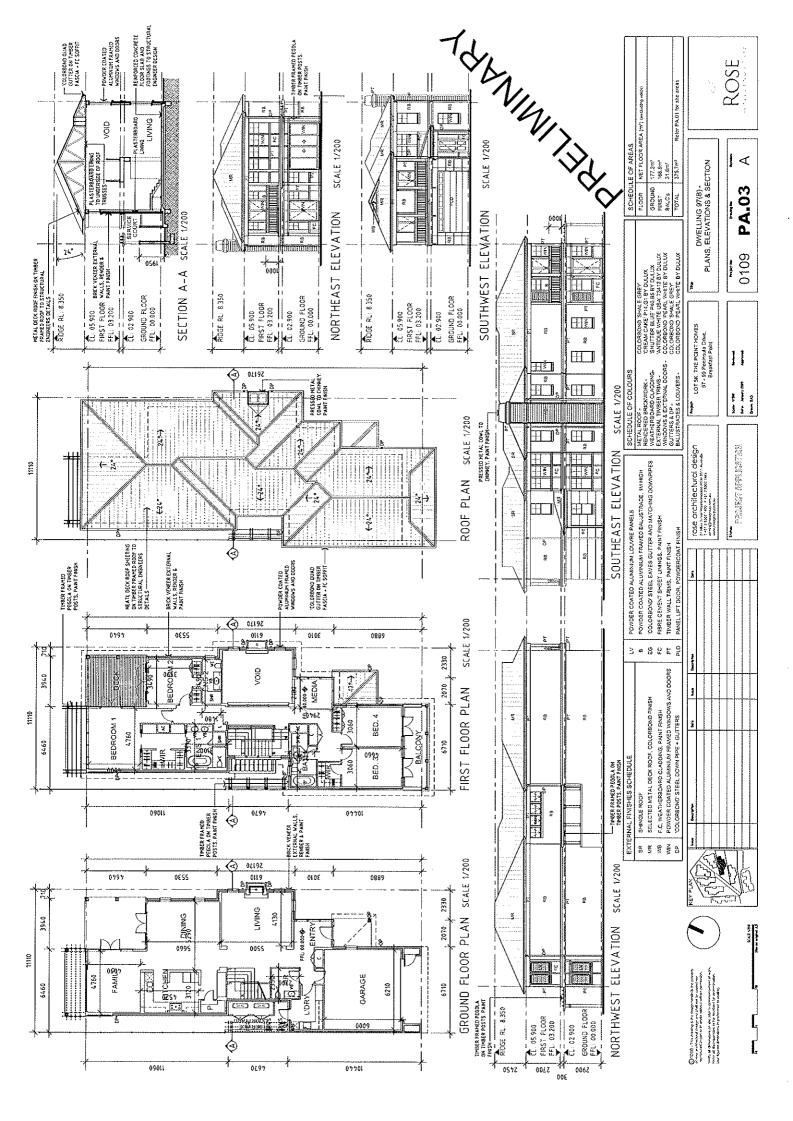
Revision A Information Issue - 17-02-09

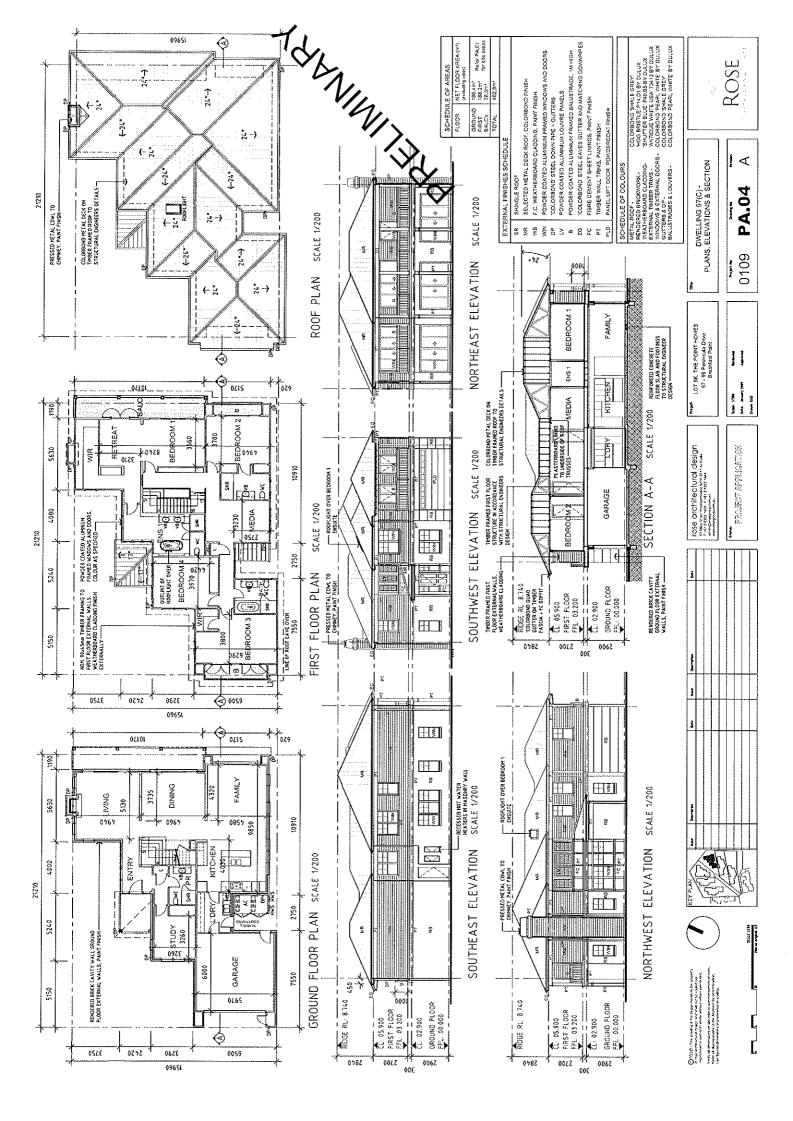
Dwelling No.	Site Area (m²)	Ground Floor		Total Gross Foor	FSR	
		Gross Area (m²)*	Area (m²)*	Area		
97(A)	596.2	184.3	153.3	337.6	0.52	
97(B)	433.3	177.2	166.9	344.1	0.71	
97(C)	539.7	186.4	188.2	374.6	0.66	
99(A)	555.6	177.2	152.9	330.1	0.56	
99(B)	490.6	177.2	166.9	344.1	0.63	
99(C)	753	191.5	194.9	386.4	0.48	

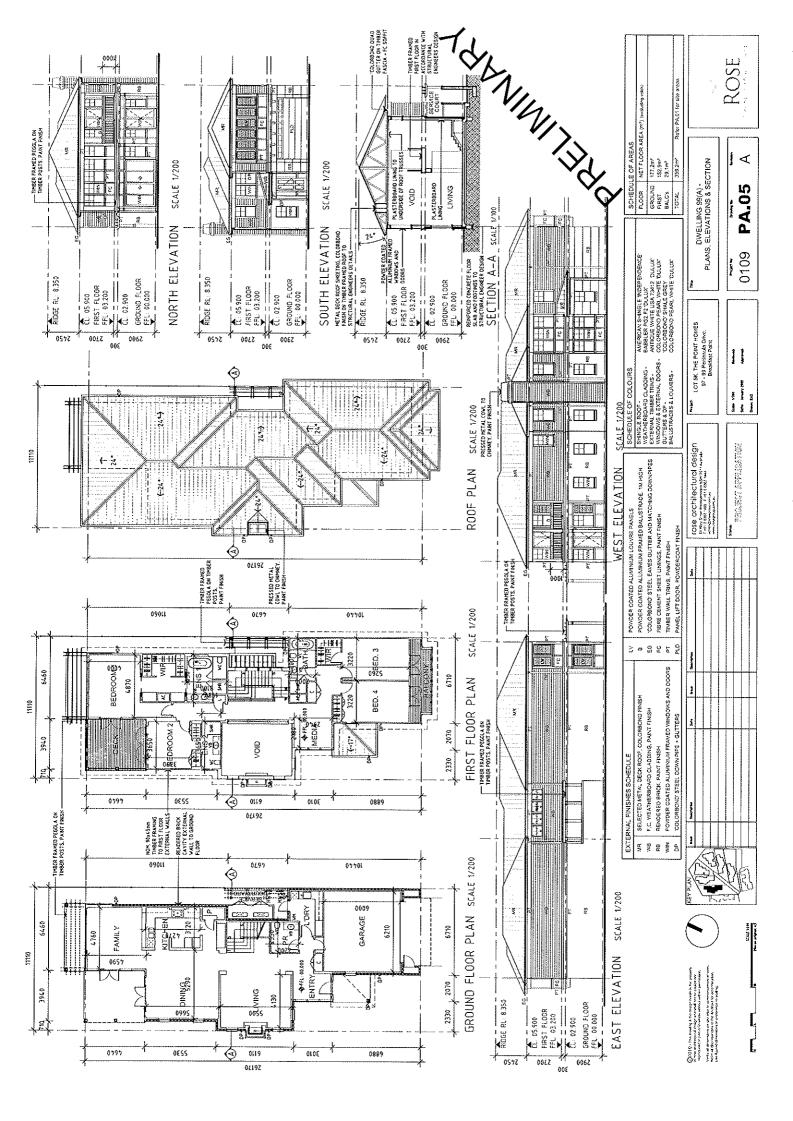
NOTES:

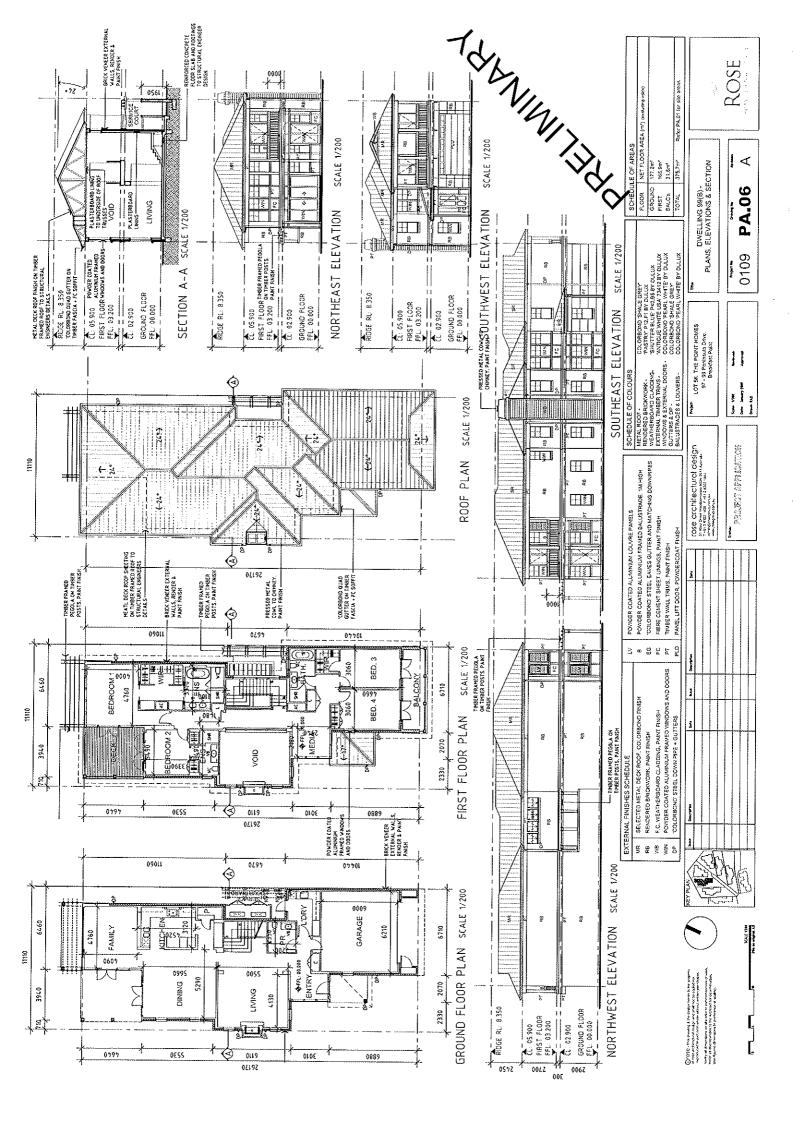
- 1. * DENOTES EXCLUSION OF BALCONIES, TERRACES, STAIR VOIDS, PLANT ROOMS AND GARAGES
- 2. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE FSR RATIO 0.7:1, TAKEN FROM BREAKFAST POINT CONCEPT PLAN CLAUSE 4.3 AND CONCORD LEP 91

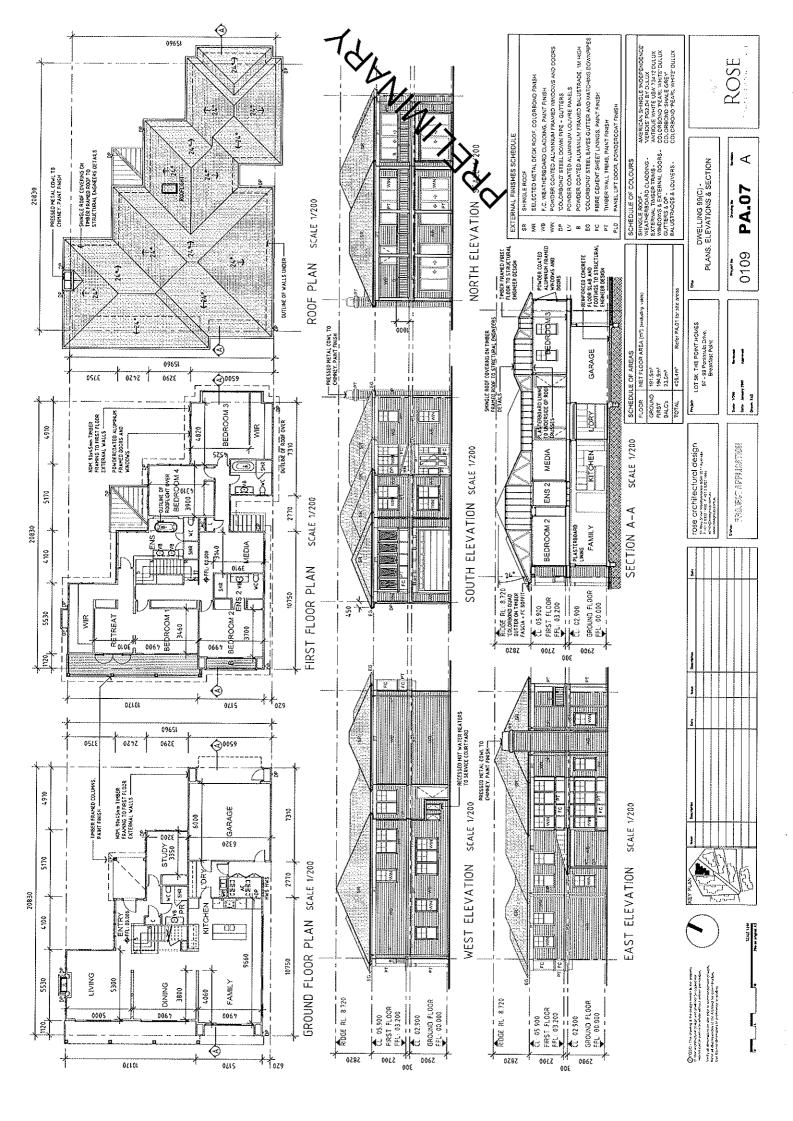












ANNEXURE G

BREAKFAST POINT HERITAGE INTERPRETATION STRATEGY

May 2009

GILES TRIBE ARCHITECTS

ARCHITECTS & URBAN PLANNERS

BREAKFAST POINT HERITAGE INTERPRETATION STRATEGY

Canada Bay LEP 2008 and Breakfast Concept Plan 2005 listed the following as heritage items;

- 1. Former AGL Office No. 1
- 2. Former AGL Fence to Tennyson Road, Entrance Gates & Gatehouse
- 3. Former AGL Meter Readers' Office
- 4. Former AGL Blacksmiths' Workshop
- 5. Former AGL Powerhouse

However, Breakfast Point Masterplan 2002 & Breakfast Concept Plan 2005 listed the following (not a heritage item) to be considered for adaptive reuse;

6. Filters Machinist, Carpenters Workshop (Plumbers Workshop)

HISTORY OF THE SITE

Mortlake gasworks was planned by the Australian Gaslight Company (AGL) in 1883 and was the largest gas manufacturing plant in the southern hemisphere. From 1886 to 1971 the plant produced coal gas released by heating coal in retorts sealed off from the air. The buildings and structures on site underwent constant change in response to technological change and the need to increase production.

By the 1980s when the reforming of natural gas to town gas ceased at Mortlake, only 2 retort houses remained and ancillary buildings such as the Blacksmith's shop, the Power Station, the Workshop Building, Kendall Bay Wharf and the Stone Retaining Wall which separates the upper site from the lower.

INTERPRETATION STRATEGY

The proposed interpretation strategy in the absence of the Powerhouse includes; (Refer to Breakfast Point Heritage Map)

- 1. The retention and adaptive reuse of heritage buildings or structures (No. 1 4 + 6), which are culturally significant, structurally sound, and financially feasible.
- 2. The erection of plaque adjacent to each heritage building or structure (No. 1 5 + 6) within the street verge, with brief information of the history and role of the building in the gasworks operation
- 3. An archival recording of the Powerhouse building comprising measured drawings & photographic survey of the building & remnants of industrial equipment was conducted in 2008. A reinforced concrete roof truss is proposed to be preserved and displayed along the foreshore walk with a plaque describing its history, construction technology and role [No.7].
- 4. An industrial archaeologist to be appointed to assess significant artefacts and determine their technological significance and role in the gas production process.
- 5. Display of significant industrial artefacts along the foreshore walk with relevant information board, to be integrated into the landscape design (No. 8).
- 6. The Kendall Bay Wharf plaques are currently placed where the original wharf used to be located (No. 9).



Breakfast Point Heritage Map.

1. Retention of External Wall

This brick boundary wall with engaged piers and spandrels was constructed by JJ Hughes in 1927. It is approximately 3.5 meters high and built in well fired pressed bricks with light coloured mortar, in a series of standard panels which step down to the Parramatta River.



Brick fence to Tennyson Road

2. Adaptive Reuse of the Gate House & Retention of Entrance Gates

History

The Gate House sits on the main entry to the Mortlake Gasworks, built in the late 1920s or early 1930's. A gable roofed rectangular brick building of about 12m x 5 m, with semi circular projection to the western end as approached from the main entry. The Gate Keeper's room is in the projection at the eastern end, elevated some 400mm higher than rest of internal floor level, with extremely good visibility.



Gate House



Entrance Gates

3. Adaptive Reuse of Main Office (Office No. 1)

History

This office was erected to replace the original 1885 office. Commissioned to HT Seymour in 1914, it was completed and taken over in 1915. It is 5 bays long and symmetrical about the central gable. A western extension to this building, creating the present form dates from 1924.



Office No. 1

4. Adaptive Reuse of the Meter Reader's Office

<u>History</u>

The single storey brick and slate building was constructed in 1924. It has pilasters and large overhanging eaves, which are supported by wooden brackets. Formerly contained three sections separated by roofed walk through bays to hold the time keeping appointments.



Meter Readers Office

5. The Adaptive Reuse of the Plumbers Workshop

History

The two storey Plumbers Shop and store was erected by HT Seymour in 1915, initially attached to the low building, which was divided into fitters, machinists and carpenters workshops. It was positioned against the main road leading from the upper part of the site to the lower. Furnished with a range of machine tools, the workshops were self-contained and self-supporting. In 1955, the workshops operated for repairs and maintenance, and together with other shops on site accommodated 750 tradesmen and their assistants. Towards the end of its operation, the top level was converted from store into offices, and the southern part used as a training centre.



Plumbers Workshop

The building is currently proposed to be adaptively re-used for residential purposes.

6. The Adaptive Reuse of the Blacksmiths' Shop

<u>History</u>

The Blacksmiths shop was erected as general workshop in late 1891. Here lathes, planing, drilling and other machine operations were used to finish rough castings supplied by local foundries. It underwent renovation in 1922, upgraded during post World War II, and most recently refurbished as part of the post coal carbonisation-beautification scheme over the whole site. The Blacksmiths Workshop is to be adaptively re-used for commercial purposes.



The Blacksmiths Shop

7. The Powerhouse

History

The 1911 – 1918 major expansion of the Mortlake's plant incorporated the very modern continuous vertical retorts served by the Telfer system powered by electricity. The Powerhouse was constructed to provide reliable power to be used throughout the mechanisation processes, instead of over stretched Government power supply. The Powerhouse was designed and constructed by the engineering firm of Stone and Siddeley using reinforced concrete technology. Steel work and retorts were supplied by West Gas Improvement Company and the Telfer system by Adolf Bleichert and Company.

From the 1950s onwards AGL relied on the domestic electricity grid and the Powerhouse became more of a switching station rather than a generating station. By 1968 the Powerhouse ceased to operate, and was later used as a pattern store. The eastern section of the building was removed late 1970s – early 1980s.



The Powerhouse



Reinforced concrete roof truss inside the Power House

A section of the reinforced concrete truss to be preserved and displayed along the foreshore walk with a plaque describing its history, technological advancement and role of the Powerhouse.



Proposed location of concrete truss, to be integrated into the landscape. Refer to the Heritage Map on page 2.

8. Industrial Artefacts

Various manufacturing equipment and tools have been left inside the Powerhouse. It is proposed that selected artefacts be placed along the foreshore walk (enclosed when necessary with a fence as per Breakfast Point standard) and integrated into the landscape.















Some of the industrial artefacts left on site which may be integrated into the landscape along the foreshore walk.

9. Kendall Bay Coal Wharf Information Boards





Plaques on the boardwalk close to the location of the Kendall Bay Coal Wharf.

ANNEXURE H

<u>REVENUE</u>	Point Houses La	mo value Ca	nculatio		Maria da	100000	
NEVENUE							
Sales 6 Houses /dwelling	\$	4,200,000	\$	25,200,000			
Gross Revenue		, -	\$	25,200,000		200,000	
C-Was Cook							
Selling Costs Marketing Costs %GB							
Marketing Costs %GR Agents Fees %GR		1.25%	-	315,000			
Sales Legal Fees /dwelling	ė	2.50%		630,000			
Misc	\$ \$	3,500 1,000	\$ \$	21,000 6,000			
Total	*	1,000	\$	972,000	\$ 0	927,000	
GST			\$	2,160,000		160,000	
NET REVENUE							\$ 22,113,
DEVELOPMENT COSTS							
Construction							
Construction per dwelling	\$	1,650,000	\$	9,900,000			
ong Service Levy		0.35%	\$	34,650			
Post Construction Design Fees			\$	200,000			
Demolition of Powerhouse			\$	500,000			
Remove Existing Substructure			\$	180,000			
Site Remediation			\$	1,850,000			
Landscaping Retain Heritage Items			\$	180,000			
retain rientage iteins			\$	200,000	\$ 13,0	144,650	
Professional Fees							
Architects Fees			\$	300,000			
Architects Fees Construction			\$	47,000			
nterior Design Project Management			\$	63,800			
ngineer			\$ \$	98,990			
andscape Architect			\$ \$	65,000 30,000			
Quantity Surveyor			\$	54,790			
urvey			\$	11,000			
Construct Legals			\$	18,000			
Geotech			\$	5,000			
PCA			\$	8,100			
raffic and Access Consult			\$	3,500			
ite Auditor & Cont Consultants			\$	127,000			
feritage Architect			\$	18,000	\$ 8	50,180	
uthorities							
ept of Planning Fees			\$	30,000			
94 Contributions			\$	24,000			
and Tax & Others			\$ \$	50,000			
PI Fees inen Fees				2,000			
ווכוו ושמז			\$	1,000	\$ 10	07,000	
OTAL DELIVERY COSTS		***************************************			\$ 14,00	01,830	
nance							
iterest on costs 8.9%	18 months model	!	\$	1,535,000	\$ 1,53	35,000	
and Cost		:	\$	2,186,170	\$ 2,18	36,170	
um under VPA (CCBC offer)		:	\$	3,500,000	\$ 3,50	00,000	
OTAL DEVELOPMENT COSTS						\$	21,223,0
ROFIT (Net Revenue - Total Deve	opment Costs)					\$	890,0
erformance Measures		*******					

ANNEXURE I

ROFIT (Net Revenue - Total Develo	pmen	t Costs)					\$	3,190,000
OTAL DEVELOPMENT COSTS							\$	18,923,000
um under VPA (BPPL offer)			\$	1,200,000	\$	1,200;000		
and Cost			\$	2,186,170	\$	2,186,170		
inance nterest on costs 8.9%	18 n	nonths moc	\$	1,535,000	\$	1,535,000		
OTAL DELIVERY COSTS					\$	14,001,830		
OTAL DELIVERY COSTS				/~ ~ ~				
inen Fees			\$	1,000	\$	107,000		
PI Fees			\$	2,000				
and Tax & Others			\$ \$	50,000 50,000				
ept of Planning Fees 94 Contributions			\$ \$	30,000 24,000				
uthorities Pept of Planning Fees			ċ	20.000				
Heritage Architect			\$	18,000	\$	850,180		
iite Auditor & Cont Consultants			\$	127,000				
raffic and Access Consult			\$	8,100 3,500				
PCA			\$ \$	5,000				
Construct Legals Seotech			\$	18,000				
Survey			\$	11,000				
Quantity Surveyor			\$	54,790				
andscape Architect			\$	30,000				
ngineer			\$	65,000				
Project Management			\$	98,990				
nterior Design			\$ \$	47,000 63,800				
Architects Fees Construction			\$ \$	300,000 47,000				
Professional Fees Architects Fees			ć	200.000				
			~	200,000	*	13,044,030		
Retain Heritage Items			\$ \$	200,000	\$	13,044,650		
Landscaping			\$ \$	1,850,000 180,000				
Remove Existing Substructure Site Remediation			\$	180,000				
Demolition of Powerhouse			\$	500,000				
Post Construction Design Fees			\$	200,000				
Long Service Levy	•	0.35%		34,650				
Construction Construction per dwelling	\$	1,650,000	\$	9,900,000				
Construction								
DEVELOPMENT COSTS								22,113,0
NET REVENUE			\$	2,160,000	\$	2,160,000	\$	33 443 0
<u>Total</u> GST			\$	972,000		927,000	•	
Misc	\$	1,000		6,000				
Sales Legal Fees /dwelling	\$	3,500	\$	21,000				
Agents Fees %GR		2.50%		630,000				
Marketing Costs %GR		1.25%	6 \$	315,000				
Selling Costs							-	
Gross Revenue	~	4,200,000	\$ \$	25,200,000 25,200,000		25,200,000	}	
Sales 6 Houses /dwelling	\$	4,200,000	\$	25, 200, 000				
REVENUE								